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Determination Report

OJSC AZOT DETERMINATION OF THE JI TRACK-2 PROJECT: "REDUCTION OF N2O EMISSIONS FROM NITRIC ACID PRODUCTION AT OJSC "AZOT", CHERKASY, UKRAINE"

REPORT NO. 1444147

January 19th 2011

TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH Carbon Management Service Westendstr. 199 - 80686 Munich – GERMANY



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Subject: Determination of a JI Track-2 project						
Accredited TÜV SÜD Unit: TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH Certification Body "climate and energy" Westendstr. 199 80686 Munich Germany	TÜV SÜD Contract Partner: TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH Carbon Management Service Westendstr. 199 80686 Munich Germany					
Project Participant(s): OJSC "AZOT" 72 Pervomayskaya str. 18014 Cherkassy Ukraine DONG Naturgas AS 6 Agern Allé 24-26 2970 Hørsholm Denmark	Project Site(s): OJSC "AZOT" 72 Pervomayskaya str. 18014 Cherkassy Ukraine					
Project Title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine						
Applied Methodology / Version: AM0034 / ve	rsion 3.4 Scope(s): 5 TA(s): 5.1, 5.2					
First PDD Version:Date of issuance:25-05-2009Version No.:01First publishing05-02-2010	Final PDD version:Date of issuance:06-09-2010Version No.:04					
Estimated Annual Emission Reduction (2010-2012)	: 580,250 tCO2e					
Assessment Team Leader: Nikolaus Kröger	Further Assessment Team Members: Olena Maslova, Andrey Atyakshev					
Summary of the Determination Opinion: Image: Summary of the Determination Opinion: Image: Summary of the project design documentation and the subsequent follow-up interviews have provided TÜV SÜD with sufficient evidence to determine the fulfilment of all stated criteria. In our opinion, the project meets all relevant UNFCCC requirements for the JI. Hence, TÜV SÜD will recommend the project for registration under JI Track-2 in case letter of approval at least from the host Party involved will be available. Image: Determine the project design documentation and the subsequent follow-up interviews have no provided TÜV SÜD with sufficient evidence to determine the fulfilment of all stated criteria. Hence TÜV SÜD will not recommend the project for registration and will inform the project participants and the JI Supervisory committee on this decision.						

Determination of the JI Track-2 project: "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine" Page 3 of 19



Abbreviations

AIE	Accredited Independent Entity
АМ	Approved Methodology
AOR	Ammonia Oxidation Reactor
Azot	OJSC "Azot"
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CJSC	Closed Joint Stock Company
CR	Clarification Request
DFP	Designated Focal Point
DVM	Determination and Verification Manual, version 01
EF	Emission Factor
EIA / EA	Environmental Impact Assessment / Environmental Assessment
ER	Emission Reduction
ERUs	Emission Reduction Unit(s)
FAR	Forward Action Request
GHG	Greenhouse gas(s)
GWP	Global Warming Potential
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IRL	Information Reference List
JI	Joint Implementation
JISC	Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee
KP	Kyoto Protocol
LoA	Letter of Approval
LoE	Letter of Endorsement
MP	Monitoring Plan
NDIR	Non-Dispersive Infrared Spectroscopy
NGO	Non Governmental Organisation
OJSC	Open Joint Stock Company
PCS	Process Control System
PDD	Project Design Document
PP	Project Participant
TÜV SÜD	TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change



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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Objective

The determination objective is an independent assessment by a Third Party (Accredited Independent Entity, AIE) of a proposed project activity against all defined criteria set for the registration under the Joint Implementation scheme (JI). Determination is part of the JI project cycle and will finally result in a conclusion by the executing AIE whether a project activity is valid and should be submitted for registration to the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee by UNFCCC. The ultimate decision on the registration of a proposed project activity rests on the JISC decision and the Parties involved.

The project activity discussed by this determination report has been submitted under the project title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine

1.2 Scope

The scope of any assessment is defined by the underlying legislation, regulation and guidance given by relevant entities or authorities. In the case of JI project activities the scope is set by:

- The Kyoto Protocol, in particular § 6
- Decision 2/CMP1 and Decision 3/CMP.1 (Marrakech Accords)
- Further COP/MOP decisions with reference to the JI (e.g. decisions 9/CMP.1)
- Decisions by the JI-SC published under <u>http://ji.unfccc.int</u>
- Specific guidance by the JI-SC published under <u>http://ji.unfccc.int</u>
- Guidelines for Completing the Project Design Document (JI-PDD)
- The applied approved CDM methodology(s)
- > The technical environment of the project (technical scope)
- Internal and national standards on monitoring and QA/QC
- > Technical guideline and information on best practice

The Determination is not meant to provide any consultancy towards the client. However, stated requests for clarifications and/or corrective actions may provide input for improvement of the project design.

Once TÜV SÜD receives an initial PDD version, it is made publicly available in the internet on TÜV SÜD's webpage as well as on the UNFCCC JI webpage. In case of any request a PDD might be revised and the final PDD will form the basis for the final evaluation as presented in this report. Information on the initial and on the final PDD version is presented on page 1.

The only purpose of a Determination is its use during the registration process as part of the JI project cycle. Hence, TÜV SÜD cannot be held liable by any party for decisions made or not made based on the Determination opinion, which will go beyond that purpose.



2 METHODOLOGY

The project assessment applies standard auditing techniques to assess the correctness of the information provided by the PPs. The assessment is based on the DVM. The work starts with appointment of team covering the technical scope(s), sectoral scope(s) and relevant host country experience for evaluating the JI project activity. Once the project is made public available, members of the team carry out the desk review, follow-up actions, resolution of issues identified and finally preparation of the determination report. The prepared determination report and other supporting documents then undergo an internal quality control by the CB "climate and energy" before submission to the DFPs of the Parties involved.

In order to ensure transparency, assumptions are clear and explicitly stated; the background material is clearly referenced. TÜV SÜD developed methodology-specific checklists and protocol customised for the project. The protocol shows, in a transparent manner, criteria (requirements), the discussion of each criterion by the assessment team and the results from validating the identified criteria. The determination protocol serves the following purposes:

It organises, details and clarifies the requirements the particular JI Track-2 project is expected to meet; it ensures a transparent determination process where the determiner will document how a particular requirement has been validated and the result of the determination and any adjustment made to the project design.

Determination Protocol Table 1: Conformity of Project activity and PDD						
Checklist Topic / Question	Reference	Comments	Published PDD	Final PDD		
The checklist is organised in sections following the arrangement of the applied PDD version. Each section is then further sub- divided. The lowest level constitutes a checklist question / criterion.	Gives reference to documents where the answer to the checklist question or item is found in case the comment refers to documents other than the PDD.	The section is used to elaborate and discuss the checklist question and/or the conformance to the question. It is further used to explain the conclusions reached. In some cases sub- checklist are applied indicating yes/no decisions on the compliance with the stated criterion. Any Request has to be substantiated within this column.	Conclusions are presented based on the assessment of the first PDD version. This is either acceptable based on evidence provided (☑), or a Corrective Action Request (CAR) due to non-compliance with the checklist question (see below). Clarification Request (CR) is used when the determination team has identified a need for further clarification. Forward action request to highlight issues related to project implementation that require review during the first verification.	Conclusions are presented in the same manner based on the assessment of the final PDD version and further documents including assumptions presented in the documentation.		

The determination protocol consists of three tables. The different columns in these tables are described in the figure below. The completed determination protocol is enclosed in Annex 1 to this report.



Determination Protocol Table 2: Resolution of Corrective Action and Clarification Requests						
Clarifications and corrective action requests	Ref. to table 1	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion			
If the conclusions from table 1 are either a Corrective Action, a Clarification or a Forward action Request*, these should be listed in this section. * In the latest revision of this Report Table 4	Reference to the checklist question number in Table 1 where the issue is explained.	The responses given by the client or other project participants during the communications with the determination team should be summarised in this section.	This section should summarise the discussion on and revision to project documentation together with the determination team's responses and final conclusions. The conclusions should be reflected in Table 1, under "Final PDD".			
serves for summurising of Forward Action Requests that require review during the first verification.						

In case of a denial of the project activity more detailed information on this decision will be presented in table 3.

Determination Protocol Table 3: Unresolved Corrective Action and Clarification Requests				
Clarifications and corrective action requests	ld. of CAR/CR 1	Explanation of the Conclusion for Denial		
If the final conclusions from table 2 results in a denial the referenced request should be listed in this section.	Identifier of the Request.	This section should present a detail explanation, why the project is finally considered not to be in compliance with a criterion with a clear reference to the requirement which is not complied with.		

2.1 Appointment of the Assessment Team

According to the technical scopes and experiences in the sectoral or national business environment TÜV SÜD has composed a project team in accordance with the appointment rules of the TÜV SÜD certification body "climate and energy". The composition of an assessment team has to be approved by the Certification Body (CB) ensuring that the required skills are covered by the team. The CB TÜV SÜD operates four qualification levels for team members that are assigned by formal appointment rules:

- Assessment Team Leader (ATL)
- Screenhouse Gas Auditor (GHG-A): determiner/ verifier
- Greenhouse Gas Auditor Trainee (T)
- > Experts (E)

It is required that the sectoral scope and technical area linked to the methodology as well as host country expertise are covered by the assessment team.



The Determination team was consisting of the following experts (the responsible Assessment Team Leader in written in bold letters):

Name	Qualification	Coverage of technical scope	Coverage of techni- cal area	Host country experience
Nikolaus Kröger	ATL	V	V	
Olena Maslova	A	V	V	\mathbf{N}
Andrey Atyakshev				\checkmark

Nikolaus Kröger is environmental engineer and expert for emissions monitoring and quality assurance at the department "TÜV SÜD Carbon Management Service". He is located in the TÜV SÜD Hamburg office and is also engaged as personally accredited verifier in the EU-ETS serving the Northern German market. Being ghg auditor and assessment team leader for CDM and JI projects he has already been involved in several CDM/JI activities with a special focus on industrial non-CO₂ projects. Constitutive on 13 years experience at the department "Environmental Service" he verified many metallurgical plants, refineries, chemical plants, waste treatment and power plants and process engineering in many types of facilities. One of his former focal points had been implementation and calibration of complex automatic Environment-Data-Systems. Reflecting on earlier projects he is familiar with political, economical and technical random conditions in host country.

Olena Maslova is an auditor in the "Carbon Management Service" department of TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH in Munich, Germany. She is chemical engineer and host country expert for projects in Ukraine and Commonwealth of Independent States. Olena Maslova specializes in the assessment of JI projects in the sector of chemical industries and waste handling and disposal. In this project she functioned as project manager and lead auditor.

Andrey Atyakshev is mechanical engineer in the field of metal forming and expert for metallurgical works and engineering plants, mechanical and chemical testing for metal production. He is located in TÜV SÜD Ukraine, Kiev office and responsible for the Industry Service as well as Carbon Managment Service of TÜV SÜD in Ukraine. Being Industrial inspector, he has been involved in many third party industrial inspections and acceptance of products. Also he is appointed ISO 9001 Lead auditor. Being GHG determiner/verifier for CDM and JI projects, he has already been involved in several of CDM and JI activities with a special focus on industrial projects^{*}.

2.2 Review of Documents

A first version of the PDD was submitted to the AIE in January 2010. The first PDD version submitted by the PP and additional background documents related to the project design and baseline were reviewed to verify the correctness, credibility and interpretation of the presented information, furthermore a cross-check between information provided and information from other sources have been done as initial step of the determination process. A complete list of all documents and proofs reviewed is attached as Annex 2 to this report.

2.3 Follow-up Interviews

In the period of February 25-26, 2010 TÜV SÜD performed interviews and physical site inspection with project stakeholders to confirm relevant information and to resolve issues identified in the first document review. The table below provides a list of all persons interviewed in this context.

^{*} Under the old standard appointed as validator / determiner for CDM- and JI- projects; currently not re-appointed.



Name	Organisation				
Mr Vitaliy Sklyarov	AZOT, Technical Director				
Mr Igor Chaban	AZOT, Chief of Technical Department				
Mr Petr Kuksin	AZOT, Project Manager				
Mr Nikolay Antonevich	AZOT, Deputy Technical Director on Technical Development				
Mr. Alexander Yarmolenko	AZOT, Project Manager				
Mr Yuriy Simonov	AZOT, Chief M-5 of Technical Department				
Mr Ruslan Balanyak	AZOT, Principal Engineer				
Mr Genadiy Rubkin	AZOT, Design Manager of Automatic Control System of Process				
Ms Raisa Konyushaya	AZOT, Engineer of Environmental Protection				
Ms Marina Melnichenko	AZOT, Engineer				
Dr Volodymyr K. Ivashchenko	MGM, Senior Technical Expert				
Mr Vladyslav Zhezherin	MGM, Director MGM Eastern Europe				
Mr Ruslan Kudenko	Engineering Systems, Technical Director				
Mr Alexander Bush	Engineering Systems, Project Manager				
Mr Petro Vasylyev	Siemens Ukraine, Head of Group Sensors and Communication				

2.4 Further cross-check

During the determination process, the team makes reference to the available information related to similar projects or technologies as the proposed JI Track-2 project activity. The documentation has also been reviewed against the approved methodology(s) applied with several adjustments to confirm the appropriateness of formulae and correctness of calculations.

2.5 Resolution of Clarification and Corrective Action Requests

The objective of this phase of the determination is to resolve the requests for corrective actions and clarifications and any other outstanding issues which needed to be clarified for TÜV SÜD's conclusion on the project design. The CARs and CRs raised by TÜV SÜD were resolved during communication between the client and TÜV SÜD. To guarantee the transparency of the determination process, the concerns raised and responses that have been given are documented in more detail in the determination protocol in Annex 1.

2.6 Internal Quality Control

As final step of a determination the final documentation including the determination report and the protocol have to undergo an internal quality control by the Certification Body "climate and energy", i.e. each report has to be finally approved either by the head of the Certification Body or the deputy. In case one of these two persons is part of the assessment team approval can only be given by the other one.

It rests on the decision of TÜV SÜD's Certification Body whether a project will be submitted for requesting registration by the JISC or not.



3 SUMMARY

The assessment work and the main results are described below in accordance with the DVM reporting requirements. The reference documents indicated in this section and Annex 1 are stated in Annex 2.

3.1 Approval

The dedicated project participants are OJSC "Azot", Cherkassy from Ukraine and DONG Naturgas AS, Hørsholm from Denmark. The Host Party Ukraine and Investor Party Denmark meet the requirements to participate in the JI.

The Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine has issued a LoE (IRL 8) in August 21, 2006 indicating that the Ministry supports further development of this particular project. TÜV SÜD has received this letter from the project participant directly and considers the provided letter as authentic.

However since July 30, 2007 the Ukrainian DFP is National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine coordinated by the Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine.

The PPs received the LoAs from the Host and Investor parties on the basis of the TÜV SÜD's determination opinion in accordance with the Host and Investor parties' procedures for approving of JI projects.

The LoA from Ukraine (Host) does authorize OJSC "Azot" as a project participant; the LoA from Denmark (Investor) does authorize DONG Naturgas AS as a project participant.

Both LoAs have been issued by the respective Party's DFP, National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine and Danish Energy Agency, respectively.

3.2 Participation

The dedicated project participants are OJSC "Azot", Cherkassy from Ukraine and DONG Naturgas AS, Hørsholm from Denmark. The participation of all project proponents as well as their roles in this JI project is confirmed with the Emission reduction units purchase agreement between OJSC "Azot" and DONG Naturgas AS (IRL 81).

3.3 Project design document

The PDD is compliant with relevant form and guidance as provided by the UNFCCC JISC.

TÜV SÜD concludes that the guidelines for the completion of the PDD in their most recent version have been followed. Relevant information has been provided by the participants in the applying PDD sections. Completeness was assessed through the checklist included to Annex 1 of this report.

3.4 **Project description**

The following description of the project as per PDD could be verified during the on-site mission:

Project is going to be implemented at the existing facilities of Azot located in Cherkassy town, Ukraine. The plant has an operation history since 1965. The project activity aims at GHG emissions reduction of nitrous oxide, N_2O , which is an unwanted by-product by the industrial production of nitric acid and at the same time is a green house gas with GWP of 310.

In particular, the installation of the secondary N_2O abatement catalyst system directly in the ammonia oxidation reactor (AOR) underneath the ammonia oxidation catalyst (Pt-Rh catalyst gauze) is envisaged. The employed secondary catalyst type O3-88 produced by BASF SE has a warranted abatement efficiency of 75%.

In order to implement the project, Azot will be equipped with a state of the art AMS according to DIN EN 14181 for continuous monitoring of the project key parameters.



The information presented in the PDD on the technical design is consistent with the actual planning and implementation of the project activity as confirmed by:

- Review of data and information (see Annex 2) using sectoral knowledge and expertise of the assessment team, cross check the same with other sources available in the respective technical literature, official publications, etc.
- The on-site visit has been performed and relevant stakeholders and personnel with knowledge of the project were interviewed, in case of doubt further cross checks through additional interviews have been done.
- Finally information related to similar technologies or projects as the JI project activity have been used if available to confirm the accuracy and completeness of the project description.

In light of the above, TÜV SÜD confirms that the project description as included to the PDD is sufficiently accurate and complete in order to comply with the requirements of the JI Track-2.

3.5 Baseline and monitoring methodology

3.5.1 Applicability of the selected methodology

It should be highlighted here that the JI specific approach - application of selected elements of approved CDM methodology AM0034 v.03.4 - was applied to this project activity. Compliance with each applicability condition as listed in the chosen baseline and monitoring methodology AM0034, version 3.4 has been demonstrated.

The assessment was carried out for each applicability criteria and included among others the compliance check of the local project setting with the applicability conditions in regard to baseline setting and eligible project measures. This assessment also included the review of secondary sources which sustain that applicability conditions are complied with.

The methodology specific protocol included to the Annex 1 documents the assessment process, including the steps taken. The outcome on the compliance check as well as the relevant evidences is explicitly presented in Annex 1 and Annex 2.

TÜV SÜD confirms that the chosen baseline and monitoring methodology is applicable to the project activity.

Emission sources which are not addressed by the applied methodology and which are expected to contribute more than 1% of the overall expected average annual emissions reduction have not been identified.

3.5.2 **Project boundary**

The project boundary was assessed in the context of physical site inspection, interviews and based on the secondary evidence received on the design of the project.

Conforming to AM0034, Azot plant industrial process covered by the project activity is nitric acid production serving by the existing AORs. The project boundary comprises the complete production process from the inlet to the AORs to the stack, including all compressors and SCR DeNOx unit and covers the shop M-5 of non-concentrated nitric acid production divided on 2 divisions No. 1 and 2 with 10 production lines. There is one common stack for production lines No. 1-3 of the division No. 1, the second and the third one for lines No. 1-4 and No. 5-7, respectively, of division No. 2.

Description of emission sources including justification of gases included/excluded in/from the project boundaries is provided in appropriate manner, and can be considered as complete and correct.

The most relevant documentation assessed in order to confirm the project boundary is the following: Elementary diagram of non-concentrated nitric acid production in the shop M-5 (IRL 21).

The same have been validated during the determination process using standard audit techniques. For further details on TÜV SÜD observations on-site refer to the Annexes 1 and 2.

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Hence, TÜV SÜD confirms that the identified boundary and the selected sources and gases as documented in the PDD are justified for the project activity.

3.5.3 Baseline identification

The AM0034 refers to the procedure for identification of the baseline scenario described the latest version of the approved methodology AM0028 "Catalytic N2O destruction in the tail gas of nitric acid plants". This procedure is applied in the PDD and provides for a step-wise approach to identify the baseline scenario.

The list of plausible alternative scenarios to the project activity is complete and no reasonable alternative scenarios have been excluded.

As a result of the baseline identification procedure provided in the final PDD the baseline scenario has been defined as "status quo"- the continuation of the current situation, where there will be no installation of technology for the destruction or abatement of N_2O .

The information presented in the PDD has been determined by a first document review of all the data, further confirmation based on the on-site visit and a final step by cross checking the information with similar relevant projects and/or technologies. The sources referenced in the PDD have been quoted correctly.

Transparent and documented evidences were provided to assessment team within on-site visit. Based on conservative interpretation of collected audit evidences, TÜV SÜD considers that the identified baseline scenario is reasonable.

TÜV SÜD confirms that all relevant JI requirements, including relevant national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances, have been identified correctly taken into account in the definition of the baseline scenario.

A verifiable description of the baseline scenario has been included to the PDD.

In conclusion TÜV SÜD confirms that:

- 1. All the assumptions and data used by the project participants are listed in the PDD, including their references and sources;
- 2. All documentation used is relevant for establishing the baseline scenario and correctly quoted and interpreted in the PDD;
- 3. Assumptions and data used in the identification of the baseline scenario are justified appropriately, supported by evidence and can be deemed reasonable;
- 4. Relevant national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances are considered and listed in the PDD;
- 5. The approved baseline methodology has been correctly applied to identify the most reasonable baseline scenario and the identified baseline scenario reasonably represents what would occur in the absence of the proposed JI project activity.

3.5.4 Algorithm and/or formulae used to determine emission reductions

3.5.4.1 Baseline Emissions

TÜV SÜD has assessed the calculations of project emissions, baseline emissions and leakage and emission reductions estimates. Corresponding calculations were carried out based on calculation spreadsheets as presented via Emissions reductions calculation sheet (final version IRL 80). The parameters and equations presented in the PDD and further documentation have been compared with the information and requirements presented in the methodology and respective tools. The equation comparison has been made explicitly following all the formulae presented in the calculation files.



Essential differences from AM0034 v.03.4 introduced in the project specific methodology were taken into account by the final determination of the provided project documentation, i.e. changed procedure for estimation of the baseline campaign length, monitoring periods etc.

The Azot company operates ten separate production lines, and each of these lines includes AOR, absorption tower, turbine, DeNOx plant and monitoring system. Thus in order to prevent a delay in project implementation and as a result losing the possibility of reducing a considerable amount of GHG emissions, the PPs developed the project specific baseline and monitoring methodology which is based on selected elements of CDM approved methodology AM0034 version 03.4.

In doing so project proponents proposed to start baseline monitoring immediately after the installation of the AMS at each of production lines. Each of the ten production lines has its own operating schedule. Due to this fact the baseline data for the calculation of the baseline emissions and baseline emission factor may be obtained not only from one complete baseline campaign, but also from two consecutive campaigns (so called overlapping of the production campaigns). It will be ensured that the total length of the measurement periods is equivalent to the normal campaign length in any case. If the baseline campaign/period will be longer than normal campaign length, the PDD applies the data treatment approach described in the Annex 12 EB 51 in order to ensure conservativeness.

For avoidance of the possibility to modify the operating conditions of the nitric acid plant in such way that increases N2O generation during the baseline campaign, the normal ranges for operating conditions shall be determined for oxidation temperature and pressure, ammonia gas flow rate and air input flow rates. During the on-site assessments the audit team noticed that there are historical data available for establishing those ranges at the plant.

In order to establish the normal campaign length for each of the 10 production lines the historic amounts of the nitric acid produced by the each line should be used according to the AM0034. However the 3 production lines of division 1 at Azot plant are not equipped with any nitric acid flow meters. Hence a project specific approach was established in order to calculate the historic HNO3 production. In doing so the plant records of ammonia input and the standard ammonia consumption obtained from the design documents for the high-pressure ammonia oxidation reactors are used.

However the PDD does not demonstrate any specific figures as at the time of determination the historical campaigns were still in progress. As soon as the historical campaigns are finished the project proponents will define permitted ranges for all operating parameters (incl. the normal campaign length) using a statistical data analysis as proposed by the AM0034 v.03.4. The defined normal operating conditions will be available at the first periodic verification and have to be verified by the verifying AIE.

The TÜV SÜD assessment team considered the approach proposed by PPs is correct, reasonable and applicable to the specific project case on the basis of the reviewed documentation, further references and the result of the interviews.

The exact value of the baseline Emission Factor for each line $(EF_{BL,i})$ can only be confirmed after the verification of this particular project is conducted.

Detailed information on the verification of the project specific methodology can be found in the Annex 1 to this report.

3.5.5 **Project emissions**

The project emissions were calculated ex-ante in accordance with formulae set defined in the approved CDM methodology AM0034 (version 3.4). For this estimation following conservative assumptions have been made:

- Baseline Emission Factor of 4,23 kg N2O/tHNO3 is applied and calculated (IRL 77) on the basis of AIRTEC's preliminary N₂O concentration measurements and subsequent report summarizing the measurement results (IRL 63) and Azot's records of flow rates and nitric

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acid production data (IRL 78). The applied baseline EF is lower than the conservative IPCC default EF of 4,5 N2O/tHNO3;

- The lower secondary catalyst abatement efficiency of 75% was used for project emissions estimation, even though the secondary catalyst provider identifies the abatement efficiency to be 75- 85%.

All values presented in the PDD are considered reasonable based on the documentation reviewed, further references and the result of the interviews.

The estimated project emissions can be confirmed, as the same have been replicated by the audit team using the information provided. Detailed information on the verification of the parameters used in the equations can be found in the Annex 1.

3.5.6 Leakage

No leakage is expected from the project activity.

3.5.7 Emission Reductions

The calculation of the baseline emissions, project emissions, and the emission reductions, respectively, can be considered as correct. The baseline and project emissions are calculated in the PDD in transparent manner and using conservative assumptions.

Therefore based on the calculations in the project documentation it is expected that the project activity will lead to a reduction of GHG emissions of 1 257 208 tCO₂e in the period from 2010 until 2012.

In order to set a cap on the annual emissions reductions which can be claimed for by the project, the methodology applied requires an indication of a design (or nameplate) production capacity of the nitric acid plant. By nameplate implies the total yearly capacity (considering 365 days of operation per year) as per the documentation of the plan technology provider.

As already mentioned above, Azot operates ten high pressure production lines of UKL-7 type. The plan design documentation issued in year 1969 (IRL 14) demonstrates the annual design capacity of each production line at Cherkassy Azot to be 120 000 tHNO3/a. After 1969 no plant modifications or expansion measures have been undertaken. Therefore the annual cap on the emission reductions was calculated to be 1 200 000 tHNO3/a.

The assessment team reviewed the provided evidence at the on-site visit and found it to be sufficient for demonstration of the plant's design capacity.

3.6 Additionality

Simple cost analysis has been used for demonstrating additionality according to the "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" (Version 05) as it is clearly shown that that there is no economical benefit by the reduction of the nitrous oxide concentration other than the JI revenues. The costs associated with the project activity are summerized in Annex 4 of the final PDD.

The approach used in the PDD has been assessed based on a document review and interviews onsite with plant representatives (for details see Annex 2). All audit evidences have been checked using sectoral knowledge and expertise as well as public available information published in the internet.

Based on this determination steps, the AIE can confirm that the documentation assessed is appropriate for this project.

3.7 Monitoring plan

The assessment team has checked all the parameters presented in the monitoring plan (MP) against the requirements of the methodology applied. The MP presented in the PDD complies with the requirements of the AM0034 v.03.4 which elements have been used for the MP design. The

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main differences to the AM0034 introduced in the project specific methodology were taken into account by the final determination of the provided project documentation. One of the main issues is a project specific approach of measuring and calculation of volume flow rate of the stack gas (VSG_i). Due to specific design of nitric acid production at Azot, where

the first common stack exists for production lines 1-3 of the division No. 1,

the second common stack exists for production lines 1-4 of division No. 2, and

the third common stack exists for lines 5-7 of division No. 2,

the measuring points of tail gas volume flow at the lines were revised. The volume of stack gas of line 1 of division No. 1 is measured directly. The volume of the tail gas produced by line 2 of division No. 1 is calculated as a difference between the total gas flow of line 1 + line 2 and gas flow generated by line 1. The volume of gas produced by line 3 of division No. 1 is calculated as a difference between the total gas flow at the end of the stack (which includes gas from all lines of division No. 1) and the gas flow of previous two lines. The volume of stack gas of lines of division No. 2 will be measured and calculated in a similar way.

The N2O concentration will be measured at each line separately and independent from others.

In order to consider the level of uncertainty (UNC) for each AMS and possible error propagation, the overall UNC will be calculated using the Gauss's law of error propagation. In such way all the relevant uncertainties arising from the individual performance characteristics of the AMSs components will be considered. The resulting UNC will be than used in order to reduce the baseline emission factor.

Furthermore the PDD describes provisions for possible overlapping of the monitoring periods according to Clarification regarding overlapping monitoring periods under the verification procedure under the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee (JISC 13).As required by this JISC clarification, the particular project is composed of clearly identifiable lines and monitoring can be performed independently for each of line. The monitoring plan ensures that monitoring is performed for all production lines and that all requirements of the JI guidelines regarding monitoring are met. This was assessed and confirmed by the audit team during the on-site determination.

As already mentioned above, the preliminary baseline emission factor of 4,23 kg N2O/tHNO3 is applied and calculated (IRL 77) on the basis of AIRTEC's (entity accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025) preliminary N₂O concentration measurements and subsequent report summarizing the measurement results (IRL 63) and Azot's records of flow rates and nitric acid production data (IRL 78). The applied preliminary baseline EF is lower than the conservative IPCC default EF of 4,5 N2O/tHNO3. Due to this fact the provisions of AM0034 for the cases where the composition of the primary catalyst gauzes are changed in the project campaign to the composition not used in the baseline measurements and AMS downtime cannot be applied. Therefore the project proponents were requested to establish the project specific approach for such cases.

The final PDD describes the following project specific provisions:

1. Composition of the ammonia oxidation catalyst

Three possible approaches can be used:

- a) In case the plant will change the composition of primary gauzes ("new gauzes") in line "A" in a project campaign to a one not used in the baseline campaign ("old gauzes"), the project proponents shall set the baseline emission factor to the IPPC default value of 4.5 kgN2O/tHNO3 only if the factual baseline emission factor (with old gauzes) at the respective production line is higher than 4,5 kgN2O/tHNO3.
- b) If for line "A" the factual EFbaseline (with old gauzes) is lower than 4,5 kgN2O/tHNO3, the PP shall assessed if at least other 3 production lines were operating with the respective primary gauzes composition (the same as "new gauzes") during the baseline campaign. The lowest baseline emission factor among them shall be applied to the production line "A".

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- c) If none of the above approaches is possible the baseline campaign for the respective production line with changed catalyst should be repeated to determine a new baseline emission factor with the "new gauzes" composition. That baseline emission factor should then be compared to the emission factor obtained from the baseline campaign with "old gauzes" composition; the lowest of them should be applied as a factual baseline emission factor.
- 2. AMS downtime

In case the AMS is down, the lowest measured value obtained during the baseline campaign will be applied for the downtime period in the baseline, and the highest measured value obtained during the project campaign will be applied for the downtime period in the project campaign.

The quality assurance procedures have been audited by the assessment team through document review and interviews with the relevant personnel; this information together with a physical inspection allows the assessment team to confirm that the proposed MP is feasible within the project design. The major parameters to be monitored have been discussed with the PPs especially regarding the location of the meters, the data management, and in general the quality assurance and quality control procedures to be implemented in the context of the project.

Due to importance of the quality assurance and quality control procedure for the future data quality, the project proponents agreed to implement a so called "JI Manual" which will comprise description of the work scope as well as tasks of responsible personnel, qualification requirements and continuous training for responsible staff, procedures on the data treatment acc. to AM0034 rules and requirements (e.g. downtime of AMS), QAL 3 procedures, JI project related documentation procedures, troubleshooting procedures, etc. (FAR 2 of Annex 1). During the first periodic verification the PPs will provide the JI Manual to a verifying AIE.

All the audit evidences proving the appropriateness of monitoring provisions undertaken by the PPs were provided to the AIE and have been considered as sufficient. For details please refer to Annex 2 of this report.

Hence, it is expected that the PPs will be able to implement the monitoring plan and the emission reductions achieved can be reported ex-post and verified.

3.8 Local stakeholder consultation

In accordance with the order No. 33 of June 25, 2008 "On Approval of JI Project Preparation Requirements" issued by the National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine (IRL 71) Azot has invited the relevant local stakeholders by means of local newspaper (IRL 74) as well as Azot informed the relevant trade union (IRL 76) and Cherkassy branch of Ministry of Environmental Protection that the project implementation will not violate any environmental protection requirements (IRL 45).

Furthermore on March 10, 2010 Azot carried out the labour conference with the employees and informed them about the JI project and its impact on improvement of environmental conditions (IRL 75).

The PPs have received positive comments and decisions from local and state government bodies. The assessment team has review the documentation in order to validate the inclusion of relevant stakeholders and using the local expertise can confirmed that the communication method used to invite the stakeholders can be considered appropriate. The summary of comments presented in the PDD has been cross check with the documentation of the stakeholder consultation and it is found to be complete. Hence, the local stakeholder consultation has been adequately performed according to the Host Country requirements.

3.9 Environmental impacts

The document with EIA was developed by the project proponents since the State Environmental Authority in Cherkassy region have officially informed Azot by the Letter (IRL 45), that an EIA is

Determination of the JI Track-2 project: "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine" Page 17 of 19



required for this particular project. In this connection the PPs elaborated the EIA (IRL 79) in accordance with the State construction norms of Ukraine (IRL 70). As a result the EIA confirmed that the project is not expected to have any significant impact on the environment.

TÜV SÜD assessment team remarks that the project has a strong positive environmental impact, since the primary object of the project is reduction of N2O emissions. So far TÜV SÜD host country expert assessment team members are familiar with local laws and regulations the project complies with environmental legislation in Ukraine.

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4 COMMENTS BY PARTIES, STAKEHOLDERS AND NGOs

TÜV SÜD published the project documents on UNFCCC website by installing a link to TÜV SÜD's own website and invited comments by Parties, stakeholders and non-governmental organisations during a period of 30 days.

The following table presents all key information on this process:

Webpage: http://www.netinform.net/KE/Wegw 1	reiser/Guide2_1.aspx?ID=6890&Ebene1_ID=26&Ebene2_ID=2302&mode=				
Starting date of the global stakel 2010-02-05	Starting date of the global stakeholder consultation process: 2010-02-05				
Comment submitted by:	Issues raised:				
None	-				
Response by TÜV SÜD:					
-					

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5 DETERMINATION OPINION

TÜV SÜD has performed a determination of the following proposed JI project activity:

Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine

Standard auditing techniques have been used for the determination of the project. Methodologyspecific checklists and protocol customised for the project have been prepared to carry out the audit and present the outcome in a transparent and comprehensive manner.

The review of the project design documentation, the subsequent follow-up interviews and the further cross check of references have provided TÜV SÜD with sufficient evidence to determine the fulfilment of stated criteria in the protocol. In our opinion, the project meets all relevant UNFCCC requirements for the JI as well as all the requirements set by host country (Ukraine) for approving projects under JI – Track 2. Hence, TÜV SÜD can recommend the project for registration under JI Track-2 in case letter of approval of at least Host Party is available.

An analysis as provided by the applied CDM methodology demonstrates that the proposed project activity is not a likely baseline scenario. Emission reductions attributable to the project are, hence, additional to any that would occur in the absence of the project activity. Given that the project is implemented as designed, the project is likely to achieve the estimated amount of emission reductions as specified within the final PDD version.

The determination is based on the information made available to us and the engagement conditions detailed in this report. The determination has been performed following the JI requirements. The only purpose of this report is its use during the registration process as part of the JI Track-2 project cycle. Hence, TÜV SÜD cannot be held liable by any party for decisions made or not made based on the determination opinion, which will go beyond that purpose.

Munich, 19-01-2011

Certification Body "climate and energy" TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH Munich, 19-01-2011

Assessment Team Leader

Determination of the JI Track-2 project: "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine"



Annex 1: Determination Protocol

Project Title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine Date of Completion: 2011-01-19





CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD
		<u>Clarification Request 2:</u> Chapter A.2 of the PDD has to indicate the expected outcome of project scenario and briefly summarize the history of the project including information about implementation schedule of the pro- ject according to requirements of the Guidelines for users of the JI PDD form, version 3. Please adjust the PDD accordingly.		
A.2.2. What proofs are available demonstrat- ing that the project description is in compliance with the actual situation or planning?	1, 2, 10, 13, 14, 16, 18, 21, 32, 34, 57, 80	 For demonstrating that the project description is in compliance with the actual situation or planning the following proofs had been provided during on-site mission: Design statement for non-concentrated nitric acid production; Technical regulations of non-concentrated nitric acid production; Handbook of nitric acid industry worker (Specification of UKL-7 and its capacity); Elementary diagram of non-concentrated nitric acid production in the shop No. M-5; Resolution of Cabinet Council of Ukraine No. 1598 concerning hazardous substances which is subject to control; JI project implementation plan; Minutes of tender committee meeting No. 23. (Engineering Systems was approved as a developer and supplier of AMS); Techno-commercial proposal for supplying of the secondary catalyst O3-88. 	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION		COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Iyst, type O3-88, which is planned to be installed after finishing the baseline measurements. According to this proposal the guaranteed abatement rate of the secondary catalyst is 75%. However for ex-ante estimations of emission reductions AZOT use the abatement rate of 80%. Even though the PPs stated to be doing a market research for another secondary catalyst with a higher N2O abatement rate, the ex-ante ER estimations should be done in a conservative way. Corrective Action Request 1: The PDD should be corrected by including the correct abatement efficiency of the applied secondary catalyst according to provided evidence. Furthermore the ex-ante estimation of emission reductions should be re-calculated accordingly and it is necessary to submit the revised Excel sheets with ERs calculations to the audit team.		
A.2.3. Is the information provided by these proofs consistent with the information provided by the PDD?	1, 2	Yes, all information provided by these proofs consistent with the information provided by the PDD.	V	
A.2.4. Is all information presented consistent with details provided by further chapters of the PDD?	1, 2	Yes, all information presented is consistent with details provided by further chapters of the PDD.		
A.3. Project participants and project approval	ls by P	arties involved		
A.3.1. Is the form required for the indication of project participants correctly applied?	1, 2	Yes, the form is correctly applied.		
A.3.2. Is the participation of the listed entities or Parties confirmed by each one of them?	1, 2, 81	At the time of on-site visit AZOT plant was a sole Project Partici- pant and represents Ukraine (Host Party). However during further determination process the audit team has been informed by AZOT	Ø	Ø



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		that the future buyer of ERUs will be DONG Naturgas A/S and it represents Denmark (Invest Party). To confirm this fact the Emis- sion Reduction Units Purchase Agreement (ERPA) between the project participants has been submitted to the audit team.		
A.3.3. Is all information on participants / Par- ties provided in consistency with details pro- vided by further chapters of the PDD (in par- ticular annex 1)?	1, 2	Yes, the information on PPs is consistent throughout the PDD and Annex 1.		V
 A.3.4. Is each of the legal entities listed as project participants in the PDD authorized by a Party involved, which is also listed in the PDD, through: A written project approval by a Party involved, explicitly indicating the name of the legal entity? Or Any other form of project participant authorization in writing, explicitly indicating the name of the legal entity? 	8	The Letter of Endorsement for the project was issued by Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine in August 21, 2006. The LoE was submitted to the audit team. Letter of Approvals from the host and investment parties will be applied for after the determination of the project will be finalized. Forward Action Request 1: It is required to submit Letter of Approvals from the host and in- vestment parties before the submission of the final determination report to the JISC for registration of the particular project.	FAR	Ø
A.3.5. Have the DFPs of all parties listed as involved in the PDD provided written project approvals?	8	Please refer to FAR (A.3.4.).	FAR	
A.3.6. Does the PDD identify at least the host Party as a "Party involved"?	1, 2	Yes, the host party- Ukraine- is identified in the PDD.		
A.3.7. Has the DFP of the host Party issued a written project approval?	8	Please refer to FAR (A.3.4.).	FAR	

Project Title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine Date of Completion: 2011-01-19



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD	
A.3.8. Are all the written project approvals by Parties involved unconditional?	8	Please refer to FAR (A.3.4.).	FAR	V	
A.4. Technical description of the project activity					
A.4.1. Location of the project activity					
A.4.1.1. Does the information provided on the location of the project activity allow for a clear identification of the site(s)?	1, 2	Yes, it does. The information provided on the location of the pro- ject activity allows for a clear identification of the site.	Ŋ	V	
A.4.1.2. How is it ensured and/or demonstrated, that the project proponents can implement the project at this site (ownership, licenses, con- tracts etc.)?	15, 17, 20, 44	 It is ensured by means of: License on the ammonia production; Ground rent contract between AZOT and Cherkassy Town Council; AZOT's state registration certificate; AZOT's Articles of Association. 			
A.4.2. Technology(ies) to be employed, or m	easure	s, operations or actions to be implemented by the project activit	y		
A.4.2.1. Does the technical design of the project activity reflect current good practices?	1, 2	Yes, it does.		V	
A.4.2.2. Does the description of the technology to be applied provide sufficient and transpar- ent input/ information to evaluate its impact on the greenhouse gas balance?	34	Yes, it does. The project activity aims to reduce the amount of N_2O emitted by catalytically decomposing the N_2O produced in the undesired side reaction during ammonia oxidation. AZOT is planning to install a secondary catalyst type O3-88 supplied by the BASF SE. This type of secondary catalyst does not require additional heat or other energy input (electricity, steam etc.). During on-site audit AZOT submitted BASF's techno-commercial proposal with description of the secondary catalyst type O3-88 which confirms that no additional greenhouse gases produced during the N_2O decomposition as well as it does not	CR		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		affect the HNO_3 production level and not increase NOx emissions. Please refer to CR (A.2.1).		
A.4.2.3. Does the implementation of the project activity require any technology transfer from annex-I-countries to the host country(s)?	11, 12, 34	Yes, the implementation of the project activity requires technology transfer from Annex-I-countries and includes secondary catalyst system and monitoring equipment.	Ŋ	Ø
A.4.2.4. Is the technology implemented by the project activity environmentally safe?	33, 36	According to information provided by the BASF company (Material safety data sheet for secondary catalyst O3-88 and the techno- commercial proposal) the additional catalyst is made of non- precious metals and does not create significant negative environ- mental effect. The obsolete catalyst will be recycled according to the prevailing EU standards.	Ŋ	Ŋ
A.4.2.5. Is the information provided in compli- ance with actual situation or planning?	1, 2, 34	<u>Clarification Request 3:</u> In chapter A.4.2. of the PDD, version 1, mentioned that AZOT is in the process of selecting the secondary catalyst supplier. However during the on-site visit PPs stated to have chosen the secondary catalyst supplied by BASF (which specifications, e.g. abatement rate, were used for ERs estimation). Please clarify and adjust the PDD if necessary.	CR	V
A.4.2.6. Does the project use state of the art technology and / or does the technology result in a significantly better performance than any commonly used technologies in the host coun- try?	21, 30, 36	Yes, it is a state of art technology providing significant N ₂ O emission abatement.	Ŋ	V
A.4.2.7. Is the project technology likely to be substituted by other or more efficient tech-	36	Currently there is no reason for PPs to substitute project technol- ogy by any other more efficient technology.		

Project Title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine Date of Completion: 2011-01-19



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD			
nologies within the project period?							
A.4.2.8. Does the project require extensive ini- tial training and maintenance efforts in order to be carried out as scheduled during the project period?	10, 11	Yes, it does. Every need for training and maintenance efforts will be followed and Engineering Systems, future developer and supplier of AMS at shop M-5, is responsible for these. The extensive training is required in the context of operation of the catalyst, monitoring system, data acquisition and reporting.					
A.4.2.9. Is information available on the demand and requirements for training and mainte- nance?	7, 11, 12	During on-site visit a contract with Engineering Systems, future developer and supplier of AMS at shop M-5, has not been signed yet therefore any trainings have not been done yet. However representatives of Engineering Systems submitted to the audit team the schedule of delivery of equipment as well as developing and implementation of AMS at shop M-5 where mentioned that the extensive training for AZOT's staff is planned.	V				
A.4.2.10. Is a schedule available for the imple- mentation of the project and are there any risks for delays?	10, 16	Yes, the project implementation plan has been submitted to audit team. At the day of audit on-site there were no possible risks for delay. The AMS and secondary catalyst suppliers have been approved and delivery contracts will be signed according to project implementation plan. However please refer to CR (A.4.2.5).	CR				
A.4.3. Brief Explanation of how the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources are to be reduced by the proposed JI project, including why the emission reduction would not occur in the absence of the proposed project, taking into account national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances							
A.4.3.1. Is there a brief explanation of how the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources are to be reduced by the proposed JI project, including why the emission reduc-	1, 2	Yes, a brief explanation on how the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources are to be reduced by the proposed JI project is presented in the PDD.		V			

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
tion would not occur in the absence of the pro- posed project, taking into account national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances?				
A.4.3.2. Is the explanation transparent, feasible and – if based on calculations – mathematical correct calculated?	1, 2, 14, 22, 28, 63, 65, 68, 69, 77, 80	During on-site visit the production plan of AZOT from 2009-2015 including plan of non-concentrated nitric acid production and AIRTEC's report with N ₂ O concentration measurements have been submitted to the audit team. Clarification Request 4: In chapter A.4.3.1 of the PDD, version 1, it is mentioned that for estimation of ERs over the crediting period the production plan of AZOT from 2009-2019 with the conservative value of 590,000 ton HNO ₃ /year for 2010-2012 and the average value of 800,000 ton HNO ₃ /year for 2013-2019 was applied. The design capacity is stated to be 1,200,000 tones HNO ₃ /year. The applicability of the methodology which PPs intended to apply is limited to the existing production capacity measured in tones of nitric acid, where the commercial production had began no later than 31 December 2005. Definition of existing production capacity is applied for the process with the existing ammonia oxidization reactor where N2O is generated and not for the process with new ammonia oxidizer. Existing production capacity is defined as the designed capacity, measured in tons of nitric acid per year. The discussion on this criterion should be included in the PDD taking into account project specific information. Furthermore please provide the production plan of AZOT from 2009-2019 in order to justify the figures presented.	CR CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		not affect the level of nitric acid production" is fulfilled while pro- duction lines from division No. 1 were recently made operative after a long shutdown period.		
		Corrective Action Request 2: Chapter A.4.3.1 of the PDD, version 1, states that for estimation of ERs over the crediting period AIRTEC's report with N ₂ O concentration and gas volume flow measurements resulting in EF 3.48 kgN ₂ O/tHNO ₃ was applied. However from the e-mail of AIRTEC it is clear, that only the concentration measurement results can be applied in order to estimate baseline emissions, since the results of the flow measurement conducted by AIRTEC cannot be considered as plausible due to fact that the measurement was conducted only along one axis (acc. to the E-mail sent by Mr. Meier, AIRTEC, in June 10, 2010 the measurements on the second axis are missing due to local conditions at the time of AIRTEC's on-site visit).		
		Corrective Action Request 3: Some editorial changes should be conducted in the PDD. The content and format of the PDD has to be in accordance with UNFCCC JI-SC requirements and information given has to be consistent throughout the PDD (format of tables and data, statements and figures, translation of documents name, references of formulas in the text, JI definitions, order of provided information and final statements). Please adjust the PDD accordingly.		

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Final

PDD

 \mathbf{N}

 \mathbf{N}

 \mathbf{N}

 \mathbf{N}

Pub-**CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION** Ref. COMMENTS lished PDD Estimated amount of emission reductions over the chosen crediting period A.4.4. No, it is not. Is the form required for the indication of A.4.4.1. 1.2 CAR projected emission reductions correctly applied? Please refer to CAR (A.4.3.2). A.4.4.2. Are the figures provided consistent with 77, All figures which are presented in the PDD are consistent with \mathbf{N} other data presented in the PDD? 80 other data. Is the annual average of estimated 1.2 Yes, the annual average of estimated emission reductions pre- \mathbf{N} A.4.4.3. emission reductions calculated by dividing the sented in the PDD is calculated by dividing the total estimated emission reductions over the crediting period by the total months total estimated emission reductions over the of the crediting period and multiplying by twelve crediting period by the total months of the crediting period and multiplying by twelve? **B.** Baseline B.1. Description and justification of the baseline chosen CAR B.1.1. Does the PDD explicitly indicate which 1, 2, The first version of the PDD mentions the approved CDM methoof the following approaches is used for indentidology AM0034 v. 03.4 to be used as a basis for this project activ-3 CR fying the baseline? ity. AM0034 is solely addressing the destruction of nitrous oxide by secondary measures. Hence it is considered that AM0034 is - JI specific approach the appropriate choice for this project activity fitting to the baseline - Approved CDM methodology approach and project scenario of this project. Nevertheless it is not directly applicable due to various distinctions between the assumptions of the methodology and the real situation at AZOT plant. **Corrective Action Request 4:** During the on-site determination TÜV SÜD assessment team noted several deviations from AM0034 applied (determination of baseline emission factor, definition of campaign/overlapping,



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD	
		measuring points of $NCSG_{n,i}$, $VSG_{n,i}$, $NAP_{n,i}$, ERs calculation, etc.). Thus a detailed description of the project specific approach has to be included in revised PDD according to the Guidelines for users of JI PDD form, version 03.			
		Clarification Request 5:			
		Please indicate the title and version of the baseline and monitor- ing methodology in the PDD.			
B.1.2. If JI specific approach is used, does the PDD provide a detailed theoretical description and justification of the baseline chosen in a complete and transparent manner taking into account §23 of DVM v.1?	1, 2	Yes, the PDD provides a detailed theoretical description and justi- fication of the baseline chosen in complete and transparent man- ner taking into account the DVM requirements. The identification of the baseline scenario was conducted acc. to AM0028 as sug- gested by the AM0034 v. 03.4.		Ø	
B.1.3. If selected elements or combinations of approved CDM methodologies or methodo- logical tools for baseline setting are used, are the selected elements supplementary devel- oped by the project proponents in line with §23 of DVM v.1?	1, 2	Yes, the selected elements of the AM0034 v.03.4 applied are developed in line with DVM requirements (e.g. § 23 DVM v.1).		V	
B.1.4. Does the PDD provide a justification of the applicability of the methodological approach chosen with a clear and transparent description?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the PDD provides a justification of the applicability of the methodological approach chosen (the selected elements of AM0034 v.03.4) with a clear and transparent description. Please refer to sections B.1.12 B.1.19. below in this checklist.	N	V	
Date of completion of the application of the baseline study and monitoring methodology and the name of the responsible per- son(s)/entity(ies)					
B.1.5. Is there any indication of a date when the baseline was determined?	1, 2, 16	The baseline for the project activity has not been set yet. The PDD under determination presents preliminary estimates of the baseline and project emissions. Also on the date of on-site mission, the baseline study was still in progress.	Ŋ	V	

Project Title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine Date of Completion: 2011-01-19



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD		
B.1.6. Is this consistent with the time line of the PDD history?	1, 2	Please refer to comment above.	V	Ŋ		
B.1.7. Is the information on the person(s) / en- tity (ies) responsible for the application of the baseline and monitoring methodology provided consistent with the actual situation?	1, 2, 9	Yes, it is. The information is consistent with the actual situation.				
B.1.8. Is information provided whether this person / entity is also considered a project par-	1, 2, 9	The baseline study and monitoring methodology was applied by MGM International Group LLC.	V			
ticipant?		The PDD indicated in section D.4 that MGM International Group LLC is not project participant.				
Approved CDM methodology : justification o	f the ch	noice of the methodology and why it is applicable to the project a	activity			
B.1.9. Are reference number, version number, and title of the baseline and monitoring meth- odology clearly indicated?		N/A	V			
B.1.10. Is the applied version the most recent one and / or is this version still applicable (within the grace period) when the PDD is submitted for publication?		N/A				
B.1.11. Does the PDD provide a description of why the approved CDM methodology is appli- cable to the project?		N/A	V	Ŋ		
Integrate the required amount of sub-checklists on the applicability criteria as given by the applied methodology and comment on at least every line answered with "No";						

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
 B.1.12. Criterion 1: The applicability is limited to the existing pro- duction capacity measured in tonnes of nitric acid, where the commercial production had began no later than 31 December 2005. Defi- nition of "existing" production capacity is ap- plied for the process with the existing ammo- nia oxidization reactor where N2O is gener- ated and not for the process with new ammo- nia oxidizer. Existing production "capacity" is defined as the designed capacity, measured in tons of nitric acid per year. 	1, 2, 3, 13, 14	Applicability checklistYes / NoCriterion discussed in the PDD?YesCompliance provable?YesCompliance verified?Yes	A	
 B.1.13. Criterion 2: The project activity will not result in the shut- down of any existing N2O destruction or abatement facility or equipment in the plant. 	1, 2, 3, 21, 37	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline Applicability checklist & Yes / No \\ \hline Criterion discussed in the PDD? & Yes \\ \hline Compliance provable? & Yes \\ \hline Compliance verified? & Yes \\ \hline As there's no N_2O abatement unit in the plant, the project activity will not result in the shutdown of any existing N_2O destruction or abatement facility or any further emission reduction equipment in the plant. \\ \hline \end{array}$		
B.1.14. Criterion 3: The project activity shall not affect the level of nitric acid production	1, 2, 3, 34, 36	Applicability checklistYes / NoCriterion discussed in the PDD?YesCompliance provable?Yes	V	V



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Compliance verified? Yes		
		The secondary catalyst applied does not have any impact to level of NO yield. Moreover it is ensured by the secondary catalyst supplier that the project activity will not affect the level of nitric acid production.		
B.1.15. Criterion 4:	1, 2,			\checkmark
or incentives to reduce levels of N2O emis- sions from nitric acid plants in the host coun- try.	з, 48,	Applicability checklist Yes / No		
	57, 58	Compliance proveble?		
		Compliance provable? Yes		
		Compliance verified? Yes		
		During on-site visit, it was discussed and confirmed that there are currently no regulatory requirements or incentives to reduce levels of N_2O emissions from HNO ₃ plants in Ukraine.		
B.1.16. Criterion 5:	1, 2,		V	V
The project activity will not increase NOx	3, 47	Applicability checklist Yes / No		
emissions.		Criterion discussed in the PDD? Yes		
		Compliance provable? Yes		
		Compliance verified? Yes		
		The BREF (August 2007, p. 124) confirms that NO yields for the ammonia oxidation reaction remain unchanged when operating secondary N_2O abatement catalysts.		
		NOx is a regulated gas in the Ukraine and it is monitored in the stack gas of line No. 1-10. During on-site visit the annual report of hazardous substances emissions for the shop M-5 in 2008 and		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		2009 was submitted to by AZOT and the audit team confirms that the emissions of NOx are not exceed required limits.		
B.1.17. Criterion 6: NOx abatement catalyst installed, if any, prior to the start of the project activity is not a Non- Selective Catalytic Reduction (NSCR) DeNOx unit.	1, 2, 3, 21, 37	Applicability checklistYes / NoCriterion discussed in the PDD?YesCompliance provable?YesCompliance verified?YesDuring on-site visit, it was confirmed that Selective Catalytic Reduction DeNOx units are installed on each production line of AZOT plant and prior to the start of the project activity there is no Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction (NSCR) DeNOx unit at the project site.		
B.1.18. Criterion 7: Operation of the secondary N2O abatement catalyst installed under the project activity does not lead to any process emissions of greenhouse gases, directly or indirectly.	1, 2, 3, 36	Applicability checklistYes / NoCriterion discussed in the PDD?YesCompliance provable?YesCompliance verified?YesThere is no further impact on greenhouse gas emissions by this kind of technology. According to the BREF issued by IPPC on August 2007 the application of secondary N2O catalyst does gen- erally not lead to any process emissions of GHG – direct or indi- rect.	Ø	

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
 B.1.19. Criterion 8: Continuous real-time measurements of N2O concentration and total gas volume flow can be carried out in the stack: Prior to the installation of the secondary cata- lyst for one campaign, and After the installation of the secondary catalyst throughout the chosen crediting period of the project activity 	1, 2, 3, 7, 11	Applicability checklistYes / NoCriterion discussed in the PDD?YesCompliance provable?YesCompliance verified?YesDuring on-site visit the representatives of Engineering Systems, future developer and supplier of AMS at the shop M-5, have been interviewed by the audit team and they confirmed that continuous real-time measurements of N2O concentration and total gas vol- ume flow can be carried out in the stack prior to and after the in- stallation of the secondary catalyst. Also it was proved by the ex- planatory note to the techno-commercial proposal for developing and implementation of AMS at the shop M-5.	Ø	
The baseline scenario shall be identified using proced "Catalytic N_2O destruction in the tail gas of Nitric Acid P	lure for Plants" v	Identification of the baseline scenario described in the approved me rersion 05.	thodology /	A <i>M00</i> 28
B.1.20. Are all explanations, descriptions and analyses pertaining to the baseline in the PDD made in accordance with the referenced ap- proved CDM methodology?	1, 2, 3, 4	As mentioned above this project activity is based on the selected elements of the approved CDM methodology AM0034 v.03.4. The identification of the baseline scenario therefore was conducted according to the baseline identification procedure described in the latest version of AM0028 as required by the AM0034. Hence fol- lowing checklist's questions are also relevant for this project.	Ø	Ŋ
B.1.21. Have all technically feasible baseline scenario alternatives (at least all scenarios listed under step 1a in AM0028, vers.5) to the project activity been identified and discussed by the PDD? Why can this list be considered as being complete?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, all technically feasible baseline scenario alternatives been identified and discussed in the PDD version 1. The list can be considered as being complete because all options available from known methodologies have been reviewed.	Ø	V


CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
B.1.22. Have all technically feasible alterna- tives (at least all scenarios listed under step 1b in AM0028, vers.4.2) to handle NOx emissions been identified and discussed by the PDD?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, all technically feasible alternatives (at least all scenarios listed under step 1a in AM0028, vers.04.2) to handle NOx emissions been identified and discussed in the PDD. The list was reviewed and can be considered as being complete.	R	A
B.1.23. Does the project identify correctly and exclude those options not in line with regulatory or legal requirements (Step 2)?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, it does.		Ø
B.1.24. Have applicable regulatory or legal re- quirements been identified?	1, 2, 3, 4, 48, 57, 58	The existing regulation in Ukraine does not require implementation any technologies for N ₂ O abatement. There are no subsidies or other support available for such technologies. Hence, the installation of different N ₂ O abatement technologies (other than secondary catalysts) is not feasible as any of the existing N ₂ O abatement technologies imply additional costs and no revenues outside the JI mechanism.		Z
B.1.25. Is a complete list of barriers developed that prevent alternatives to occur (step 3a)?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, it does. A complete list of barriers was developed.		Ŋ
B.1.26. Is transparent and documented evi- dence provided on the existence and signifi- cance of these barriers?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, it does. The existence and significance of these barriers is discussed in the PDD in transparent manner.	Ŋ	Ø
B.1.27. Is it transparently shown that at least one of the alternatives (except the proposed JI project activity) is not prevented by the identi- fied barriers (step 3b)?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, it is. Continuation of the status quo, installation of a secondary catalytic DeN2O and new SCR DeNOx are not prevented by the identified barriers.	Ŋ	Ŋ
B.1.28. Does the PDD include an appropriate discussion if and how any alternatives gener- ate financial or economic benefits (step 4)?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, it does. There is an appropriate discussion on this question. It can be concluded that no alternatives would generate financial or eco-	V	V

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		nomic benefits.		
B.1.29. In case of Option I: Is the least costly alternative clearly identified?	1, 2, 3, 4	The continuation of of the status quo is clearly identified as the least costly option.	Ŋ	V
B.1.30. In case of Option II: Is the most suit- able financial indicator clearly identified?	-	N/A	X	V
B.1.31. In case of Option II: Is the calculation of financial figures for this indicator correctly done for all remaining alternatives?	-	N/A	V	V
B.1.32. In case of Option II: Is the investment analysis presented in a transparent manner providing public available proofs for data?	-	N/A	V	V
B.1.33. In case of Option II: Is the sensitivity analysis evidencing the robustness of the fi- nancial attractiveness of the selected baseline scenario?	-	N/A		V
B.1.34. In case of Option II: Have reasonable variations been applied in critical assumptions?	-	N/A	N	V
B.1.35. In case of a re-assessment in the course of the project's lifetime: Are there any new or modified NOx-emission regulations, which may address the project baseline?	1, 2, 3, 4	In case of new or modified NOx or N_2O emission regulations a re- assessment of the baseline scenario should be executed as es- tablished in AM0028 (Step 5a: New or modified NOx emission regulations, and Step 5b: New or modified N_2O regulation).		
B.1.36. In case of a re-assessment in the course of the project's lifetime: Have new base-line scenarios been properly discussed reflecting the altered situation?	-	N/A	R	V



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD		
B.1.37. In case of a re-assessment in the course of the project's lifetime: Are there any new or modified N2O-emission regulations, which may address the project baseline?	1, 2, 3, 4	In case of new or modified NOx or N_2O emission regulations a re- assessment of the baseline scenario should be executed as es- tablished in AM0028 (Step 5a: New or modified NOx emission regulations, and Step 5b: New or modified N_2O regulation).				
B.1.38. In case of a re-assessment in the course of the project's lifetime: Have new base-line scenarios been properly discussed reflecting the altered situation?	-	N/A				
B.1.39. Is the baseline identified appropriately as a result?	1, 2, 3, 4	Yes, the baseline scenario- the continuation of N_2O emission to the atmosphere, without the installation of N_2O destruction or abatement technologies and technologies that indirectly reduce N_2O emissions- is identified appropriately as a result.				
B.2. Description of how the anthropogenic en have occurred in the absence of the JI pro	B.2. Description of how the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources are reduced below those that would have occurred in the absence of the JI project (assessment and demonstration of additionality):					
 B.2.1. Does the PDD indicate which of the following approaches for demonstrating additionality is used? a) Provision of traceable and transparent information showing the baseline was identified on the basis of conservative assumptions, that the project scenario is not part of the identified baseline scenario and that the project will lead to ERs; b) Provision of traceable and transparent information that an AIE has already positively determined that a comparable project (to be) implemented under comparable circumstances has additionality; 	1, 2, 5	The additionality of the project activity is demonstrated and as- sessed using the "Tool for demonstration and assessment of addi- tionality" version 5.2.	V	Ŋ		
c) Application of the most recent version of the						

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD
"Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" or any other method for proving additionality approved by the CDM Executive Board.				
B.2.2. Does the PDD provide a justification of the applicability of the approach with a clear and transparent description?	1, 2, 3, 5	Yes, it does. Furthermore the AM0034, which elements have been applied in this project activity, requires using the additionality tool for additionality assessment and demonstration.	Ŋ	
B.2.3. If the approach (c) was chosen (addi- tionality tool), are all explanations, descriptions and analyses made in accordance with the se- lected tool/method?	1, 2, 3, 5	Because of the similarity of both approaches used to determine the baseline scenario and the additionality tool, Step 1 of the "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" was omit- ted while assessing the additionality. Consistency was ensured between the determination of the baseline scenario and the dem- onstration of additionality. Furthermore acc. to AM0034 the base- line scenario alternative selected in the previous section shall be used when applying Steps 2 to 5 of the "Tool for the demonstra- tion and assessment of additionality".		
B.2.4. In case of applying step 2 / investment analysis of the additionality tool: Is the analysis method identified appropriately (step 2a)?	1, 2, 5	As in chapter B.2 the investment analysis has been selected as the appropriate choice of possible methods.	Ŋ	V
B.2.5. In case of Option I (simple cost analy- sis): Is it demonstrated that the activity pro- duces no economic benefits other than JI in- come?	1, 2, 3, 5	It is clearly shown that there is no economical benefit by the reduction of N_2O concentration other than the JI revenues.	Ŋ	V
B.2.6. In case of Option II (investment com- parison analysis): Is the most suitable financial indicator clearly identified (IRR, NPV, cost benefit ratio, or (levelized) unit cost)?	1, 2, 3, 5	<u>Clarification Request 6:</u> Although a simple cost analysis conducted and evidence provided on-site are considered to be sufficient for demonstration of addi- tionality of this particular project (since no revenues are expected from the project activity other than JI related income), current	CR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		available PDD states NPV and IRR of the project to be negative without JI revenues. In order to justify this statement please pro- vide related calculations and support the raw data by proofs.		
B.2.7. In case of Option III (benchmark analy- sis): Is the most suitable financial indicator clearly identified (IRR, NPV, cost benefit ratio, or (levelized) unit cost)?	-	N/A		Ø
B.2.8. In case of Option II or Option III: Is the calculation of financial figures for this indicator correctly done for all alternatives and the project activity?	-	N/A		V
B.2.9. In case of Option II or Option III: Is the analysis presented in a transparent manner including publicly available proofs for the util- ized data?	-	N/A		V
B.2.10. In case of applying step 3 (barrier analysis) of the additionality tool: Is a complete list of barriers developed that prevent the dif- ferent alternatives to occur?	-	N/A	N	R
B.2.11. In case of applying step 3 (barrier analysis): Is transparent and documented evi- dence provided on the existence and signifi- cance of these barriers?	-	N/A		V
B.2.12. In case of applying step 3 (barrier analysis): Is it transparently shown that the execution of at least one of the alternatives is not prevented by the identified barriers?	-	N/A		N

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
B.2.13. Have other activities in the host country / region similar to the project activity been identified and are these activities appropriately analyzed by the PDD ?	1, 2	Clarification Request 7: It is necessary to add more up-to-date information about similar types of project activities in the host country and discuss whether this project activity can be implemented without the JI component.	CR	V
B.2.14. If similar activities are occurring: Is it demonstrated that in spite of these similarities the project activity would not be implemented without the JI component (step 4b)?	1, 2	Please refer to CR (B.2.13).	CR	V
B.2.15. Is it appropriately explained how the approval of the project activity will help to overcome the economic and financial hurdles or other identified barriers (step 5)?	1, 2, 3, 5	As there is no other incentive than the JI this criterion is fulfilled.		V
B.2.16. Are sufficient additionality proofs pro- vided?	9, 11, 34,	Yes, sufficient proofs have been provided to justify the simple const analysis conducted in order to demonstrate additionality.		V
B.2.17. Is the additionality demonstrated ap- propriately as a result?	1, 2, 3, 5	Yes, additionality was demonstrated appropriately as a result.	V	V
B.3. Description of how the definition of the p	roject	boundary is applied to the project		
Integrate the required amount of sub-checklists for sour swered with "No"	ces and	d gases as given by the methodology applied and comment on at leas	st every lir	ne an-
 B.3.1. If the JI specific approach is used: Does the project boundary defined in the PDD encompass all anthropogenic emissions by sources of GHGs that are: a) Under the control of the project participants? 	1, 2, 21	Boundary checklistYes / NoSource and gas(es) discussed in the PDD?YesIs a definition of the boundary based on case-by-case assessment acc. to §32 (a) ofYes	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
b) Reasonably attributable to the project?		DVM?			
c) Significant?		Is the delineation of the boundary described by using a figure/flow chart?	No		
		Inclusion / exclusion justified?	Yes		
		Explanation / Justification sufficient?	Yes		
		Consistency with monitoring plan?	Yes		
		A specific flow diagram is missing in the PDD. CAR (B.3.4).	Please refer to the		
B.3.2. If the approved CDM methodology is used: Is the project boundary defined in ac- cordance with the approved CDM methodol- ogy?		N/A			Ŋ
B.3.3. Source:	1, 2,			V	V
Waste stream exiting the stack of the Nitric	21	Boundary checklist	Yes / No		
Acid plant (Burner inlet to stack)		Source and gas(es) discussed in the PDD?	Yes		
Gas(es): N2O Type: Baseline Emissions and Project Emis-		Inclusion / exclusion justified?	Yes	l	
sions		Explanation / Justification sufficient?	Yes		
		Consistency with monitoring plan?	Yes		
B.3.4. Do the spatial and technological	1, 2	Yes, they do.	empliance with the	CAR	Ø



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD	
discussion provided by / indication included to the PDD (plant specific flow diagram)?		discussion in the PDD. The project boundary covers the shop M-5 of non-concentrated nitric acid production divided on 2 divisions No. 1 and 2 with 10 production lines from the inlet to the AORs until monitoring points after recovery boilers. There is one com- mon stack for production lines No. 1-3 of the division No. 1, the second and the third one for lines No. 1-4 and No. 5-7, respec- tively, of division No. 2. Corrective Action Request 5: In order to demonstrate project boundary clearly and transparently revised PDD has to be amended by including a plant specific flow diagram. On the diagram key components of the process as well as JI related measuring points/equipment shall be identified.			
B.4. Further baseline information, including the baseline:	he date	e of baseline setting and the name(s) of the person(s)/entity	v(ies) set	ting	
B.4.1. Are the name(s) of the per- son(s)/entity(ies) whom setting the baseline available?	1, 2	The baseline of the particular project has not been set yet accord- ing to current status of project implementation. However the names of the persons and entity that set the preliminary estimates of the baseline emission are available.	Ŋ	V	
B.4.2. Is the date of baseline setting avail- able?	1, 2	No, please see comment above.	V		
C. Duration of the project activity / crediting period					
C.1. Starting date of the project:					
C.1.1. Is the project's starting date clearly de- fined in the PDD and reasonable?	1, 2, 9	Yes, the project starting date is identified in the PDD. However it is not described which actions is the starting date of the project defined with.	CR	V	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Clarification Request 8: Please clarify which actions are the starting date of the project activity and crediting period defined with. In doing so please refer to the Glossary of JI terms v. 1 JISC 13. PDD should be amended accordingly then.		
C.1.2. Is the starting date of the project after the beginning of 2000?	1, 2, 9	Yes, the project started after the beginning of 2000 (the starting date of the project is June 20 th 2008).	Ŋ	
C.2. Expected operational lifetime of the proje	ect:			
C.2.1. Is the expected operational lifetime of the project clearly defined in the PDD in years and months and reasonable?	1, 2, 40, 41	The expected operational lifetime of the project is at least 21 years. As long as N ₂ O catalyst is replaced regularly, project lifetime is the same as estimated minimum AORs lifetime. The AORs of AZOT were commissioned in 1970 line No. 1, 1971 lines No. 2-3, 1972 lines No. 4-6, 1973 lines No. 7-9 and 1980 line No. 10. Therefore the estimated operational lifetime of the project is reasonable because its common technical approach that AORs are operational for at least 50 years (depending on factors such as production conditions, quality of maintenance, shut frequency and metal stress limits etc.) According to the requirements of construction and safety operating rules for pressure equipment No. ΗΠΑΟΠ-0.00.1.07-94. The AORs are under supervision of national inspection company "State Committee of Health and Safety at Work of Ukraine" and every 4 years AORs have to pass the third party inspection. AZOT submitted to audit team the proofs that AORs regularly pass required inspections.	V	V

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
C.3. Length of the crediting period:				
C.3.1. Is the assumed crediting period clearly defined in the PDD in years and months and reasonable?	1, 2, 16	The length of crediting period has been set 12 years 2 months and starting date is November 1, 2010. However please refer to CAR below. <u>Corrective Action Request 6:</u> Please set the length of crediting period in years and months as required by the Guidelines for users of the JI PDD form, version 3.	CAR	
C.3.2. Is the starting date of the crediting pe- riod on or after the date of the first emission reductions generated by the project?	1, 2, 16	Yes, the starting date of the crediting period is November 1 st , 2010, when the secondary catalyst is planned to be installed and the project is expected to generate the first emission reductions.	V	Ø
C.3.3. Does the PDD state that the crediting period for issuance of ERUs starts only after the beginning of 2008 and doesn't extend beyond the operational lifetime of the project?	1, 2, 16	Yes, it is clearly stated in the section C of the PDD.	Ŋ	V
C.3.4. If the crediting period extends beyond 2012, does the PDD state that the extension is subject to the host Party approval? Are the es- timates of ERs presented separately for those until 2012 and those after 2012?	1, 2	Yes, it is clearly stated in the section C.3 of the PDD. The esti- mates of emission reductions are presented separately for those until and those after 2012 in section A.4.3.1. of the PDD	V	V
D. Monitoring plan				
D.1. Description of monitoring plan chosen:				
D.1.1. Does the PDD explicitly indicate which of the following approaches is used?	1, 2, 3	The first version of the PDD mentions the approved CDM metho- dology AM0034 v. 03.4 to be used as a basis for this project activ- ity. AM0034 is solely addressing the destruction of nitrous oxide	CAR CR	V



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
- JI specific approach - Approved CDM methodology approach		by secondary measures. Hence it is considered that AM0034 is the appropriate choice for this project activity fitting to the baseline and project scenario of this project. Nevertheless it is not directly applicable due to various distinctions between the assumptions of the methodology and the real situation at AZOT plant. Therefore please refer to CRs and CARs in section B of this checklist.		
D.1.2. If the monitoring plan indicates over- lapping monitoring periods during the crediting period, is the underlying project composed of clearly identifiable components for which emission reductions can be calculated inde- pendently?	1, 2	During the on-site determination audit team noticed that there can be an overlapping of the monitoring periods as the project boun- dary comprises the ten production lines of one nitric acid plant operated by Azot. However this fact was not discussed and clear- ly presented by the PDD, therefore a CAR has been issued (refer to CAR in section B.1.1 of this checklist). As a result of the on-site audit the TÜV SÜD assessment team can confirm that the production lines operated are independent from each other and therefore emission reduction can be calcu- lated independently in the future for each of them. However the PDD has to be adapted as requested by the CAR in B.1.1.	CAR	Ŋ
D.1.3. If the monitoring plan indicates over- lapping monitoring period during the crediting period, can monitoring be performed inde- pendently for each of these components (i.e. the data/parameters monitored for one com- ponent are not dependent on/effect data/parameters to be monitored for another component)?	1, 2	At the on-site determination the project proponents confirmed that the monitoring will be performed for all production lines indepen- dently. However the PDD should be revised as requested by CAR in B.1.1.	CAR	V



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.1.4. If the monitoring plan indicates over- lapping monitoring periods during the crediting period, does the monitoring plan ensure that monitoring is performed for all components and that in these cases all the requirements of the JI guidelines and further guidance by the JISC regarding monitoring are met?	1, 2	At the on-site determination the project proponents confirmed that the monitoring will be performed for all production lines indepen- dently and that all the requirements of the JI guidelines and fur- ther JISC guidance regarding monitoring will be met. However the PDD should be revised as requested by CAR in B.1.1.	CAR	
D.1.5. If the monitoring plan indicates over- lapping monitoring period during the crediting period, does the monitoring plan explicitly pro- vide for overlapping monitoring periods of clearly defined project components, justify its need and state how the conditions mentioned above are met?	1, 2	Please refer to CAR in B.1.1.	CAR	
D.1.6. Is the uncertainty of key parameters described and, where possible, is in uncer- tainty range at 95% confidence level for key parameters for the calculation of ERs pro- vided?	1, 2	The uncertainty of the key parameters is clearly described in the PDD. In doing so the PDD explicitly follows the AM0034 v.03.4 (UNC of the AMS, calculation of the 95% confidence level for the measured values etc.).	Ŋ	Ŋ
D.1.7. Does the monitoring plan identify a na- tional or international monitoring standard incl. a reference to its detailed description, if such applied to the project?	1, 2	Yes, the monitoring plan identifies all applicable national and in- ternational monitoring standards (section D of the PDD) incl. a detailed description (Annex 3).	L	Ŋ
D.1.8. Are the statistical techniques used in a conservative manner?		The statistical techniques used explicitly follow the approved CDM methodology AM0034 v.03.4.	Ø	Ø
D.1.9. Does the monitoring plan present the QA/QC procedures for the monitoring process	1, 2, 7,	On the day of on-site audit the AMS has not been installed yet however Siemens' declaration of conformity for the gas analyzer	FAR	FAR



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
(e.g. QA for AMS acc. to EN14181)?	11, 16, 55	of AMS, type ULTRAMAT 23, according to requirements of EN 14956 and QAL1 according to EN 14181 has been submitted to the audit team.		
		Also according to the JI project implementation plan the QAL2 is planned by PPs after installation of AMS.		
		Forward Action Request 2:		
		During the on-site visit the quality assurance and quality control procedure have been discussed while TÜV SÜD assessment team underlined the importance of such procedures for the future data quality. Therefore project proponents agreed to implement a so called "JI Manual" which will comprise description of the work scope as well as tasks of responsible personnel, qualification requirements and continuous training for responsible staff, procedures on the data treatment acc. to AM0034 rules and requirements (e.g. downtime of AMS), QAL 3 procedures, JI project related documentation procedures, troubleshooting procedures, etc.		
		During the first periodic verification the PPs will provide the JI Ma- nual to a verifying entity.		
D.1.10. Does the monitoring plan clearly iden- tify the responsibilities and the authority re- garding the monitoring activities?	1, 2, 52	Clarification Request 9: The PDD (section D.3) provides the operational and management structure as to the proposed JI project. However this responsibility chart is rather general. Please revise the chart by including more project specific information and clearly state JI related tasks/ re- sponsibilities shared among the AZOT and MGM members. In addition please include more detailed information on the person in charge and frequency of EF_{reg} monitoring.	CR	FAR



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.1.11. Is the inclusion of external accredited services providers for calibration and function tests foreseen in the planning of the project?	1, 2, 16	The inclusion of external accredited services providers for calibra- tion and function tests according to the EN14181 is foreseen in the planning of the project.	V	Ŋ
D.1.12. Are the specific performance character- istics of the monitoring system chosen by the project listed in the PDD	1, 2	Corrective Action Request 7: The specific performance characteristics of the monitoring system chosen by the PPs have to be listed in the PDD. Please revise the PDD.	CAR	V
D.1.13. Does the monitoring plan, on the whole, reflect good monitoring practices ap- propriate to the project type?	1, 2	Yes, the monitoring plan provides current good monitoring prac- tice. However please also refer to CARs (B.1.1.).	CAR	Ŋ
D.1.14. Does the monitoring plan provide, in tabular form, a complete compilation of the data to be collected for its application incl. data that are measured / sampled and data col- lected from other sources, but not including data that are calculated with equations?	1, 2	Yes the monitoring plan provided the relevant data in tabular form (section D of the PDD), however please refer to the CARs below in this checklist.	CAR	Ŋ
D.1.15. Does the monitoring plan indicate that the data monitored and required for verification are to be kept for two years after the last trans- fer of ERUs for the project?	1, 2	Yes, the monitoring plan indicates that the data monitored and required for verification are to be kept for two years after the last transfer of ERUs for the project	V	Ŋ
JI specific approach (project specific methodo cal tools)	logy or	selected elements or combinations of approved CDM methodologies	or method	dologi-
D.1.16. Does the monitoring plan describe all relevant factors/ key characteristics to be monitored, all decisive factors for the control	1, 2	Yes, the monitoring plan describes all relevant factors/ key char- acteristics to be monitored, all decisive factors for the control and reporting of project performance and the period in which they will	CAR	

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION		COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
and reporting of project performance and the period in which they will be monitored?		be monitored. However please refer to the CARs below in this checklist.		
 D.1.17. If default values are used: Are accuracy and reasonableness carefully balanced in their selection? Do the default values originate from recognized sources? Are the default values supported by statistical analyses providing reasonable confidence levels? Are the default values presented in a transparent manner? 	1, 2, 3	Basically no default values are used in this project. However for some specific situations (e.g. in case the composition of the primary catalyst used for the baseline campaign has been changed to other than used in the previous 5 campaigns and the specific conditions are not met, etc.) a default value of 4,5 kgN2O/ tHNO3 has to be used as required by the AM0034 which ele- ments are applied to this project. Furthermore the methodology applied requires a parameter EFreg to be monitored throughout the crediting period. Since the value of this parameter is/ will be set by the host country, it will be another possible default value which can be applied during the project duration. The PDD demonstrates clearly, transparently and in accordance with AM0034 v.03.4 the provisions for any default values which can eventually be applied during the crediting period.		
D.1.18. For those default values that are to be provided by the project participants, does the monitoring plan clearly indicate how the values are to be selected and justified?	1, 2, 3	The PDD clearly specify EFreg- emissions level set by incoming policies or regulations- to be monitored prior to the preparation of each monitoring report, updated every time if new regulations come into force and archive the data during project crediting period.	Ŋ	V
 D.1.19. For other default values: Does the monitoring plan clearly indicate the precise references from which these values are taken? Is the conservativeness of the values provided justified? 		N/A	Ŋ	Ø
D.1.20. For all data sources, does the monitor- ing plan specify the procedures to be followed	1, 2	See FAR in D.1.9.	FAR	FAR

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
if expected data are unavailable?				
D.1.21. Does the monitoring plan draw on the list of standard variables contained in appen- dix B of "Guidance on criteria for baseline set- ting and monitoring"?	1, 2	Yes, it does.		V
D.1.22. Does the monitoring plan explicitly and clearly distinguish:	1, 2, 3	Yes, it does. The monitoring plan explicitly and clearly distin- guishes such data and parameter as required by the AM0034 v.03.4 which elements have been applied.	Ø	V
 a) Data and parameters that are not monitored throughout the crediting period, but are deter- mined only once and thus remain fixed through- out the crediting period, and that are available al- ready at the stage of determination? 				
b) Data and parameters that are not monitored throughout the crediting period, but are deter- mined only once (and thus remain fixed through- out the crediting period), but that are not already available at the stage of determination?				
c) Data and parameters that are monitored throughout the crediting period?				
D.1.23. Does the monitoring plan describe the methods employed for data monitoring (incl. its frequency) and recording?	1, 2	Yes, the monitoring plan describes the monitoring methods, fre- quency and recording in complete manner. However pls. see CAR below: Corrective Action Request 8:	CAR	
		All information related to the parameter (title, data unit, descrip- tion, source etc.) should be in accordance with methodology ap- plied. Please revise the PDD accordingly.		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD
		Please refer to CAR (D.3.1.2).		
D.1.24. Is information on the margins of errors and the cumulative error for the complete measurement system provided in the PDD?	1, 2, 80	As AMS has not been installed yet, the PDD, version 1, provides preliminary typical measurement uncertainty of the monitoring system required for ex-ante estimation of baseline emissions. Please refer to CAR in B.1.1.	CAR	Ø
D.1.25. Are the requirements on the treatment of downtime of the AMS clearly reflected in the envisioned calculation routines?	1, 2	Corrective Action Request 9: The PDD should be amended by including information on the data treatment in case AMS downtime.	CAR	V
D.1.26. Is the monitoring plan established ap- propriately as a result?	1, 2	Yes, the monitoring plan is established appropriately.	Ŋ	Ŋ
Approved CDM methodology approach				
D.1.27. Are all explanations, descriptions and analyses pertaining to monitoring in the PDD made in accordance with referenced approved CDM methodology?		N/A	Ø	Ŋ
D.1.28. Is it explained how the procedures pro- vided in the methodology are applied by the proposed project activity?		N/A	V	V
D.1.29. Is every selection of options offered by the methodology correctly justified and is this justification in line with the situation verified on-site?		N/A		V
D.1.30. Is the operational and management structure clearly described and in compliance with the envisioned situation?		N/A	Ø	V

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.1.31. Are responsibilities and institutional ar- rangements for data collection and archiving clearly provided?		N/A	Ŋ	Ŋ
D.1.32. Has the monitoring system installed us- ing the European Norm 14181 (2004)?		N/A		
D.1.33. Will the three quality assurance levels been met by the planned Automated Measur- ing System (AMS) according to the EN14181?		N/A	Ŋ	Ŋ
D.1.34. Are the specific performance character- istics of the monitoring system chosen by the project listed in the PDD?		N/A	Ŋ	Ŋ
D.1.35. Is information on the margins of errors and the cumulative error for the complete measurement system provided in the PDD?		N/A	Ŋ	V
D.1.36. Are the requirements on the treatment of downtime of the AMS clearly reflected in the envisioned calculation routines?		N/A	Ŋ	V
D.1.37. Is the monitoring plan established ap- propriately as a result?		N/A		V
D.2. Data and parameters not monitored- dete	ermina	tion of the permitted ranges for the operating parameters		
 D.2.1. Does the PDD explicitly indicate which of following sources were used for determination of the permitted ranges for the operating parameters: (a) Historical data from the immediately previous five campaigns. (or fewer, if the plant has not been operating for five campaigns). 	1, 2, 3	At the time of on-site visit the determination of permitted operation conditions are still in process as not all historic campaigns was completed according to last version of the schedule of historic and baseline campaigns at each line provided to the audit team. Therefore values for permitted operation conditions, normal cam- paign length and normal gauze composition/supplier are to be verified later by the verifying entity.	CAR	R



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
 (b) If no data on historical data is available, the range stipulated in the operating manual for the existing equipment; or (c) If no operating manual is available or the operating manual gives insufficient information, from an appropriate technical literature source? 		Corrective Action Request 10: During the on-site visit assessment team noticed that there are historical data available for each of 10 production lines. Therefore PDD has to be amended by including a clear statement on sources of data used for determination of the permitted operating conditions and permitted operating ranges established for all 10 lines. Furthermore please specify GC _{normal} and GS _{normal} in the PDD, e.g. Annex 2.			
D.2.2. In case option (a) is selected, has a proper statistical analysis of the historical data been conducted as required by AM0034?	1, 2, 3	Please refer to the comments in D.2.1.		CAR	Ø
D.2.3. Once the permitted ranges of the oper- ating parameters are determined, is it demon- strated that those ranges are within the speci- fications of the facility?	1, 2, 3	Please refer to the comments in D.2.1.		CAR	Ŋ
D.2.4. Parameter: OT _{normal} Normal operating temperature (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided? QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes / No Yes No Yes N/A N/A N/A No Yes Yes No No	CAR	



CHECKL	LIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref. COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD	
			Please refer to the comments in D.2.1.			
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.2.5.	Parameter:	1, 2,			CAR	V
	OP _{normal}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Normal operating pressure (of line i)		Title in line with methodology?	Yes		
			Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	No		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
			Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures described?	No		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No		
			Please refer to the comments in D.2.1.			
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.2.6.	Parameter:	1, 2,			CAR	V
	AFR _{max i}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Maximum ammonia gas flow rate to the		Title in line with methodology?	Yes		
	AOR (of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	No		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		



CHECKLI	ST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
			Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures described?	No		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No		
			Please refer to the comments in D.2.1.			
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.2.7.	Parameter:	1, 2,			CAR	\checkmark
	AIFR _{max}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Maximum ammonia to air ratio		Title in line with methodology?	Yes		
			Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	No		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
			Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures described?	No		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No		
			Please refer to the comments in D.2.1.			
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.2.8.	Parameter:	1, 2,			CAR	\checkmark
	GS _{normal}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Normal gauze supplier for the operation		Title in line with methodology?	Yes		
	condition campaigns (of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		



CHECKLI	ST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.2.9.	Parameter: GC _{normal} Gauze composition during the operation campaign	1, 2, 3	Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided? QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate? Please refer to the comments in D.2.1. The value is to be verified later by the verifying Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided? QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate? Please refer to the comments in D.2.1. The value is to be verified later by the verifying	N/A No Yes Yes No No entity. Yes / No Yes Yes Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes N/A N/A N/A N/A No Yes Yes No Yes No No	CAR	
D.2.10.	Parameter: CL _{normal} Normal campaign length (of campaign n of line i)	1, 2, 3, 19, 21, 30,	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes / No Yes Yes	CAR	Ŋ



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pu lish PD	b- ed D	Final PDD
	38, 39, 42,	Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation?	No Yes N/A			
	43	Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards?	N/A No Yes			
		QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No No			
		Corrective Action Request 11: During the on-site determination assessment tea the production lines of division No. 1 are not equi mass flow meters and therefore there is no histor acid production available on those lines. PPs is planned to install the mass flow meters on each division No. 1 before beginning of the baseline clearly explained how the CL_{normal} will be calculated (lab analysis results for HNO ₃ concentration, mass sis with NH ₃ input for the HNO ₃ flow). PDD should cordingly then. Please also refer to the comments in D.2.1. The value is to be verified later by the verifying ent	am noticed th uipped with a ric data for nit stated that it h of the lines e. It should l d for those line s balance ana d be revised a	at ny ric is in pe es y- C-		
 D.2.11. Does the PDD explicitly state the design capacity of the plant? By nameplate (design) implies the total yearly capacity (considering 365 days of operation per year) as per the documentation of the plant technology provider (such as the Opera- 	14, 22, 28, 63, 65, 68, 69,	See CR in A.4.3.2.		C	र	V

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
tion Manual).	77, 80				
D.3. Monitoring of the emissions in the project	<u>:t</u> scen	ario and the <u>baseline</u> scenario:			
D.3.1. Data to be collected in order to monitor e	missio	ons from the <u>project</u> and how these data v	vill be archived:		
D.3.1.1. Is the list of parameters collected in or- der to monitor emissions from the project in chapter D.1.1. considered to be complete with regard to the requirements of the applied methodology?	1, 2, 3	No, it is not. <u>Corrective Action Request 12:</u> All parameters required for monitoring of project termining of baseline emissions and how these lated and archived has to be presented in table D.1.1.3 of the PDD, respectively.	t emissions, de- data will be calcu- s D.1.1.1 and	CAR	Z
D.3.1.2. Is the data provided in this section in consistency with data as presented in other chapters of the PDD?	1, 2	Corrective Action Request 13: Deviations from AM0034 have to be taken into account during calculations; hence all related formulae have to be revised accordingly. In doing so please also pay attention to the fact that this particular project is a multiline one and clearly identify it (e.g. by index) in the parameters' title and formulae applied.			Ø
D.3.1.3. Parameter Title: NCSG _{PC, i} N2O concentration in the stack gas (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described?	Yes / No No No Yes N/A N/A Yes	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
		Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
		QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
		Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.1.4. Parameter Title:	1, 2,			CAR	V
VSG _{PC, i}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
Volume flow rate of the stack gas in pro-		Title in line with methodology?	No		
ject campaign (of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	No		
		Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
		Source clearly referenced?	Yes]	
		Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
		Has this value been verified?	N/A		
		Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
		Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
		Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
		QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
		Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		

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CHECKLIS	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD	
D.3.1.5.	Is the application of the methodological requirements for re- calculation of the EF _{baseline} when the project campaign length is shorter than normal campaign length (EB 51 Annex 12) correctly described in the PDD?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the application of the methodological requirements for re- calculation of the EF _{baseline} when the project campaign length is shorter than normal campaign length is correctly described in the PDD.		
D.3.1.6.	Parameter Title: OH _{PC, i} Operating hours in project campaign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistYes / NoTitle in line with methodology?NoData unit correctly expressed?YesAppropriate description of parameter?NoSource clearly referenced?NoCorrect value provided for estimation?N/AHas this value been verified?N/AMeasurement method correctly described?YesCorrect reference to standards?N/AIndication of accuracy provided?YesQA/QC procedures described?YesQA/QC procedures appropriate?YesPlease refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.Corrective Action Reguest 14:The source/control data used for monitoring of operation hours of baseline and project campaigns should be clearly described in revised PDD.The value is to be verified later by the verifying entity.	CAR	
D.3.1.7.	Parameter Title:	1, 2,		CAR	V



CHECKLI	ST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
	NAP _{PC}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Nitric acid (100% concentrated) over the		Title in line with methodology?	No		
	project campaign		Data unit correctly expressed?	No		
	(of line i)		Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
			Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
			QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
			Please refer to CARs in D.2.10 and D.3.1.2.			
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.1.8.	Parameter Title:	1, 2,			CAR	\checkmark
	TSG	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Temperature of stack gas		Title in line with methodology?	No		
	(of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
			Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
			QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
			Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.			



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.3.1.9. Parameter Title:	1, 2,	The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.	CAR	N
PSG Pressure of stack gas (of line i)	3	Monitoring ChecklistTitle in line with methodology?Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?Measurement method correctly described?Correct reference to standards?Indication of accuracy provided?QA/QC procedures described?QA/QC procedures appropriate?Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.The value is to be verified later by the verifying	Yes / No No No Yes N/A Yes Yes N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		
D.3.1.10. Parameter Title: AFR Ammonia gas flow rate to the AOR (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced?	Yes / No No No No	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A N/A		
		Measurement method correctly described?	No		
		Correct reference to standards?	No		
		Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
		QA/QC procedures described?	No		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No		
		Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.1.11. Parameter Title: AIFR	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No	CAR	Ŋ
Ammonia to Air ratio		Title in line with methodology?	No		
(of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	No		
		Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
		Source clearly referenced?	No		
		Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
		Has this value been verified?	N/A		
		Measurement method correctly described?	No		
		Correct reference to standards?	No		
		Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
		QA/QC procedures described?	No		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No		
		Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.1.12. Parameter Title:	1, 2,			CAR	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
OT _h	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
Oxidation temperature for each hour		Title in line with methodology?	No		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
(of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?Measurement method correctly described?Correct reference to standards?Indication of accuracy provided?QA/QC procedures described?QA/QC procedures appropriate?	No No N/A N/A No No No No No		
	1.0	Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2. The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.1.13. Parameter Title: OP _h Oxidation Pressure for each hour (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistTitle in line with methodology?Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?Measurement method correctly described?Correct reference to standards?Indication of accuracy provided?QA/QC procedures described?QA/QC procedures appropriate?Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.The value is to be verified later by the verifying	Yes / No No No No N/A N/A No No No No No No	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD	
D.3.1.14. Parameter Title: GS _{Project} Gauze supplier for project campaign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistTitle in line with methodology?Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?Measurement method correctly described?Correct reference to standards?Indication of accuracy provided?QA/QC procedures described?QA/QC procedures appropriate?Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2. The value is to the verifying entity.	Yes / No No Yes No N/A N/A Yes N/A Yes Yes Yes	CAR	Ŋ
D.3.1.15. Parameter Title: GC _{Project} , Gauze composition during project cam- paign (of campaign n of of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes / No No No No N/A N/A No No No	CAR	R



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		QA/QC procedures described? No		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate? No		
		Please refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.		
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying entity.		
D.3.1.16. Parameter Title	1, 2,		CAR	FAR
EF _{reg}	3	Monitoring Checklist Yes / No	CR	
Emissions level set by incoming policies		Title in line with methodology? Yes		
or regulations		Appropriate description of parameter? No		
		Source clearly referenced? Yes		
		Correct value provided for estimation? N/A		
		Has this value been verified? N/A		
		QA/QC procedures described? No		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate? No		
		Please refer to CAR and CR (D.1.23 and D.1.10).		
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying entity.		
D.3.2. Description of formulae used to estimate lent	projec	<u>ct</u> emissions (for each gas, source etc.; emissions in units	of CO ₂ e	quiva-
JI specific approach				
D.3.2.1. Does the monitoring plan elaborate all algorithms and formulae used for the estima- tion/calculation of project emissions?	1, 2, 3	Pls. refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.	CAR	V
D.3.2.2. Is the underlying rationale for the algo- rithms/formulae explained?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the underlying rationale for the formulae is explained. How- ever see CAR in D.3.1.2.	CAR	V
D.3.2.3. For the equations presented: - Are consistent variables, equation formats, subscripts etc. used?	1, 2, 3	Pls. refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
 Are all equations numbered? Are all variables, with units indicated de- fined? 				
D.3.2.4. Is the conservativeness of the algo- rithms/procedures justified?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the conservativeness of the algorithms is justified in the PDD. However see CAR in D.3.1.2.	CAR	V
D.3.2.4. To the conservativeness of the algo- rithms/procedures justified? D.3.2.5. To the extent possible, are methods to quantitatively account for uncertainty in key parameters included?	1, 2	Due to specific design of nitric acid production at Azot, where the first common stack exists for production lines 1-3 of the division No. 1, the second common stack exists for production lines 1-4 of division No. 2, and the third common stack exists for lines 5-7 of division No. 2, the measuring points of tail gas volume flow at the lines were revised. The volume of stack gas of line 1 of division No. 1 is measured directly. The volume of the tail gas produced by line 2 of division No. 1 is calculated as a difference between the total gas flow of line 1 + line 2 and gas flow generated by line 1. The volume of gas produced by line 3 of division No. 1 is calculated as a difference between the stack (which includes gas from all lines of division No. 1) and the gas flow of previous two lines. The volume of stack gas of lines of division No. 2 will be measured and calculated in a similar way. The N2O concentration will be measured at each line separately and independent from others.	Z	Ŋ
		In order to consider the level of uncertainty (UNC) for each AMS and possible error propagation, the overall UNC will be calculated using the Gauss's law of error propagation. In such way all the relevant uncertainties arising from the individual performance characteristics of the AMSs components will be considered. The resulting UNC will be than used in order to reduce the baseline emission factor.		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.3.2.6. Is it justified that the procedure is con- sistent with standard technical procedures in the sector?	1, 2, 3	Yes, it is justified. Furthermore the procedure for estimation/ cal- culation of the project emissions is based on the on proposed by the AM0034, it was just adapted to the needs of this particular project activity.	Ø	
D.3.2.7. Are the formulae required for the deri- vation of a moving average emission factor correctly presented, enabling a complete iden- tification of parameter to be used and / or monitored?	1, 2, 3	Yes, however see CAR in D.3.1.2.	CAR	Ŋ
D.3.2.8. Are implicit and explicit key assump- tions explained in a transparent manner?	1, 2, 3	Yes, all key assumptions are described in a transparent and complete manner. However pls. refer to CAR in D.3.1.2.	CAR	\mathbf{N}
D.3.2.9. Is it clearly stated which assumptions and procedures have significant uncertainty associated with them, and how such uncer- tainty is to be addressed?	1, 2, 3	Yes, it is. See also comments to D.3.2.5.	V	V
Approved CDM methodology approach				
D.3.2.10. Are the formulae required for the de- termination of project emissions correctly pre- sented, enabling a complete identification of parameter to be used and / or monitored?		N/A	N	
D.3.2.11. Are the formulae required for the derivation of a moving average emission factor correctly presented, enabling a complete identification of parameter to be used and / or monitored?		N/A	Ŋ	V
D.3.3. Relevant data necessary for determining within the project boundary, and how such	the <u>ba</u> data w	seline of anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases b ill be collected and achieved:	y source	S

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.3.3.1. Is the list of parameters monitored in chapter D.1.3. considered to be complete with regard to the requirements of the applied methodology?	1, 2, 3	Yes, it is.			Z
D.3.3.2. Is the data provided in this section in consistency with data as presented in other chapters of the PDD?	1, 2	The data provided in this section are in consistency with data as presented in other chapters of the PDD.		V	V
Integrate the required amount of sub-checklists for mo	nitoring	parameter and comment on any line answered with "N	No"		
D.3.3.3. Parameter Title: NCSG _{BC, i} N2O concentration in the stack gas in baseline campaign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistYesTitle in line with methodology?IData unit correctly expressed?IAppropriate description of parameter?ISource clearly referenced?YCorrect value provided for estimation?NHas this value been verified?NMeasurement method correctly described?YCorrect reference to standards?YIndication of accuracy provided?NQA/QC procedures described?YQA/QC procedures appropriate?YAt the time of the audit on-site the AMS has not beenPlease refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2) and FARThe value is to be verified later by the verifying entity	s / No No No Yes N/A N/A Yes Yes N/A Yes Yes en installed. R (D.1.9).	CAR FAR	FAR
D.3.3.4. Parameter Title: VSG _{BC, i} Volume flow rate of the stack gas	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Yes Title in line with methodology? I	s / No No	CAR FAR	FAR



CHECKLI	ST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
	in baseline campaign (of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	No		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
			Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
			QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
			Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2) and	FAR (D.1.9).		
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.3.5.	Parameter Title:	1, 2,			CAR	
	CL _{BC, i}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
	Baseline campaign length (of line i)		Title in line with methodology?	No		
			Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
			Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
			Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
			Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
			Has this value been verified?	N/A		
			Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
			Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
			Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A		
			QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
			QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
			Please refer to CARs (D.1.23, D.2.10 and D.3.	1.2).		
			The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD
D.3.3.6. Is the application of the methodological requirements to calculate the EFbaseline when the baseline campaign length is longer/shorter than normal campaign length (EB 51 Annex 12) correctly described in the PDD?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the application of the methodological requirements to calcu- late the EFbaseline when the baseline campaign length is longer/shorter than normal campaign length is correctly described in the PDD.		V
D.3.3.7. Parameter Title: OH _{BC, i} Operating hours in baseline campaign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistYes / NoTitle in line with methodology?NoData unit correctly expressed?YesAppropriate description of parameter?NoSource clearly referenced?YesCorrect value provided for estimation?N/AHas this value been verified?N/AMeasurement method correctly described?YesCorrect reference to standards?YesIndication of accuracy provided?YesQA/QC procedures described?NoQA/QC procedures appropriate?NoPlease refer to CARs (D.1.23, D.3.1.2 and D.3.1.6).The value is to be verified later by the verifying entity	CAR	ß
D.3.3.8. Parameter Title: NAP _{BC, i} Nitric Acid production (100% concen- trated) over baseline campaign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistYes / NoTitle in line with methodology?NoData unit correctly expressed?NoAppropriate description of parameter?NoSource clearly referenced?YesCorrect value provided for estimation?N/A	CAR	V



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS			Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Has this value been verified?	N/A			
		Measurement method correctly described?	Yes			
		Correct reference to standards?	Yes			
		Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes			
		QA/QC procedures described?	Yes			
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes			
		Please refer to CARs (D.1.23, D.2.10 and D.3.	l.2).			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.			
D.3.3.9. Parameter Title:	1. 2.				CAR	N
TSG	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No			
Temperature of stack gas (of line i)		Title in line with methodology?	No			
		Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes			
		Appropriate description of parameter?	No			
		Source clearly referenced?	Yes			
		Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A			
		Has this value been verified?	N/A			
		Measurement method correctly described?	Yes			
		Correct reference to standards?	Yes			
		Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes			
		QA/QC procedures described?	Yes			
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes			
		Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2).				
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.			
D.3.3.10. Parameter Title:	1, 2,		1		CAR	\checkmark
PSG	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No			
Pressure of stack gas		Title in line with methodology?	No			
(of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	No			
		Appropriate description of parameter?	No			
		Source clearly referenced?	Yes			



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided?	N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes		
		QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate? Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2). The value is to be verified later by the verifying	Yes Yes		
D.3.3.11. Parameter Title: GS _{BC, i} Gauze supplier for the baseline campaign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided? QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate? Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2). The value is to be verified later by the verifying	Yes / No No No No N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
D.3.3.12. Parameter Title: GC _{BC, i} Gauze composition during baseline cam- paign (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided? QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate? Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2). The value is to be verified later by the verifying	Yes / No No N/A No N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	CAR	Ŋ
D.3.3.13. Parameter Title: OP _{h, i} Oxidation Pressure for each hour (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistTitle in line with methodology?Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?Measurement method correctly described?Correct reference to standards?Indication of accuracy provided?QA/QC procedures described?QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes / No No Yes Yes Yes N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	CAR	V



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Please refer to CAR (D.3.1.2). The value is to be verified later by the verifying enti	ity.		
D.3.3.14. Parameter Title: OT _{h, i} Oxidation Temperature for each hour (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistYeTitle in line with methodology?Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?Measurement method correctly described?Correct reference to standards?Indication of accuracy provided?QA/QC procedures described?QA/QC procedures appropriate?Please refer to CAR (D.3.1.2).The value is to be verified later by the verifying entities	es / No No Yes Yes Yes N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	CAR	
D.3.3.15. Parameter Title: AFR i Ammonia gas flow rate (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Monitoring ChecklistYeTitle in line with methodology?Data unit correctly expressed?Appropriate description of parameter?Source clearly referenced?Correct value provided for estimation?Has this value been verified?	es / No No No Yes Yes N/A N/A	CAR	



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
		Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
		Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes		
		QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
		Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2).			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.3.16. Parameter Title:	1, 2,			CAR	V
AIFR _i	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No		
Ammonia to Air Flow Ratio		Title in line with methodology?	No		
(of line i)		Data unit correctly expressed?	Yes		
		Appropriate description of parameter?	No		
		Source clearly referenced?	Yes		
		Correct value provided for estimation?	N/A		
		Has this value been verified?	N/A		
		Measurement method correctly described?	Yes		
		Correct reference to standards?	Yes		
		Indication of accuracy provided?	Yes		
		QA/QC procedures described?	Yes		
		QA/QC procedures appropriate?	Yes		
		Please refer to CARs (D.1.23 and D.3.1.2).			
		The value is to be verified later by the verifying	entity.		
D.3.3.17. Parameter Title:	1, 2,			CAR	FAR
EF _{reg}	3	Monitoring Checklist	Yes / No	CR	
Emissions level set by incoming policies		Title in line with methodology?	Yes		
or regulations		Data unit correctly expressed?	N/A		
		Appropriate description of parameter?	No		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD			
D.3.3.18. Parameter Title: UNC i Overall measurement uncertainty of the monitoring system (of line i)	1, 2, 3	Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Indication of accuracy provided? QA/QC procedures described? QA/QC procedures appropriate? Please refer to CAR and CR (D.1.23 and D.1.10 The value is to be verified later by the verifying Monitoring Checklist Title in line with methodology? Data unit correctly expressed? Appropriate description of parameter? Source clearly referenced? Correct value provided for estimation? Has this value been verified? Measurement method correctly described? Correct reference to standards? Please refer to CAR (D.3.1.2). The value is to be verified later by the verifying	Yes N/A N/A No Yes Yes No No O). entity. Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	CAR	V			
D.3.4. Description of formulae used to estimate equivalent)	D.3.4. Description of formulae used to estimate <u>baseline</u> emissions (for each gas, source etc.; emissions in units of CO ₂ equivalent)							
JI specific approach								
D.3.4.1. Does the monitoring plan elaborate all	1, 2,	Pls. refer to CAR in D.3.2.1.		CAR	V			

Project Title: Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine Date of Completion: 2011-01-19



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD
algorithms and formulae used for the estima- tion/calculation of baseline emissions?	3			
D.3.4.2. Is the underlying rationale for the algo- rithms/formulae explained?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the underlying rationale for the formulae is explained. How- ever see CAR in D.3.2.1.	CAR	V
 D.3.4.3. For the equations presented: Are consistent variables, equation formats, subscripts etc. used? Are all equations numbered? Are all variables, with units indicated defined? 	1, 2, 3	Pls. refer to CAR in D.3.2.1.	CAR	Ŋ
D.3.4.4. Is the conservativeness of the algo- rithms/procedures justified?	1, 2, 3	Yes, the conservativeness of the algorithms is justified in the PDD. However see CAR in D.3.2.1.	CAR	V
D.3.4.5. To the extent possible, are methods to quantitatively account for uncertainty in key parameters included?	1, 2,	Due to specific design of nitric acid production at Azot, where the first common stack exists for production lines 1-3 of the division No. 1, the second common stack exists for production lines 1-4 of division No. 2, and the third common stack exists for lines 5-7 of division No. 2, the measuring points of tail gas volume flow at the lines were revised. The volume of stack gas of line 1 of division No. 1 is measured directly. The volume of the tail gas produced by line 2 of division No. 1 is calculated as a difference between the total gas flow of line 1 + line 2 and gas flow generated by line 1. The volume of gas produced by line 3 of division No. 1 is calculated as a difference between the stack (which includes gas from all lines of division No. 1) and the gas flow of previous two lines. The volume of stack gas of lines of division No. 2 will be measured and calculated in a similar way. The N2O concentration will be measured at each line separately and independent from others.		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
		In order to consider the level of uncertainty (UNC) for each AMS and possible error propagation, the overall UNC will be calculated using the Gauss's law of error propagation. In such way all the relevant uncertainties arising from the individual performance cha- racteristics of the AMSs components will be considered. The re- sulting UNC will be than used in order to reduce the baseline emission factor.		
D.3.4.6. Is it justified that the procedure is con- sistent with standard technical procedures in the sector?	1, 2, 3	Yes, it is justified. Furthermore the procedure for estimation/ cal- culation of the baseline emissions is based on the one proposed by the AM0034, it was just adapted to the needs of this particular project activity.	V	Ŋ
D.3.4.7. Are implicit and explicit key assump- tions explained in a transparent manner?	1, 2, 3	Yes, however see CAR in D.3.2.1.	CAR	
D.3.4.8. Is it clearly stated which assumptions and procedures have significant uncertainty associated with them, and how such uncer- tainty is to be addressed?	1, 2, 3	Yes, it is. See also comments to D.3.2.5.	CAR	A
D.3.4.9. Is consistency between the elaboration of the baseline scenario and the procedure for calculating the emissions of the baseline en- sured?	1, 2, 3	Yes, it is ensured. Furthermore the procedure for estimation/ cal- culation of the baseline emissions is based on the one proposed by the AM0034, it was just adapted to the needs of this particular project activity.	V	A
Approved CDM methodology approach				
D.3.4.10. Is consistency between the elaboration of the baseline scenario and the procedure for calculating the emissions of the baseline en- sured?		N/A	V	V
D.3.4.11. Are the formulae required for the de-		N/A	\checkmark	\checkmark

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD				
termination of baseline emissions correctly presented, enabling a complete identification of parameter to be used and / or monitored?								
D.3.4.12. Are the formulae required for the de- termination of leakage emissions correctly presented, enabling a complete identification of parameter to be used and / or monitored?		N/A						
E. Estimation of greenhouse gas emission	E. Estimation of greenhouse gas emission reductions							
E.1.Estimation of baseline and project emissi	ons, le	akage and emission reductions as a result						
E.1.1. Does the PDD provide ex ante esti- mates of	1, 2	Please see the comments and CAR in A.2.2. There are no leakage emissions in the project.	CAR	V				
- Project emissions								
- Leakage								
- Baseline emissions								
- Emission reductions								
E.1.2. Are the estimates given	1, 2,	The estimates are given from the beginning until the end of the crediting period on monthly basis in topes of CO2 equivalent us-	\checkmark	$\mathbf{\overline{\mathbf{A}}}$				
- On a periodic basis?	32, 64	ing global warming potential of N2O defined by decision 2/CP.3 or						
- At least from the beginning until the end of the crediting period?	66, 67	as subsequently revised in accordance with Article 5 of the Kyoto Protocol.						
- On a source-by-source basis?	77.							
- In tones of CO2 equivalent using global warming potentials defined by decision 2/CP.3 or as subsequently revised in accordance with Article 5 of the Kyoto Protocol?	80							
E.1.3. Are key factors influencing the baseline emissions and the activity level of the project	1, 2, 32.	Please see the comments and CAR in A.2.2.	CAR	$\mathbf{\nabla}$				



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
and the emissions as well as risks associated with the project taken into account, as appro- priate?	64, 66, 67, 77, 80			
E.1.4. Are data sources used for calculating the estimates clearly identified, reliable and transparent?	1, 2, 32, 64, 66, 67, 77, 80	In principle yes, however see the comments and CAR in A.2.2.	CAR	Ŋ
E.1.5. Are emissions factors (incl. default emission factors) used for calculating the es- timates selected by carefully balancing accu- racy and reasonableness, and appropriately justified of the choice?	1, 2, 32, 64, 66, 67, 77, 80	Yes, they are. In doing so project developers were guided by the AM0034 v.03.4. However see the comments and CAR in A.2.2.	CAR	
E.1.6. Is the estimation based on conserva- tive assumptions and the most plausible sce- narios in a transparent manner?	1, 2, 32, 64, 66, 67, 77, 80	Please see the comments and CAR in A.2.2.	CAR	V
E.1.7. Are the estimates of project emissions, baseline emissions and leakage consistent	1, 2, 32, 64,	Yes, the data provided in this section is consistent with data as presented in other chapters of the PDD. However please refer to CAR and CRs (A.4.3.2), CAR (D.3.1.2) and CAR in A.2.2.	CAR CR	N

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD
throughout the PDD?	66, 67, 77, 80			
E.1.8. Are the estimates of project emissions, baseline emissions and leakage transparent, feasible and mathematical correct calculated?	1, 2, 32, 64, 66, 67, 77, 80	Please see the comments and CAR in A.2.2.	CAR	
E.1.9. If the calculation of the baseline emis- sion is to be performed ex post, does the PDD include an illustrative ex ante emissions calcu- lation?	1, 2, 32, 64, 66, 67, 77, 80	Yes, the baseline emissions are calculated ex-ante by the PPs in order to estimate ERs.	$\mathbf{\Sigma}$	
E.1.10. Is the projection of estimated project emissions, baseline emissions and leakage based on the same procedures as used for fu- ture monitoring?	1, 2, 32, 64, 66, 67, 77, 80	The projection of estimated project emissions and baseline emis- sions is done by the same algorithms as used for later monitoring. Leakage does not exist in this project.		
E.1.11. Does the PDD appropriately describe an assessment of the potential leakage of the project and appropriately explain which sources of leakage are to be calculated and	1, 2, 3	No leakage exists in this project acc. to the methodology applied.	V	V

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD		
which can be neglected?						
E.1.12. If approved CDM methodology ap- proach is used, is the estimation of ERs made in accordance with the approved CDM meth- odology?		N/A		Ø		
E.1.13. Are the formulae required for the de- termination of emission reductions correctly presented?	1, 2	Yes, it is correctly presented in the PDD.		Ø		
E.1.14. Will the project result in fewer GHG emissions than the baseline scenario?	1, 2, 80	The project activity will result in emission reductions.				
E.1.15. Is the projection in line with the envi- sioned time schedule for the project's imple- mentation and the indicated crediting period?	1, 2, 16	Yes, the projection is in line with the project implementation plan.	Ŋ	Ø		
E.1.16. Is the form/table required for the indica-	1, 2,	No, it is not.	CAR	\checkmark		
tion of projected emission reductions correctly	6	Corrective Action Request 15:				
applied?		The form/table required for the indication of projected emission reductions has to be applied according to requirements of the Guidelines for users of the JI PDD form, version 3. Please adjust the PDD accordingly.				
F. Environmental impacts						
F.1. Documentation on the analysis of the environmental impacts, including transboundary impacts						
F.1.1.Does the PDD list and attach documentation on the analysis of the environmental impacts (e.g. EIA) of the project, including transbound- ary impacts, in accordance with procedure as determined by the host Party?	1, 2, 45, 46, 79	AZOT issued the draft proposal on EIA for MGM dated February 15, 2010 according to the letter from State Environmental Authorities in Cherkassy region (No. 20/06 dated January 11, 2010) concerning necessity of EIA for this specific JI project; at the time of on-site determination EIA was under preparation.	CAR	V		



CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD	
		The letter and draft proposal were provided and discussed during on-site audit. <u>Corrective Action Request 16:</u> The PDD has to be updated in accordance with the last informa- tion given by the State Environmental Authority in Cherkassy re- gion concerning the EIA requirements for the particular project. As soon as EIA is completed AZOT has to provide the EIA and its			
		results to the assessment team. In addition EIA information has to be included in revised PDD, referring to all relevant environmental laws and regulations.			
F.1.2.Are the respective host Party requirements for an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) clearly referenced in the PDD?	45, 70	Please refer to CAR (F.1.1).	CAR		
F.1.3.Has the EIA conducted been approved by the host Party?	45, 70	Please refer to CAR (F.1.1).	CAR		
F.1.4.If the EIA indicates that the environmental im- pacts are considered significant by the project participants or/and the host party, does the PDD provide conclusion and all references to supporting documentation of an EIA under- taken in accordance with the procedures as required by the host Party?	1, 2, 79	Please refer to CAR (F.1.1).	CAR	V	
G. Stakeholders' comments					
G.1. Brief description how comments by local stakeholders have been invited and compiled					
G.1.1. Have relevant stakeholders been con- sulted?	73- 76	At the time of on-site audit the local stakeholders' consultations have not been done yet by AZOT.	CAR		

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD		
		Please refer to CAR (G.2.1).				
G.1.2. Have appropriate media been used to invite comments by local stakeholders?	73- 76	Please refer to CAR (G.2.1).	CAR	V		
G.1.3. If a stakeholder consultation process is required by regulations/laws in the host country, has the stakeholder consultation process been carried out in accordance with such regulations/laws?	73- 76	Please refer to CAR (G.2.1).	CAR	Ø		
G.2. Summary of the comments received						
 G.2.1. If stakeholder consultation was undertaken in accordance with procedure as required by the host Party, does the PDD provide: (a) A list of stakeholders from whom comments on the projects have been received, if any? (b) The nature of the comments? (c) A description on whether and how the comments have been addressed? 	1, 2, 73- 76	Corrective Action Request 17: The proofs concerning conducted local stakeholders' consulta- tions have to be submitted to the audit team (minutes of local stakeholders' meeting, appropriate media been used to invite comments by local stakeholders) as soon as they will be avail- able. Also the PDD has to be updated and information about the future local stakeholder meeting, the requirements for local stake- holder consultation process in Ukraine, topics discussed during the local stakeholder meeting as well as a summary of the re- ceived stakeholder comments has to be added in the PDD.	CAR			
G.3. Report on how due account was taken of any comments received						
G.3.1. Has due account been taken of any stakeholder comments received?	73- 76	Please refer to CAR (G.2.1).	CAR	V		
G.3.2. If the AIE received comments on the PDD and any supporting information from Par- ties, stakeholders and UNFCCC accredited observers within the 30-day period, did the AIE promptly acknowledge the receipts of the	-	No comments have been received during the 30-day period of PDD publishing.	R			

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS		Final PDD	
comments?					
H. Annexes 1 – 3					
H.1. Annex 1: Contact Information					
H.1.1. Is the information provided consistent with the one given under section A.3?	1, 2	Yes, it is.	V	Ø	
H.1.2. Is the information on all private partici- pants and directly involved Parties presented?	1, 2	Yes, it is.	V		
H.2. Annex 2: Baseline information					
H.2.1. Does Annex 2 of the PDD provide key elements of the baseline and any supporting documentation/information?	1, 2	Yes, Annex 2 provides ex-ante estimations of the key baseline parameters.	Ø	Ø	
H.2.2. If additional background information on baseline data is provided: Is this information consistent with data presented by other sec- tions of the PDD?	1, 2	Please see the comments and CAR in A.2.2 and CRs (A.4.3.2).	CAR CR	Ø	
H.2.3. Is the data provided verifiable? Has sufficient evidence been provided to the vali- dation team?	17, 81	Please refer to CRs (A.4.3.2).	CR	V	
H.3. Annex 3: Monitoring information					
H.3.1. If applicable: Does Annex 3 provide useful information enabling a better under- standing of the envisioned monitoring provi- sions?	1, 2	Yes, it does. However please refer to CAR (D.1.23 and B.1.1).	CAR		
H.3.2. If additional background information on monitoring is provided: Is this information con- sistent with data presented in other sections of	1, 2	Please refer to CARs (D.3.1.2) and (A.4.3.2).	CAR	V	

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CHECKLIST TOPIC / QUESTION	Ref.	COMMENTS	Pub- lished PDD	Final PDD
the PDD?				
H.3.3. Is the information provided verifiable? Has sufficient evidence been provided to the validation team?	10, 11, 36	Please refer to comments in D.1.9.	CR	
H.3.4. Do the additional information and / or documented procedures substantiate / support statements given in other sections of the PDD?	1, 2	Yes, it does.	V	

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Table 2 Resolution of Corrective Action and Clarification Requests

Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
Corrective Action Request 1: The PDD should be corrected by including the correct abatement efficiency of the applied secondary catalyst according to provided evidence. Furthermore the ex-ante estimation of emission reductions should be recalculated accordingly and it is necessary to submit the revised Excel sheets with ERs calculations to the audit team.	A.2.2	The N ₂ O abatement efficiency of 75% is applied in emission reduction calculations. The changes were made in A.4.3.1, E.1, E.4, E.5, E.6, Annex 2. Updated Excel sheet with calculation of ex- pected emission reductions is presented in file Cherkasy Azot Emission reductions PDD v.2.xlsx	The ex-ante estimation of emission reductions has been recalculated and the PDD has been revised ac- cordingly. CAR is considered to be closed.
Corrective Action Request 2: Chapter A.4.3.1 of the PDD, version 1, states that for estimation of ERs over the crediting period AIRTEC's report with N ₂ O concentration and gas volume flow measurements resulting in EF 3.48 kgN ₂ O/tHNO ₃ was applied. However from the e-mail of AIRTEC it is clear, that only the concentration measurement results can be applied in order to estimate baseline emissions, since the results of the flow measurement conducted by AIRTEC cannot be considered as plausible due to fact that the measurement was conducted only along one axis (acc. to the E-mail sent by Mr. Meier, AIRTEC, in June 10, 2010 the measurements on the second axis are missing due to local conditions at the time of AIRTEC's	A.4.3.2	A short explanation of the calculation of the emis- sion factor for estimation of ERs is included in A.4.3.1. The emission factor is updated accor- dingly. The calculation of the emission factor is provided in file Cherkasy Azot EF estimates 2010-03-10.xls. The estimates of baseline and projects emissions and ERs are updated in A.4.3.1, E.1, E.4, E.5, E.6, Annex 2. Second loop: The calculation of the ex-ante EF is supported by the copies of production logbooks that were pre- sented to the audit team. The emission factor and calculation of the emission reductions are up- dated in the Excel files and the PDD.	The calculation of EF has been provided to the audit team. Howev- er such calculation is not verifiable. Please support such calculation by raw data (concentration, flow rates and production data). Also raw data and all calculations (formulas, con- stants and assumptions, if any) have to be presented in Excel file in order to do across-check of the data flow and final results. Second loop: Additional Request 5 was raised on this issue.

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
on-site visit). Please clarify and present correct estimations of the baseline emissions. Please revise PDD accordingly.			
Corrective Action Request 3: Some editorial changes should be conducted in the PDD. The content and format of the PDD has to be in accordance with UNFCCC JI-SC requirements and information given has to be consistent throughout the PDD (format of tables and data, statements and figures, translation of documents name, ref- erences of formulas in the text, JI definitions, order of provided information and final state- ments). Please adjust the PDD accordingly.	A.4.3.2	The format of the PDD is corrected. The text is edited Excessive information in Sec- tion A.3 is removed. The order of provided information is corrected. In particular, the information regarding baseline me- thodology is moved from B.1 to D.1.1.4, and the order of information in B.1 is rearranged. Repeating paragraphs regarding assumptions for ER estimation are removed. Second loop: The identification of the shop and divisions is in- cluded in Section B.3 and corrected throughout the text.	According to the documentation obtained by audit team during on- site mission the project boundary covers the shop M-5 of non- concentrated nitric acid production divided on 2 divisions No. 1 and 2 with 10 production lines. However the revised PDD has the state- ments (e.g. see B.3) that 10 pro- duction lines located in 2 shops (No. 1 and 2). Please identify the shops and divi- sions, if any, according to the defi- nitions applied at AZOT plant. Second loop: The PDD has been revised.
Corrective Action Request 4: During the on-site determination TÜV SÜD assessment team noted several deviations from AM0034 applied (determination of base- line emission factor, definition of cam- paign/overlapping, measuring points of NCSGni VSGni NAPai ERs calculation	B.1.1	The detailed description of the project specific approach to baseline monitoring is included in Sections D.1.1, D.1.1.2, D.1.1.4. Relevant paragraphs are moved from Section B.1 to D.1.1.4. Definition of <i>baseline measurement period</i> (instead of a baseline campaign) is included in D.1.1.4. Overlapping issue and ERs calculation is	The description of deviations from AM0034 and the project specific approach has been included in the PDD. However Additional Request 4 was raised on this issue.

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
etc.). Thus a detailed description of the pro- ject specific approach has to be included in revised PDD according to the Guidelines for users of JI PDD form, version 03.		discussed in D.1.2.2. Measurement points for $NCSG_{n,i}$, $VSG_{n,i}$, $NAP_{n,i}$, are shown on Figures 6 and 7 and calculation of $VSG_{n,i}$, is explained in D.1.1.2.	
Corrective Action Request 5: In order to demonstrate project boundary clearly and transparently revised PDD has to be amended by including a plant specific flow diagram. On the diagram key components of the process as well as JI related measuring points/equipment shall be identified.	B.3.4	Two diagrams are included in Section B.3, which show the key components of the process and JI related measuring points at the plant level and at the level of an individual production line.	The plant specific flow diagram has been included in the PDD. ☑
Corrective Action Request 6: Please set the length of crediting period in years and months as required the Guidelines for users of the JI PDD form, version 3.	C.3.1	Section C.3. of the PDD is updated accordingly.	Additional Request 1 was raised on this issue.
<u>Corrective Action Request 7:</u> The specific performance characteristics of the monitoring system chosen by the PPs have to be listed in the PDD. Please revise the PDD.	D.1.12	The specific performance characteristics of the monitoring system are included in D.1 and Annex 3.	The information has been added in the PDD. ☑
Corrective Action Request 8: All information related to the parameter (title, data unit, description, source etc.) should be in accordance with methodology applied. Please revise the PDD accordingly.	D.1.23	The information related to the parameters is corrected throughout the PDD (tables D.1.1.1 and D.1.1.3 in particular).	The PDD has been revised. ☑
Corrective Action Request 9: The PDD should be amended by including information on the data treatment in case	D.1.25	The procedure for data treatment during AMS downtime is described at the end of Annex 3.	The information has been added in the PDD.

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
AMS downtime.			
Corrective Action Request 10: During the on-site visit assessment team no- ticed that there are historical data available for each of 10 production lines. Therefore PDD has to be amended by including a clear statement on sources of data used for deter- mination of the permitted operating conditions	D.2.1	The sources of data for determination of the per- mitted operating conditions are included for each parameter in Table D.1.1.3 and the procedure is described in D.1.1.4. The permitted operating ranges and gauze com- positions for each line cannot be established at the moment since historical campaigns are cur-	The information has been added in the PDD. ☑
and permitted operating ranges established for all 10 lines. Furthermore please specify GC _{normal} and GS _{normal} in the PDD, e.g. Annex 2.		rently in progress (historical data will be collected up to the start of baseline monitoring). The per- mitted operating ranges will be presented to a verifying AIE at the first ER verification at the lat- est. Preliminary data on GC _{normal} and GS _{normal} .are presented in file Cherkasy Azot Gauze composi- tion.doc (for confidentiality reasons it should not be included in the PDD). The summary of the applied gauzed is included in Annex 2.	
Corrective Action Request 11: During the on-site determination assessment team noticed that the production lines of division No. 1 are not equipped with any mass flow meters and therefore there is no historic data for nitric acid production available on	D.2.10	CL _{normal} will be calculated for lines not equipped with nitric acid flow meters, based on mass bal- ance of NH ₃ input (measured) per HNO ₃ output. This is described in D.1.1.4 (Campaign length).	The calculation of CL_{normal} for 3 lines in the division No. 1 is described in the PDD. However please define APN (the standard ammonia consumption per tonne of nitric acid tNH ₃ / tHNO ₃) in the PDD.
those lines. PPs stated that it is planned to install the mass flow meters on each of the lines in division No. 1 before beginning of the baseline. It should be clearly explained how the CL _{normal} will be calculated for those lines (lab analysis results for HNO ₃ concentration, mass balance analysis with NH ₃ input for the		The source and value of the standard ammonia consumption per tonne of nitric acid produced (APN) are defined in Section D.1.1.4 (under <i>His- toric Campaign Length</i>). The standard ammonia consumption per tonne of nitric acid produced will not be applied to the pro-	Second loop: The PDD has been revised. ☑

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
HNO_3 flow). PDD should be revised accord- ingly then. Since the figures are not available yet, please indicate that those figures and procedures are to be verified by the verifying entity.		ject campaigns. It is only used to establish histor- ic campaign length for 3 out of 10 production lines, where nitric acid flow meters are not in- stalled. For baseline and project monitoring nitric acid flow meters will be installed at all production lines and actual data will be used. Thus, there is no need and possibility to obtain measured data on historic nitric acid production.	
		It is indicated that the procedures and figures used to define historic campaign length will be verified by a verifying AIE at the first ER verifica- tion (D.1.1.4, Historic Campaign Length).	
Corrective Action Request 12: All parameters required for monitoring of pro- ject emissions, determining of baseline emis- sions and how these data will be calculated and archived has to be presented in tables D.1.1.1 and D.1.1.3 of the PDD, respectively.	D.3.1.1	All monitoring parameters and how they will be calculated and archived are included in tables D.1.1.1 and D.1.1.3.	The PDD has been revised. ☑
Corrective Action Request 13: Deviations from AM0034 have to be taking into account during calculations; hence all related formulae have to be revised accordingly. In doing so please also pay attention to the fact that this particular project is a multiline one and clearly identify it (e.g. by index) in the parameters' title and formulae applied.	D.3.1.2	The parameters relevant to individual production lines or campaigns are indexed. The changes are made throughout the PDD, in particular in D.1.1.2, D.1.1.4, D.1.2.2, D.1.4, tables D.1.1.1. and D.1.1.3, and the monitoring plan (Annex 3).	The PDD has been revised. ☑
Corrective Action Request 14: The source/control data used for monitoring of operation hours of baseline and project	D.3.1.6	The control data for establishing operating hours of each line are specified in tables D.1.1.1. and D.1.1.3 (P.4 and B.4, respectively), and de-	The information has been added in the PDD.

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
campaigns should be clearly described in revised PDD.		scribed in Annex 3 (paragraph 4).	
Corrective Action Request 15: The form/table required for the indication of projected emission reductions has to be applied according to requirements of the Guide- lines for users of the JI PDD form, version 3. Please adjust the PDD accordingly.	E.1.16	The table in Section E.6 of the PDD is adjusted accordingly.	The PDD has been revised. ☑
Corrective Action Request 16: The PDD has to be updated in accordance with the last information given by the State Environmental Authority in Cherkassy region concerning the EIA requirements for the particular project. As soon as EIA is completed AZOT has to provide the EIA and its results to the assessment team. In addition EIA information has to be included in revised PDD, referring to all relevant environmental laws and regulations.	F.1.1	Section F.1 has been updated with the latest de- cision of the State Environmental Protection Au- thority in Cherkas'ka Oblast (included in file Cherkasy Azot EIA State Administration re- sponse.jpg). Regulation regarding EIA is listed in the abovementioned section, and attached in the following files: Ukraine NEIA Requirements to JI Projects.pdf Ukraine_EIA_DBN regulation.html The summary of EIA is included in Section F.2. The text of the EIA will be provided to the deter- mination team as soon as it is finalized and ap- proved. Second loop: A copy to the final EIA is provided to the audit team Cherkasy Azot EIA vol 1-1.pdf and Cher- kasy Azot EIA vol 1-2.pdf	The approved EIA has to be provided to the audit team. Second loop: The approved EIA has been provided audit team. ☑
Corrective Action Request 17: The proofs concerning conducted local	G.2.1	The information about the local stakeholders' consultations and the relevant legislation has	The information has been added in the PDD and required proofs have

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
stakeholders' consultations have to be sub- mitted to the audit team (minutes of local stakeholders' meeting, appropriate media been used to invite comments by local stake- holders) as soon as they will be available. Also the PDD has to be updated and informa- tion about the future local stakeholder meet- ing, the requirements for local stakeholder consultation process in Ukraine, topics dis- cussed during the local stakeholder meeting as well as a summary of the received stake- holder comments has to be added in the PDD.		been included in Section G. The decision of the Trade Union is provided in file Cherkasy Azot Local Stakeholders Trade Union.pdf. The conclu- sion of the employee's conference is provided in Cherkasy Azot Local Stakeholders Conference Decision.pdf. A copy of the publication in a local newspaper can be found in Cherkasy Azot Newspaper Publication.pdf. The minutes of the meeting with employees of the nitric acid produc- tion is provided in file Cherkasy Azot Local Stakeholders Minutes.pdf	been submitted to the audit team. CAR is considered to be closed. ☑
Clarification Request 1: Please clarify the 2-year's delay in the project implementation taking into account that the LoE was issued by Ukrainian DFP in August 2006, however the project start is defined to be in June 2008. In doing so please describe a project implementation history a little bit.	A.1.3	The reason for the delay in project implementa- tion is provided in the last paragraph of Section A.2, where the project implementation history is described.	The clarification has been provided and CR is considered to be closed. ☑
<u>Clarification Request 2:</u> Chapter A.2 of the PDD has to indicate the expected outcome of project scenario and briefly summarize the history of the project including information about implementation schedule of the project according to requirements of the Guidelines for users of the JI PDD form, version 3. Please adjust the PDD	A.2.1	Expected outcome of project scenario is pre- sented in paragraphs 5-7 of Section A.2.The project history and the implementation schedule are summarized in the last paragraph of Section A.2. More details of the project implementation schedule are included at the end of Section A.4.2.	The information has been provided and CR is considered to be closed. ☑

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
accordingly.			
<u>Clarification Request 3:</u> In chapter A.4.2. of the PDD, version 1, men- tioned that AZOT is in the process of select- ing the secondary catalyst supplier. However during the on-site visit PPs stated to have chosen the secondary catalyst supplied by BASF (which specifications, e.g. abatement rate, were used for ERs estimation). Please clarify and adjust the PDD if necessary.	A.4.2.5	The supplier of the secondary catalyst is included in Section A.4.2	The PDD has been revised. ☑
Clarification Request 4: In chapter A.4.3.1 of the PDD, version 1, it is mentioned that for estimation of ERs over the crediting period the production plan of AZOT from 2009-2019 with the conservative value of 590,000 ton HNO ₃ /year for 2010-2012 and the average value of 800,000 ton HNO ₃ /year for 2013-2019 was applied. The design ca- pacity is stated to be 1,200,000 tones HNO ₃ /year. The applicability of the methodology which PPs intended to apply is limited to the exist- ing production capacity measured in tones of nitric acid, where the commercial production had began no later than 31 December 2005. Definition of existing production capacity is applied for the process with the existing am- monia oxidization reactor where N2O is gen-	A.4.3.2	The explanation of the expected production is detailed at the first point of Section A.4.3.1. It is shown that the plant will repair <u>existing</u> produc- tion facilities and the output will not exceed the design capacity. Further, the criterion is discussed in Section B.1 (the applicability conditions of AM0034). The production plan of AZOT from 2009-2015 is presented in file Cherkasy Azot production plan for 2009-2015.jpg. The plant does not have any specific plan of production beyond 2015. The start of the project activity did not affect the level of nitric acid production. The division No. 1 was shut down for a relatively short period (around 1 year). It was <u>shut down</u> on 1 Septem- ber 2006 (which, by coincidence, was shortly <u>af- ter</u> the issuance of LoE). It was re-started for purely commercial and technical reasons, regard-	The PDD has been revised and required evidences have been submitted to the audit team. ☑

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
 is defined as the designed capacity, measured in tons of nitric acid per year. The discussion on this criterion should be included in the PDD taking into account project specific information. Furthermore please provide the production plan of AZOT from 2009-2019 in order to clarify the figures presented. In addition an explanation and evidence should be provided on how the AM0034 applicability criterion "The project activity shall not affect the level of nitric acid production" is fulfilled while production lines from division No. 1 were recently made operative after a long shutdown period. 		ammonia nitrate increased in 2007, whereas the production lines in the division No. 2 were not able to produce required amount of nitric acid due to repair and maintenance operations. The dates of shut down and reasons for the re-start the divi- sion No. 1 can be found in the internal order of the plant management on re-starting (file Cherka- sy Azot Orders Shop#1.pdf).	
<u>Clarification Request 5:</u> Please indicate the title and version of the baseline and monitoring methodology in the PDD.	B.1.1	The titles and versions of the baseline and moni- toring methodologies are included in Section B.1	The PDD has been revised. ☑
Clarification Request 6: Although a simple cost analysis conducted and evidence provided on-site are considered to be sufficient for demonstration of addition- ality of this particular project (since no reve- nues are expected from the project activity other than JI related income), current avail- able PDD states NPV and IRR of the project to be negative without JI revenues. In order to justify this statement please provide re-	B.2.6	Considering that the catalytic destruction of N_2O does not generate any financial or economic benefits for the plant except for generation of ERUs under JI project, simple cost analysis is sufficient to demonstrate additionality without calculating NPV and IRR. The reference to NPV and IRR are removed from the PDD (Section B.2, Conclusion) as it does not make sense.	The PDD has been revised. How- ever Additional Request 2 was raised on this issue.

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
lated calculations and support the raw data by proofs.			
Clarification Request 7: It is necessary to add more up-to-date infor- mation about similar types of project activities in the host country and discuss whether this project activity can be implemented without the JI component.	B.2.13	Up-to-date information on similar JI projects is included in Section B.2 (Common Practice), and it is shown that no similar activities are imple- mented without JI component.	Additional Request 3 was raised on this issue.
Clarification Request 8: Please clarify which actions are the starting date of the project activity and crediting pe- riod defined with. In doing so please refer to the Glossary of JI terms v. 1 JISC 13. PDD should be amended accordingly then.	C.1.1	The request is addressed in sections C.1 (starting date) and C.3 (crediting period).	The information has been added in the PDD.
Clarification Request 9: The PDD (section D.3) provides the opera- tional and management structure as to the proposed JI project. However this responsibil- ity chart is rather general. Please revise the chart by including more project specific in- formation and clearly state JI related tasks/ responsibilities shared among the AZOT and MGM members.	D.1.10	The operational and management structure is updated in Section D.3. More detailed description of the project management structure, reporting, connections and responsibilities of the personnel and organizations involved in the project will be included in JI monitoring manual, which will be presented at the first verification of emission re- ductions to a verifying AIE.	The information on EF _{reg} monitoring is included in the revised PDD. The elaborated JI monitoring man- ual will be checked during the first verification by AIE. Please refer to FAR2 .
In addition please include more detailed in- formation on the person in charge and fre- quency of EF _{reg} monitoring.		The information on EF _{reg} monitoring is included in table D.1.1.3., row B.24, and D.1.1.4 (<u>Impact of regulations)</u> .	
Additional Request 1:	C.3.1	The length of the crediting period in the table on	The PDD has been revised.

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Clarifications and corrective action re-Reference Summary of project owner's responses **Determination team conclusion** quests by the assessment team to table 1 page 10 has been changed to 2 years and 2 Please correct the length of the crediting pe- $\mathbf{\nabla}$ riod mentioned in the table on p. 10 of the months. PDD as the crediting period has to be identified in years and months. Additional Request 2: B.2.6 At the time of determination most of the costs The project proponents submitted the excel file summarizing all the associated with the project activity were only pre-The additionality tool applied requires doculiminary. The latest data on the project costs is project related costs. Furthermore menting the costs associated with the project presented in file Cherkasy Azot project financing Annex 4 of the revised PDD deactivity in case a simple cost analysis is applan 2010-08-30.xls. However, due to confidenmonstrates the costs associated plied. Please demonstrate the costs in the tiality reasons, it should not be included in the with the project activity as required PDD in order to justify the sub step 2b. PDD or published otherwise. by the Additionality Tool. $\mathbf{\nabla}$ **Additional Request 3:** B.2.13 The references to other JI projects are included in The PDD has been revised. the PDD, which show that N2O abatement tech-Please revise the PDD by providing additionnologies are installed in Ukraine only within JI al information in order to demonstrate that no \mathbf{N} framework. other plant has a N₂O abatement system installed or are already in the JI project list. The region use for the common practice analysis is Ukraine (included in the text). Additionally the region use for the common practice has to be mentioned. B.1.1 The clarification regarding the monitoring of stack The PDD has been revised includ-Additional Request 4: gas flow rate at individual production lines is ining more detailed explanation on The PDD states that the project meets the cluded in D.1.1.2 (Calculation of stack gas vofulfillment of JISC 13 Annex 13. requirements of the clarification regarding lume flow rate). It is demonstrated that the monioverlapping monitoring periods of the JISC toring of gas flow rate can be performed inde-13, Annex 13, § 4 (b). Please clearly justify \mathbf{N} pendently for each of the production lines despite that the measurement of accumulated flow it is based on measurements at multiple points at does also comply with this requirement as the stack. The indexing of the measurement well as the statement of JISC 13, Annex 13,

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Clarifications and corrective action re- quests by the assessment team	Reference to table 1	Summary of project owner's responses	Determination team conclusion
 §9 shall be considered and included in the PDD. Additionally a comment regarding how to act in case of a recalculation of baseline EF due to shorter project campaign should be included in the PDD for verification purposes. 		points has been changed to avoid confusion. The requirement of JISC 13, Annex 13, §9 is considered and included in D.1.2.2 (Calculation of total emission reductions and overlapping monitoring periods). The procedure for recalculation of baseline EF due to shorter project campaign is included in D.1.1.2 (Project Campaign Length: Shorter Pro- ject Campaign).	
Additional Request 5: Due to the fact that the baseline emission factor was identified to be 4.23 kgN2O / tHNO3, the use of the IPCC default value of 4.5 kgN2O / tHNO3 is not clear and should be explained. Hence please discuss the ap- propriateness of the IPPC default value in the revised PDD in order to avoid that the 4.5 is used when the baseline EF is already lower.	A.4.3.2	This issue is addressed in D.1.1.2 and D.1.1.4.	The PDD has been revised by in- cluding the project specific provi- sions for the cases of primary gauze composition change and AMS downtime.
Additional Request 6: Please replace the statement on considera- tion of any tertiary abatement technology presented in the sub step 3b, since the statement does not seem to be a barrier de- scription, but is rather related to the financial analysis.		The discussion of the tertiary abatement technol- ogy is moved from sub-step 3b (barrier analysis) to sub-step 4b (simple cost analysis), where it is more appropriate.	The PDD has been revised.

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Table 3 Unresolved Corrective Action and Clarification Requests (in case of denials)

Clarifications and / or corrective action requests by validation team	ld. of CAR/CR	Explanation of Conclusion for Denial
-	-	-

Table 4Forward Action Requests

Ref. to checklist topic / Objective	Concl.	Comments
Forward Action Request 1: It is required to submit Letter of Approvals from the host and investment parties before the submission of the final determination report to the JISC for registration of the particular project.	Ŋ	The letters of approval from the host country Ukraine and from the investment country Denmark have been provided by the project proponents before the final submission of the determination to the JISC.
Forward Action Request 2:		
During the on-site visit the quality assurance and quality control procedure have been dis- cussed while TÜV SÜD assessment team underlined the importance of such proce- dures for the future data quality. Therefore project proponents agreed to implement a so called "JI Manual" which will comprise de- scription of the work scope as well as tasks of responsible personnel, qualification require- ments and continuous training for responsible staff, procedures on the data treatment acc. to AM0034 rules and requirements (e.g. downtime of AMS), QAL 3 procedures, JI project related documentation procedures,		

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troubleshooting procedures, etc.		
During the first periodic verification the PPs will provide the JI Manual to a verifying entity. This request will be closed by the verifying entity.		

Determination of the JI Track-2 project: "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine"



Annex 2: Information Reference List

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)		Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)	
		On-site interviews conducted at	diting team of TÜV S	SÜD.	
		Determination Team:			
		Ms Olena Maslova Mr Andrey Atyakshev	TÜV SÜD, GHG Lead Auditor, Project Manager TÜV SÜD Ukraine LLC, GHG Auditor		
		Interviewed persons at Cherk	assy:		
		Mr Vitaliy Sklyarov	AZOT, Technical Director		
		Mr Igor Chaban	AZOT, Chief of Technical Department		
		Mr Petr Kuksin Mr Nikolay Antonevich	AZOT, Project Manager AZOT, Deputy Technical Director on Technical Development		
		Mr. Alexander Yarmolenko	AZOT, Project Manager		
		Mr Yuriy Simonov	AZOT, Chief M-5 of Technical Department		
		Mr Ruslan Balanyak	AZOT, Principal Engineer		
		Mr Genadiy Rubkin Ms Raisa Konyushaya	AZOT, Design Manager of Automatic Control System of Process		
		Ms Marina Melnichenko	AZOT, Engineer		
		Dr Volodymyr K. Ivashchenko	MGM, Senior Technical Expert		
		Mr Vladyslav Zhezherin	MGM, Director MGM Eastern Europe		
		Mr Ruslan Kudenko	Engineering Systems, Technical Director		
		Mr Petro Vasvlvev	Siemens Ukraine Head of Group Sensors and Communication		
		Abbreviations:			
		TÜV SÜD	TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH		
		MGM	MGM International		
		AZOT	OJSC "AZOT"		
		DONG	DONG Naturgas A/S		
		Engineering Systems	LLC "Engineering Systems"		
			Upen Joint Stock Company Limited Liability Company		
		PLC	Public Limited Company		

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)		Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)	
		PE	Public Enterprise		
		Cherkassy Regional Centre of Standardisation	PE "Cherkassy Regional Centre of Standardisation, Metrology and C	ertification"	
		Institute of Nitric Industry	State Research and Design Institute of Nitric Industry and Products of	of Organic Synthesis	6
		AMS	Automated Measuring System	- <u>J</u>	
		MEP	Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine		
		DEA	Danish Energy Agency		
		Siemens	Siemens AG		
		Siemens Ukraine	DP "Siemens Ukraine"		
		Johnson Matthey	Johnson Matthey PLC		
		Umicore	Jmicore AG & Co. KG		
		CGT	CGT Chemical General Trading Ltd.		
		BASF	BASF SE		
		ABB	ABB Automation GmbH		
		TNO	TNO Certification B.V.		
		Moody	Moody International Certification Ltd.		
		AIRTEC	AIRTEC Gesellschaft für Umweltmessungen mbH		
		AFRISO	AFRISO-EURO-INDEX GMDH		
		AUR	Ammonia Oxidation Reactor		
		LIBN Committee for Technical	TER Ingenieurgesellschalt für Unweitschulz mbH	Deliev	
		Committee for recrimical Regulation and Consumer	State Committee of Okraine for Technical Regulation and Consumer	Policy	
		Policy			
		NEIA	National Environmental Investment Agency of Likraine		
		EF	Emission Factor		
		UNFCCC homepage http://www	w.unfccc.int including the Joint Implementation section		
0		http://ji.unfccc.int (DVM, Clarifi	cation regarding overlapping monitoring periods under the verification		
0.		procedure under the Joint Impl	ementation Supervisory Committee, Guidance on criteria for baseline		
		setting and monitoring, Glossa	ry of JI terms etc.)		
1.	25/05/2009	Published Project Design Docu	ument of JI project "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid		Published PDD

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document	Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
		Production at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine", version 1.		
2.	15/06/2010	Final Project Design Document of JI project "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Produc- tion at OJSC "AZOT", Cherkasy, Ukraine", version 4.		Final PDD
3.	16/10/2009	Approved baseline and monitoring methodology AM0034 "Catalytic reduction of N2O inside the ammonia burner of nitric acid plants", version 03.4	UNFCCC	
4.	02/08/2008	Approved baseline methodology AM0028 "Catalytic N2O destruction in the tail gas of Nitric Acid or Caprolactam Production Plants", version 04.2	UNFCCC	
5.	26/08/2008	Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality, version 05.2.	UNFCCC	
6.		Guidelines for Users of the Joint Implementation Project Design Document Form, version 3.	UNFCCC	
7.	25-26/02/2010	Participant list of on-site interviews.	TÜV SÜD	
8.	21/08/2006 26/11/2010 22.12.2010	LoE No. 7064/09-10, Letter of Endorsement from Ukraine (host party). Letter of Approval File No. 1602/1102-0059, issued by the Danish Energy Agency Letter of Approval No. 2218/23/7, issued by the National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine	MEP DEA NEIA	Approval by the parties involved
9.	20/06/2008	Agreement No. 628M-231 between MGM and AZOT on the development of JI project.	MGM, AZOT	Starting date of the project activity
10.	16/12/2009	Minutes of tender committee meeting No. 23. Engineering Systems was approved as a developer and supplier of AMS at shop M-5 (non-concentrated nitric acid production).	AZOT	
11.	25/02/2010	Explanatory note to the techno-commercial proposal for developing and implementation of AMS at shop M-5.	Engineering Sys- tems	AMS description
12.	25/02/2010	List of AMS instruments and equipment with specification.	Engineering Sys- tems	
13.	15/01/2008	Technical regulations of non-concentrated nitric acid production No. 42/03-059, version 3.	AZOT	Valid until April 04,

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document	Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
				2015
14.	1969	Design statement for non-concentrated nitric acid production with information about planned design capacity 120000 t100% HNO_3 per year for each AOR.	AZOT	
15.	23/12/2005	License No. 202410 on the ammonia production issued for AZOT.	Ministry of Indus- trial Policy of Ukraine	License valid until December 23, 2010
16.	25/02/2010	JI project implementation plan.	AZOT, MGM	
17.	14/07/1994	AZOT's state registration certificate No. 151003, registration No. 1 026 120 0000 000004.	Cherkassy Town Council Execu- tive Committee	
18.	1987	Handbook of nitric acid industry worker. Chapter 3.	Karavaev M. et al.	
19.	25/02/2010	Drawings of tail gas pipelines with connection points to the stacks of each line.	AZOT	
20.	23/04/2009	AZOT's Articles of Association, last revision.	AZOT	AZOT's field of activity
21.	25/02/2010	Elementary diagram of non-concentrated nitric acid production in the shop M-5.	AZOT	
22.	31/07/2008	Production plan of AZOT from 2009-2015 including plan of non-concentrated nitric acid production.	AZOT	
23.	2008-2009	Annual report of hazardous substances emissions for the shop M-5 in 2008 and 2009.	AZOT	
24.	10/02/2009	Contract No. 189M-430, delivery contract on the precious metal catalyst gauzes between Johnson Matthey and AZOT.	Johnson Mat- they, AZOT	New contract with metal composition information
25.	02/03/2007	Contract No. JM-180M-430, delivery contract on the precious metal catalyst gauzes between John- son Matthey and AZOT.	Johnson Mat- they, AZOT	Old contract with metal composition information
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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document	Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
26.	15/01/2008	Contract No. 29M-430, delivery contract on the precious metal catalyst gauzes between Umicore and AZOT.	Umicore, AZOT.	New contract with metal composition information
27.	12/04/2005	Contract No. 335M-430, delivery contract on the precious metal catalyst gauzes between Umicore and AZOT.	Umicore, AZOT.	Old contract with metal composition information
28.	1990-2008	Non-concentrated nitric acid production data from 1990-2008.	AZOT	
29.	2006-2010	Acts of installation of the precious metal catalyst gauzes for each line during historic campaigns.	AZOT	
30.	28/03/2006	Methodology No. AK-M-238-2006/04-515 for measuring of nitric acid and nitric oxides mass fraction and the mass concentration of chlorides in nitric acid.	AZOT	
31.	2006-2010	Schedule of historic and baseline campaigns at each line and information about supplier of the pre- cious metal catalyst gauze for each campaign.	MGM	
32.	18/02/2010	Excel sheets with ERs calculations, version 01.	MGM	
33.	19/12/2008	Material safety data sheet for secondary catalyst O3-88 Honeycomb with triangular pitch.	BASF	
34.	02/02/2009	Techno-commercial proposal for supplying of the secondary catalyst O3-88.	BASF	
35.	25/02/2010	Technical leaflet for the secondary catalyst O3-88.	BASF	
36.	08/2009	BASF's presentation: "N ₂ O Decomposition for HNO ₃ plants".	BASF	
37.	25/02/2010	Commissioning certificates of Selective Catalytic Reduction DeNOx units installed at shop M-5.	AZOT	
38.	24/05/2001	Calibration frequency of instrumentations at AZOT plant.	AZOT	Calibration fre- quency of ammonia flow meters, ther- mometers and manometers

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document	Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
39.	26/11/2007	Accreditation certificate No. PR 0136.07 issued for the laboratory of shop M-5.	Cherkassy Re- gional Centre of Standardisation	Valid until Novem- ber 26, 2010
40.	18/10/1994	Construction and safety operating rules for pressure equipment No. ΗΠΑΟΠ-0.00.1.07-94. Information concerning the requirements for third party inspection of ammonia oxidation reactors.	AZOT	
41.	25/02/2010	Passports of AORs installed in shop M-5 with manufacturing date and proofs of periodical third party inspections.	AZOT	
42.	01/07/1982	Common norms for non-concentrated nitric acid production.	Institute of Nitric Industry	Ammonia con- sumption for pro- duction of 1 ton 100% HNO3
43.	24/09/2009	AZOT's norms of raw materials consumption for non-concentrated nitric acid production in the shop No. M-5.	AZOT	
44.	03/12/2004	Ground rent contract between AZOT and Cherkassy Town Council.	AZOT, Cherkas- sy Town Council	Valid until October 05, 2053
45.	11/01/2010	Letter No. 20/06 concerning necessity of EIA for AZOT's JI project.	MEP Cherkassy branch	
46.	15/02/2010	Draft proposal on EIA for AZOT's JI project.	AZOT	MGM is responsi- ble for EIA
47.	30/12/2005	AZOT's permission on emissions of contaminants No. 710296. NOx limits for each stack mentioned in the permission.	MEP Cherkassy branch	Valid until July 01, 2010
48.	27/06/2006	MEP's order No. 309 about the limits of contaminants emissions.	MEP	
49.	27/06/2008	AZOT's ISO 9001:2000 certificate.	TNO	Valid until June 27, 2011

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document	Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
50.	23/03/2007	AZOT's ISO 14001:2004 certificate.	Moody	Valid March 22, 2010
51.	23/03/2007	AZOT's BSI OHSAS 18001:1999 certificate.	Moody	Valid March 22, 2010
52.	25/02/2010	Organizational chart of the shop M-5.	AZOT	
53.	17/12/2004	Engineering Systems' state registration certificate No. 023509, registration No. 1 074 105 0003 003797.	Kiev State Ad- ministration	
54.	09/09/2008	License on construction, installation and commissioning works No. 409032 issued for Engineering Systems.	State Architec- tural and Con- struction Inspec- tion	License valid until September 09, 2013
55.	18/12/2007	Siemens' declaration of conformity for AMS according to requirements of EN 14956 and QAL1 ac- cording to EN 14181. Declaration issued for gas analyzer, type ULTRAMAT 23.	Siemens	
56.	10/2008	TÜV SÜD's declaration of conformity for AMS according to requirements of EN 14956 and QAL1 according to EN 14181. Declaration issued for gas analyzer, type ULTRAMAT 23.	TÜV SÜD	
57.	29/11/2001	Resolution No. 1598 concerning hazardous substances which is subject to control.	Cabinet Council of Ukraine	N2O is out of list.
58.	17/08/1998	Resolution No. 1287, the approved list of hazardous chemical products, production and selling of which required licensing.	Cabinet Council of Ukraine	
59.	25/02/2010	Ukrainian certificates of type approval for AMS instrumentation.	Committee for Technical Regu- lation and Con- sumer Policy	
60.	25/02/2010	Ukrainian certificates of conformity for AMS instrumentation.	Committee for Technical Regu-	

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document		Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
			lation and Con- sumer Policy	
61.	25/02/2010	Screenshots of automatic control system with production control parameters of the lines at 2 nd division of the shop M-5.	AZOT	
62.	25/02/2010	Schedule of delivery of equipment as well as developing and implementation of AMS at shop M-5.	Engineering Sys- tems	23 weeks required for commissioning AMS.
63.	02/03/2009	Report No. 1287224 of N_2O concentration measurements at shop M-5 (non-concentrated nitric acid production).	AIRTEC	
64.	30/01/2009	Calculations of baseline EF on the basis of N_2O concentration measurements at shop M-5, version 01.	MGM	
65.	10/06/2009	E-mail from AIRTEC: Comments on measurement report.	AIRTEC	
66.	19/04/2010	Excel sheets with ERs calculations, version 02.	AZOT	
67.	19/04/2010	Calculations of baseline EF on the basis of N_2O concentration measurements at shop M-5, further working versions.	MGM	
68.	06/09/2006	Order No. 615 regarding the temporary shutdown of nitric acid production at Division No. 1.	AZOT	
69.	16/08/2007	Order No. 492 resuming of operation of nitric acid production at Division No. 1.	AZOT	
70.	19/04/2010	State construction norms of Ukraine.	State Construc- tion Committee	EIA requirements
71.	25/06/2008	Order No. 33 regarding the Approval of the Requirements to the Preparation of Joint Implementa- tion Projects.	NEIA	
72.	19/04/2010	Ammonia oxidation catalyst gauze composition and suppliers, summary table.	MGM	
73.	23/12/2009	Minutes of the meeting with employees of nitric acid production department regarding JI project.	AZOT	

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Ref. No.	Issuance and/or sub- mission date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Title/Type of Document	Author / Editor / Issuer	Additional In- formation (Re- levance in JI Context)
74.	23/03/2010	Article about the JI project in a weekly newspaper "Azot".	AZOT	
75.	10/03/2010	The positive decision of the labour conference regarding JI project.	AZOT	
76.	26/02/2010	The positive decision of AZOT's trade union regarding JI project.	AZOT	
77.	15/06/2010	Calculations of baseline EF on the basis of N_2O concentration measurements at shop M-5, final version.	MGM	
78.	15/06/2010	Raw data for calculations of baseline EF.	MGM	
79.	19/04/2010	Environmental Impact Assessment for the project "Reduction of N2O Emissions from Nitric Acid Production at OJSC "AZOT"	AZOT	
80.	14/06/2010	Excel sheets with ERs calculations, version 03.	AZOT	
81.	17/06/2010	Emission reduction units purchase agreement between the project participants.	AZOT, DONG	