

# DETERMINATION REPORT "RIVNETEPLOENERGO", LTD

# DETERMINATION OF THE DISTRICT HEATING SYSTEM REHABILITATION IN RIVNE REGION

REPORT NO. UKRAINE-0047/2009 REVISION NO. 02

BUREAU VERITAS CERTIFICATION



Date of first issue: 26/10/2009	Organisational unit: Bureau Veritas Certification Holding SAS			
<sup>Client:</sup> "Rivneteploenergo", Ltd	<sup>Client ref.:</sup> Mr. Stepan Koropetskiy			
Summary: Bureau Veritas Certification has made the determination of the "District Heating System Re				

Bureau Veritas Certification has made the determination of the "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" project of "Rivneteploenergo", Ltd., located in Rivne Region, on the basis of UNFCCC criteria for the JI, as well as criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting. UNFCCC criteria refer to Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol, the JI rules and modalities and the subsequent decisions by the JI Supervisory Committee, as well as the host country criteria under track 1.

The determination scope is defined as an independent and objective review of the project design document, the project's baseline study, monitoring plan and other relevant documents, and consisted of the following three phases: i) desk review of the project design and the baseline and monitoring plan; ii) follow-up interviews with project stakeholders including on-site visit; iii) resolution of outstanding issues and the issuance of the final determination report and opinion. The overall determination, from Contract Review to Determination Report & Opinion, was conducted using Bureau Veritas Certification internal procedures.

The first output of the determination process is a list of Clarification and Corrective Actions Requests (CL and CAR), presented in Appendix A. Taking into account this output, the project proponent revised its project design document.

In summary, it is Bureau Veritas Certification's opinion that the project correctly applies the baseline and monitoring methodology developed according the Guidance on *Criteria for Baseline Setting and Monitoring* and meets the relevant UNFCCC requirements for the JI and the relevant host country criteria.

On behalf of the determination team, Flavio Gomes, the Bureau Veritas Certification Holding SAS Global Product Manager for Climate Change, approved the final version of the Determination Report, and it is signed by Ivan Sokolov, the authorized Bureau Veritas Certification Holding SAS Local product manager for Climate Change in Ukraine.

Report No.: UKRAINE-0047/200	9 JI	t Group:	Inde	xing terms
Report title: «District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region»				
Work carried out by: Nadiya Kaiiun – Climate Change Lead Verifier Oleg Skoblyk – Climate Change Verifier Kateryna Zinevych – Climate Change Verifier				No distribution without permission from the Client or responsible organisational unit
Work verified by: Ivan Sokolov			Limited distribution	
Date of this revision:Rev. No.:Number of pages:07.12.20090269			Unrestricted distribution	



## **DETERMINATION REPORT**

## Abbreviations

CAR	Corrective Action Request
CL	Clarification Request
CHP	Combined Heat and Power
CO	Carbon Monoxide
$CO_2$	Carbon Dioxide
DH	District Heating
DR	Document Review
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERU	Emission Reduction Unit
GHG	Green House Gas(es)
JI	Joint Implementation
JISC	Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee
I	Interview
IE	Independent Entity
IETA	International Emissions Trading Association
MoV	Means of Verification
ME RCC	Municipal Enterprise of Rivne City Council
NG	Natural Gas
PDD	Project Design Document
PP	Project Participant
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
UES	United Energy System



## DETERMINATION REPORT

## **Table of Contents**

## Page

1	INTRODUCTION	5
' 1 1	Objective	5
1.1	Scope	5
1.2	GHC Project Description	5
1.0	Determination Team	7
1.4	Determination ream	1
2	METHODOLOGY	7
2.1	Review of Documents	9
2.2	Follow-up Interviews	10
2.3	Resolution of Clarification and Corrective Action Requests	10
3	DETERMINATION FINDINGS	10
3.1	Project Design	11
3.2	Baseline and Additionality	13
3.3	Monitoring Plan	17
3.4	Calculation of GHG Emissions	20
3.5	Environmental Impacts	24
3.6	Comments by Local Stakeholders	21
4	COMMENTS BY PARTIES, STAKEHOLDERS AND NGO'S	26
5	DETERMINATION OPINION	26
6	REFERENCES	27

Appendix A: Determination Protocol

Appendix B: Verifiers CV's



## DETERMINATION REPORT

#### **1 INTRODUCTION**

ME RCC "Teplotransservise" (later replaced by "Rivneteploenergo", Ltd in this contract) has commissioned Bureau Veritas Certification to determinate the JI project "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region". The PDD of this project was developed by Institute of Engineering Ecology (IEE), Ltd.

This report summarizes the findings of the determination of the project, performed on the basis of UNFCCC criteria, as well as criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting, and Host Country criteria under Track 1.

#### 1.1 Objective

The determination serves as project design verification and is a requirement for all projects. The determination is an independent third party assessment of the project design. In particular, the project's baseline, the monitoring plan, and the project's compliance with relevant UNFCCC and host country criteria are determined in order to confirm that the project design, as documented, is sound and reasonable, and meets the stated requirements and identified criteria. Determination is a requirement for all JI projects and is seen as necessary to provide to stakeholders assurance of the quality of the project and its intended generation of ERUs.

UNFCCC criteria refer to Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol, the JI rules and modalities and the subsequent decisions by the JI Supervisory Committee, as well as the host country criteria.

#### 1.2 Scope

The determination scope is defined as an independent and objective review of the project design document, the project's baseline study and monitoring plan and other relevant documents. The information in these documents is reviewed against Kyoto Protocol requirements, UNFCCC rules and associated interpretations.

The determination is not meant to provide any consulting towards the Client. However, stated requests for clarifications and/or corrective actions may provide input for improvement of the project design.

## 1.3 GHG Project Description

The project main goal is fuel consumption reduction, in particular reduction of natural gas (which is imported to Ukraine), coal and oil consumption, by means of district heating system rehabilitation in Rivne region, including boiler and distribution network equipment replacement and rehabilitation, and installation of combined heat and power production units. Such reduction of fuel consumption will result in decrease of greenhouse gas emissions (CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O). The purpose of the project is sustainable development of the region through implementation of energy saving technologies.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

Rivne region's district heating (DH) utility (system of heat supply enterprises) supplies and sells heat energy in forms of heat and hot water to local consumers, namely households, municipal consumers and state-owned organizations. It is a natural monopolist of heat production in the region. Heat supply market in the region is stable for years.

The project was initiated in 2002 to rehabilitate Rivne region's district heating system, including boiler and distribution network equipment replacement and rehabilitation, installation of cogeneration units and frequency controllers installation.

The project consists of two parts: rehabilitation of DH system of Rivne city and rehabilitation of DH system of Rivne region. 12 boiler-houses with 78 boilers and 110 km of heat distributing networks are involved in the rehabilitation of Rivne city, and 7 boiler-houses with 19 boilers and 11 km of heat distributing networks are involved in the rehabilitation of Rivne region. The total number of boiler-houses which are involved in the project is 19 with 97 boilers and 121 km heat distribution networks. Beside this project provides installation of cogeneration units at boiler houses Knyazya Volodymyra, 71 (two steam turbines 2,5 MW each). This is the large part of Rivne regional DH system.

The project employs the increase in the fuel consumption efficiency to reduce greenhouse gas emissions relative to current practice. Reduction of fuel consumption is based on the increase of the boiler efficiencies, reduction of heat losses in networks, CHP and the frequency controllers installation. The following activities will ensure fuel saving:

- Replacement of old boilers by new highly efficient boilers;
- Upgrading of boilers' burners;
- Fuel switch from coal and fuel oil to natural gas;
- Improving of the network organization, application of the new insulation and the pre-insulated pipes;
- Installation of CHP;
- Installation of frequency controllers at smoke exhauster and hot water pumps engines.
- Installation of air heaters;
- Partial replacement of fossil fuel by the renewable sources of fuel such as wood and wood chips (expansion of this tendency).

Estimated project annual reductions of GHG emissions, in particular  $CO_2$ , are from 12,2 thousand tons to 15,1 thousand tons in 2004 – 2007, from 18,1 thousand tons to 20,5 thousand tons in 2008 – 2009, and over 35 thousand tons per year starting from 2010 comparing baseline scenario.

Implementation of the project will provide substantial economic, environmental, and social benefits to the Rivne region. Social impact of the project is positive since after project implementation heat supply service will be improved and tariffs for heat energy will not be raised to cover construction costs.

Environmental impact of the project is expected to be very positive as an emission of



## DETERMINATION REPORT

the greenhouse and toxic gases such as  $CO_2$ ,  $NO_x$ , and CO will be reduced. Also due to a better after-implementation service, some part of population will cease to use electric heaters thus reducing electricity consumption, which is related to power plants emissions of  $CO_2$ ,  $SO_x$ ,  $NO_x$ , CO and particulate matter.

The district heating enterprises involved in the project fulfil annual minimal repairing of the DH systems to keep them working. Particularly they execute repairing of network's parts and boilers that might cause accidents. More economically feasible and realistic scenario without carbon credits sales is a baseline scenario with very slow reconstruction activities than to make a major overhaul of the heating system. Tariffs for heat do not include the resources for prospective reconstruction of the district heating system, only the resources for probable necessary repairing after possible accidents. Minimal annual repairing doesn't lead to drooping of baseline emissions because of degradation of the whole system with efficiency droop at other objects, the overall actual emissions would stay on the same level. This scenario is less environmentally favorable for the near future (including first commitment period 2008-2012), since GHGs emissions will continue to be kept at the same level or even higher, but economically such scenario is more attractive.

Estimated project risks are limited and minimized. Ukraine has claimed district heating and municipal energy sector as a priority for the national energy-saving development.

#### 1.4 Determination Team

The determination team consists of the following personnel:

Nadiya Kaiiun Bureau Veritas Certification	Climate Change Lead Verifier
Oleg Skoblyk Bureau Veritas Certification	Climate Change Verifier
Kateryna Zinevych Bureau Veritas Certification	Climate Change Verifier
Ivan Sokolov Bureau Veritas Certification,	Internal Technical Reviewer

#### 2. METHODOLOGY

The overall determination, from Contract Review to Determination Report & Opinion, was conducted using Bureau Veritas Certification internal procedures.

In order to ensure transparency, a determination protocol was customized for the project, according to the Determination and Verification Manual (IETA/PCF). The protocol shows, in a transparent manner, criteria (requirements), means of verification and the results from validating the identified criteria. The determination protocol serves the following purposes:



## **DETERMINATION REPORT**

It organizes, details and clarifies the requirements JI project is expected to meet;

It ensures a transparent determination process where the determinator will document how a particular requirement has been validated and the result of the determination.

The determination protocol consists of five tables. The different columns in these tables are described in Figure 1.

The completed determination protocol is enclosed in Appendix A to this report.



Determination Protocol Table 1: Mandatory Requirements						
Requirement	Reference		Conclusion		Cross reference	
The requirements the project must meet.	Gives referen the legislation agreement the requirem found.	ence to This is either a ion or based on where provided (O nent is Corrective Request (CAR Clarification Rec of risk or non-o with stated req The CAR's and numbered and pr the client Determination Rec		ther acceptable on evidence (OK), a Action (CAR) or a n Request (CL) non-compliance d requirements. and CL's are and presented to nt in the on Report.	Used to refer to the relevant protocol questions in Tables 2, 3 and 4 to show how the specific requirement is determined. This is to ensure a transparent determination process.	
Checklist Question	Reference	Means	s of	Comment	Draft and/or Final	
		verific (MoV)	ation		Conclusion	
The various requirements in Table 1 are linked to checklist questions the project should meet. The checklist is organized in several sections. Each section is then further sub- divided. The lowest level constitutes a checklist question.	Gives reference to documents where the answer to the checklist question or section is found.	Explains how conformance with the checklist question is investigated. Examples of means of verification are document review (DR) or interview (I). N/A means not applicable.		The section is used to elaborate and discuss the checklist question and/or the conformance to the question. It is further used to explain the conclusions reached.	This is either acceptable based on evidence provided (OK), or a Corrective Action Request (CAR) due to non-compliance with the checklist question. (See below). Clarification Request (CL) is used when the determination team has identified a need for further clarification.	
Determination Protoco	I Table 3: Bas	eline ar	nd Monitorin	g Methodologies		
Checklist Question	Reference	Means verific (MoV)	s of ation	Comment	Draft and/or Final Conclusion	
The various requirements of baseline and monitoring methodologies should be met. The checklist is organized in several sections. Each section is then further sub- divided. The lowest level constitutes a checklist question.	Gives reference to documents where the answer to the checklist question or section is found.	Explains how conformance with the checklist question is investigated. Examples of means of verification are document review (DR) or interview (I). N/A means not applicable.		The section is used to elaborate and discuss the checklist question and/or the conformance to the question. It is further used to explain the conclusions reached.	This is either acceptable based on evidence provided (OK), or a Corrective Action Request (CAR) due to non-compliance with the checklist question. (See below). Clarification Request (CL) is used when the determination team has identified a need for further clarification.	



## DETERMINATION REPORT

Determination Protocol Table 4: Legal requirements							
Checklist Question	Reference	Means verification (MoV)		Comment	Draft and/or Final Conclusion		
The national legal requirements the project must meet.	Gives reference to documents where the answer to the checklist question or section is found.	Explains how conformance with the checklist question is investigated. Examples of means of verification are r document review (I). N/A means not applicable.		The section used the elaborate and discuss the checklist question and/of the conformance the the question. is further use to explain the conclusions reached.	is This is either acceptable based on evidence provided (OK), or a e Corrective Action Request (CAR) due to non-compliance with the checklist question. (See below). Clarification It Request (CL) is used when the determination team has identified a need for further clarification.		
Determination Protoco	I Table 5: Res	olution of	Correctiv	e Action and Cl	arification Requests		
Report clarifications and corrective action requests	Ref. to question i 1/2/3/4	checklist n tables	Summa owner re	ry of project esponse	Determination conclusion		
If the conclusions from the Determination are either a Corrective Action Request or a Clarification Request, these should be listed in this section.	Reference checklist number in T and 4 w Corrective Request Clarification is explained	to the question ables 2, 3 here the Action or Request	The res by the ( project during commun the dete should b in this se	client or other participants the nications with rmination team be summarized ection.	This section should summarize the determination team's responses and final conclusions. The conclusions should also be included in Tables 2, 3 and 4, under "Final Conclusion".		

Figure 1 Determination protocol tables

#### **2.1 Review of Documents**

The Project Design Document (PDD) version 05 submitted by the Project participants and additional background documents related to the project design and baseline, i.e. country Laws, Guidelines for Completing the Project Design Document (JI-PDD), methodology, Kyoto Protocol, Clarifications on Determination Requirements to be Checked by an Independent Entity were reviewed.

To address Bureau Veritas Certification corrective action and clarification requests, the project participants revised the PDD and resubmitted it as version 07 dated 14/10/09.

Municipal enterprise "Teplotransservice" of Rivne city council, which was one of the Project participants (Supplier), has transfered the set of his rights to be Supplier and beneficiary for this JI Project to "Rivneteploenergo", Ltd. (Agreement #1193/TC from November 25, 2009 "On Authority Transfer").



## DETERMINATION REPORT

Also, the company "E – Energy B.V.", which was one of the Project participants (Purchaser), was replaced at this position by Deutsche Bank AG.

These changes led to the change of the PDD version to 08 dated 30<sup>th</sup> of November, 2009, and change of the revision of this Verification report.

The determination findings presented in this report relate to the project as described in the PDD version 06, dated 28/08/09, and responses in revised PDD version 07 dated 14/10/09 and version 08 dated 30/11/09.

#### 2.2 Follow-up Interviews

On 03/08/2009 Bureau Veritas Certification in course of the on-site visit performed interviews with project stakeholders to confirm selected information and to resolve issues identified in the document review. Representatives of ME RCC "Teplotransservise", "Rivneteploenergo", Ltd and Institute of Engineering Ecology, Ltd were interviewed (see References). The main topics of the interviews are summarized in Table 1.

Interviewed organization	Interview topics			
ME RCC "Teplotransservise", "Rivneteploenergo", Ltd	<ul> <li>Organizational structure.</li> <li>Responsibilities and authorities.</li> <li>Training of personnel.</li> <li>Quality management procedures and technology.</li> <li>Rehabilitation /Implementation of equipment (records).</li> <li>Metering equipment control.</li> <li>Metering record keeping system, database.</li> <li>Local stakeholder's response.</li> </ul>			
Institute of Engineering Ecology (IEE), Ltd	<ul> <li>Baseline methodology.</li> <li>Monitoring plan.</li> <li>Monitoring report.</li> <li>Deviations from PDD.</li> </ul>			

#### Table 1 Interview topics

#### 2.3 Resolution of Clarification and Corrective Action Requests

The objective of this phase of the determination is to raise the requests for corrective actions and clarification and any other outstanding issues that needed to be clarified for Bureau Veritas Certification positive conclusion on the project design.

To guarantee the transparency of the determination process, the concerns raised are documented in more detail in the determination protocol in Appendix A.

#### **3 DETERMINATION FINDINGS**

In the following sections, the findings of the determination are stated. The determination findings for each determination subject are presented as follows:



## DETERMINATION REPORT

- 1) The findings from the desk review of the original project design documents and the findings from interviews during the follow up visit are summarized. A more detailed record of these findings can be found in the Determination Protocol in Appendix A.
- 2) Where Bureau Veritas Certification had identified issues that needed clarification or that represented a risk to the fulfillment of the project objectives, a Clarification or Corrective Action Request, respectively, have been issued. The Clarification and Corrective Action Requests are stated, where applicable, in the following sections and are further documented in the Determination Protocol in Appendix A. The determination of the Project resulted in 7 Corrective Action Requests and 10 Clarification Requests.
- 3) The conclusions for determination subject are presented.

#### 3.1 Project Design

Bureau Veritas Certification recognizes that this Project is helping the host country fulfill its goals of promoting sustainable development. The project is expected to be in line with the host-country specific JI requirements.

The Project Scenario is considered additional in comparison to the baseline scenario, and therefore eligible to receive Emissions Reductions Units (ERUs) under the JI, based on an analysis, presented in the PDD, of investment, technological and other barriers, and prevailing practice.

The project design is sound and the geographical and temporal (4 years till 2008, 5 years till 2012 and 11 years till 2023) boundaries of the project are clearly defined.

Below, a transcription of the outstanding issues related to project design.

#### Corrective Action Request (CAR1):

There is no information about sponsor Party.

<u>PP's response</u>: The Deutsche Bank AG (Germany) is a purchaser of this project. See A3 of PDD Version 08.

<u>Conclusion</u>: PDD version 08 was checked. Issue is closed.

#### Corrective Action Request (CAR2):

There is no evidence of written project approvals by the Parties involved

<u>PP's response:</u> After finishing of project determination report, the PDD and Determination Report will be presented to National Environmental Investments Agency of Ukraine for receiving of the Letter of Approval. The Letter of Approval from the investor's country (Germany) will be provided after approval of project by Ukraine.

National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine

35, Urytskogo str.



## **DETERMINATION REPORT**

03035 Kiev Ukraine Email: info.neia@gmail.com

Mr. Igor Lupaltsov Head Phone: +380 44 594 9111 Fax: +380 44 594 9115 Email: lupaltsov@ukr.net

#### Federal Environment Agency; German Emissions Trading Authority

Bismarckplatz 1 14193 Berlin Germany

#### Mr. Sebastian Honicke

Phone: +49 30 89 03 50 50 Email: **German.<u>dna.dfp@uba.de</u>** Conclusion: Will be closed after report finalizing.

#### Corrective Action Request 3 (CAR3):

Please, provide the project's operational lifetime in years and months <u>PP's response:</u> The operational lifetime of the main equipment is 20 years (240 months).

Conclusion: PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.

#### Corrective Action Request 4 (CAR4):

Please, provide the length of the crediting period in years and months. <u>PP's response:</u> The length of the crediting period is 20 years (240 months). See C.3. <u>Conclusion:</u> PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.

#### Clarification Request 1 (CL1):

See Annex 1 of the PDD.

Please, clarify why second table of the Annex1 is empty?

<u>PP's response</u>: The Deutsche Bank AG is a purchaser of this project. The necessary information was added to the PDD version 08.

<u>Conclusion</u>: PDD version 08 was checked. Issue is closed.

Clarification Request 2 (CL2):

Please, clarify if the project technology is likely to be substituted by other or more efficient technologies within the project period.

<u>PP's response</u>: It is not likely that the project technology will be substituted by a more efficient technology in the next 20 - 30 years.

It is ensured that there is absolutely no risk that this technology will be substituted by another technology within 5 years (first commitment period).

<u>Conclusion</u>: Issue is closed.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

#### Clarification Request 3 (CL3):

Please, clarify if the project requires extensive initial training and maintenance efforts in order to work as presumed during the project period.

<u>PP's response</u>: As far as the main activity of the district heating enterprises involved will not change in course of the JI project implementation, the special technical trainings for personnel are not necessary. The technical personnel of the enterprise has sufficient knowledge and experience for implementation of the project activity and maintenance of the usual equipment.

In cases of the new (never used at this enterprise before) equipment installation, the company - producer of this equipment should provide trainings for personnel.

The district heating enterprises involved provide personnel retraining according to protection of labour norms. The enterprises have the Labour protection department, which is responsible for raising the level of personnel skills and trainings.

The special training was hold by the IEE on the data collection according to Monitoring plan for this project, and the special group that consisted of representatives of ME RCC "Teplotransservise", ME RCC "Komunenergiya" and Institute of Engineering Ecology was organized. Evidencies of training are presented additionally. Conclusion: CL3 is closed.

#### Clarification Request 4 (CL4):

Please, clarify if the project makes provisions for meeting training and maintenance needs

<u>PP's response:</u> Costs of special training on the data collection for Monitoring reports for this project are included to the total price of PDD development.

As far as the main activity of the district heating enterprises involved will not change in course of the JI project implementation, the special maintenances are not necessary <u>Conclusion</u>: CL4 is closed.

#### 3.2 Baseline and Additionality

The "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" uses the the baseline and monitoring methodology developed according the Guidance on *Criteria for Baseline Setting and Monitoring* and meets the relevant UNFCCC requirements for the JI and the relevant host country criteria.

Project participants used own-developed methodology that is partly similar to approved methodology AM0044. But the AM0044 was not used because it is not applicable to the project "District Heating System Rehabilitation of Rivne Region".

The main cause why the methodology AM0044 can not be used is impossibility of measurement of the thermal energy output, because of thermal energy meters absence on the majority of boiler houses included in the project. Institute of Engineering Ecology invented another methodology, that takes into account all measures involved in the project and it's peculiarities. The methodology is presented in the PDD (monitoring plan). It was already determined by Bureau Veritas for JI Project for Chernihiv Region



## DETERMINATION REPORT

and similar JI Projects for Donetsk region, Crimea and Kharkiv city. For Ukraine is common that monitoring devices for heat and heat-carrier expenditure in the municipal boiler-houses are absent. Only the fuel consumption is registered on a regular basis.

This also concerns the definition of the average historical value of heat power generation per year EG<sub>BL, his, i</sub> (average historic thermal energy output from the baseline boiler "i") that can be only calculated using the fuel consumption data.

Besides, in section "Scope of Application" it is mentioned, that the scope of application of the Methodology AM0044 is limited only to the increase of boilers' efficiency by means of their replacement or modernization, and it does not apply to the fuel type switch. At the same time the project includes also such kind of modernization as well as some others such as the replacement of burner equipment, etc.

The developed methodology is based on the permanent monitoring of fuel consumption and of the account of various other factors, such as connection or disconnection of the consumers, change of fuel heating value, due to change, ratio of the heat consumption for heating and for hot water supply, etc.

The developed methodology has two important advantages in comparison with the methodology AM0044 (at least for Ukrainian conditions):

It takes into account the quality of heat supply (heating and hot water supply). Almost annually for the various reasons (receiving of less amount and high price of the fuel, in particular natural gas which is nearly 95 % of fuel type used in Ukraine for the needs of the municipal heat supply), the consumers receive less than necessary amount of heat, in the result of which the temperature inside the buildings is much lower than normative one, and hot water supply is insufficient or absent. As the purpose of JI projects, including the current project, is the GHG (CO<sub>2</sub>) emission reduction under the conditions of not worsening in any circumstances of the social conditions for population, the issue of approaching of the heat supply quality to the normative one is extremely important. Therefore, the amount of the fuel consumption for the after project implementation period is calculated for the conditions of providing the normative parameters of heat supply and at least partially of hot water supply, and in accordance with the monitoring plan, the implementation of continuous control (monitoring) of its quality (measurement of internal temperature in the specific buildings as well as registration of residents' complaints for the poor-quality heat supply) is foreseen. This increases the control for the qualitative heat supply for the consumers and excludes deliberate reduction of heat consumption, and, in such a way, of fuel consumption with the purpose of increasing of generation of GHG emissions reduction units (ERUs) at the project verification.

Definition of the fuel consumption in base year (baseline) in view of the fact that in Ukraine at the majority of the municipal heat supply enterprises the natural gas is used as a fuel, which consumption is measured constantly by the counters with the high measurement accuracy, seems to be more exact, than definition of the fuel consumption with use of heat power, boiler efficiency and heat value of the fuel. This especially concerns the efficiency, which changes greatly depending on load of boilers,



## DETERMINATION REPORT

which also changes essentially, and often not automatically but manually, in the heat supply systems within a day and within a year. Averaging of such values without having of the heat account system is fraught with serious discrepancies. Definition of the fuel consumption in the presence of counters requires only data collection and implementation of arithmetic actions.

Approved Consolidated Methodology ACM0009 "Consolidated baseline methodology for fuel switching from coal or petroleum fuel to natural gas" proposes the dependences for baseline and reporting year emissions quantity definition (see pages 4 and 5), that contain determination of Energy efficiency  $\varepsilon_{\text{project,i,y}}$  and  $\varepsilon_{\text{baseline,i}}$  for equipment. In the chapter "Baseline emissions" on the page 6 there is an explanation that: Efficiencies for the project activity ( $\varepsilon_{\text{project,i,y}}$ ) should be measured monthly throughout the crediting period, and annual averages should be used for emission calculations. Efficiencies for the baseline scenario ( $\varepsilon_{\text{baseline,i}}$ ) should be measured monthly during 6 months before project implementation, and the 6 months average should be used for emission calculations. These requirements are confirmed in the PDD by tables for monitoring on the pages 13-15.

However, as it was mentioned before in this PDD, the majority of boiler-houses in Ukraine are not equipped with devices for heat-carrier expenditure measurement or heat meters. There is only one parameter that is regularly and with high precision measured in the boiler houses – fuel consumption.

For this reason, the project specific methodology was developed, that is based on the permanent measuring of the fuel consumption and amendments for possible parameters changes in baseline in comparison with reporting year. The variable parameters may be the changes in lower heating value of fuels, quality of heating service, weather changes, etc. Taking into account only equipment efficiency does not eliminate the possibilities of undersupply of heat to customers (deterioration of heat supply service), and possible weather warming in reported year, change in fuel quality, disconnection of some consumers, and other factors, and could lead to artificial overestimation of ERUs amount.

In addition, the position in ACM0009 to take (due to conservatism principle) the baseline efficiency of equipment equal to 100 % is unacceptable in "District Heating" type projects, because not only fuel switch but also increasing of the equipment (boilers) efficiency the measure in these projects. Accepting of such calculated baseline would lead to essential underestimation of results of implemented measures.

As it was already mentioned before, the majority of the heat supply enterprises and heat customers in Ukraine are not equipped with heat meters or devices for heat-carrier output (hot water for heating and hot water service) determination. Just for this reason, the methodology was developed that is based on the permanent measuring of the fuel consumption and corrections for possible changes of parameters in reporting year comparing to the baseline. The changeable parameters may be the lower heating value of fuels, quality of heating service (providing of normative temperature value inside



## DETERMINATION REPORT

apartments), weather features, number of customers, etc. As it was mentioned before, this approach eliminates any possibility of reduction of fuel consumption and correspondingly GHG emission due to incomplete delivery of heat to consumers.

In view of the above mentioned, in contrast to the methodologies AM0044 and ACM0009, our Methodology, developed for "District Heating" projects in Ukrainian conditions and used in JI Projects "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Donetsk Region", "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Chernihiv Region", "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Chernihiv Region", "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Chernihiv Region", "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Crimea", "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Kharkiv city", is the most appropriate, precise, corresponding to the principle of conservatism, and the most closely reflects the aims, goals and spirit of Kyoto Protocol.

The baseline study is planned to every year of the emission reduction purchasing, to correct adjustment factors which have an influence at the baseline. See paragraph D.1 of the PDD.

There were three alternatives of Baseline scenario that were discussed in the PDD.

The first alternative was a business-as-usual scenario with minimum reconstruction works balanced by overall degradation of DH system. For this Baseline scenario there are no barriers (no investment barrier since this scenario doesn't require the attraction of additional investments, and no technological barrier since the equipment is operated by existing skilled personnel, and additional re-training is not required), and represent the common practice in Ukraine.

The second alternative was to make reconstruction works without JI mechanism. In this case there exist both investment barrier since this scenario requires the attraction of large additional investments, and due to very large payback time and high risks it is not attractive for investments, and as well the technological barrier since operation of the new modern equipment will require additional re-training of personnel. Rehabilitation of heat supply equipment in order to improve its efficiency is not a common practice in Ukraine.

The third alternative was the shortened project activity, without any of the non-key type of activity, for example elimination of frequency controllers installation, etc., from the project. This makes project economically less attractive, with the longer pay back period.

Thus, the first alternative was chosen for Baseline scenario.

The district heating enterprises involved in the project fulfil annual minimal repairing of the DH systems to keep them working. Particularly they execute repairing of network's parts and boilers that might cause accidents. The most economically feasible and realistic scenario without carbon credits sales is a baseline scenario with very slow reconstruction activity, making a major overhaul of the heating system is not economically attractive and is not required according to valid regulations. Old boilers could remain in operation for the whole period when they pass the regular tests, with minimal repairing if necessary, without lifetime limitation; and at least during the crediting period. Switching of load from boiler-houses with obsolete equipment to modern equipped requires building of the new parts of network that is the most expensive measure. Minimal annual repairing doesn't lead to drooping of baseline



## DETERMINATION REPORT

emissions because of degradation of the whole system with efficiency droop at other objects, the overall actual emissions of Supplier would stay on the approximately same level. This scenario is less environmentally favorable for the near future (including first commitment period 2008-2012), since GHGs emissions of Supplier will continue to be kept at the same level or even higher, but economically such scenario is more attractive.

The following aspects give the ability to use chosen methodology:

- The proposed project makes the process of heat and power energy generation more effective;
- The proposed project replaces the power energy generated within United Energy System (UES).

The possible alternative baseline scenarios are the following:

(a) The first alternative is business-as-usual scenario with minimum reconstruction works, approximately balanced by overall degradation of the DH system.

It should be noted that there is no local legislation regarding the time of boilers replacement and maximum lifetime permitted for boilers. It is common practice to exploit boilers which was installed in 70 th. and even 50-60 th. and earlier in Ukraine, if they pass the technical examination pass by the authorized body ("Derzhnagliadohoronpratsi").

(b) The second alternative is to make reconstruction works without JI mechanism.

(c) The third alternative is the shortened project activity, without any of the non-key type of activity, for example elimination of frequency controllers installation, etc., from the project.

The baseline options considered do not include those options that:

- do not comply with legal and regulatory requirements; or
- depend on key resources such as fuels, materials or technology that are not available at the project site.

The identified barriers would not prevent the implementation of at least one of the alternatives – the business-as-usual scenario.

#### 3.3 Monitoring Plan

The Project uses the the baseline and monitoring methodology developed according to the Guidance on *Criteria for Baseline Setting and Monitoring* and meets the relevant UNFCCC requirements for the JI and the relevant host country criteria. Refer to section 3.2 above.

#### Corrective Action Request 5 (CAR5):

Information on the collection and archiving of information on the environmental impacts of the project is not provided.

PP's response: State department ecological safety in Rivne region issued to MHE

## BUREAU VERITAS

#### Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 02

## DETERMINATION REPORT

"Komunenegiya" Permission #560074 from 13.07.2000 "For emissions of pollution agents to atmospheric air from stationary sources". Ministry for Environmental Protection of Ukraine issued to ME RCC "Teplotransservise" Permission #5610100000-51 from 01.10.2007 "For emissions of pollution agents to atmospheric air from stationary sources". Term of validity of this Permission is 5 years. See Appendix 6 Licences to PDD version 07.

Conclusion: Supporting documents and PDD version 07 were checked. Issue is closed.

#### Corrective Action Request 6 (CAR6):

Quality control (QC) and quality assurance (QA) procedures undertaken for wood chips consumption data are not provided.

<u>PP's response</u>: The information about quality control and quality assurance procedures was added to section D.2 of the PDD version 07 and it is performed in the Annex 3 Monitoring Plan sections 4.1.4 and A 4.2.4.

<u>Conclusion:</u> PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.

#### Clarification Request 5 (CL5):

Please provide journal of wood chips consumption registration.

<u>PP's response:</u> Wood chips was used as a fuel only in Dubrovitsa town at one boilerhouse, included in this project – str. Golshanskiy, DNZ №4 – in the base year 2002. Wood chips consumption registration at ME "Teploservis" of Dubrovitsa Regional Council was realized by the consignation note from Lvivska railway and Acts of writingoff fuels. See example of railway consignment note.

Conclusion: Issue is closed.

#### Clarification Request 6 (CL6):

Please provide quality certificate from Wood chips supplier's or independent chemical lab analysis report on Average annual Heating Value of Wood chips and journal of wood chips Heating Value registration.

<u>PP's response:</u> Lower Heating Value of the wood chips (10 MJ/Nm3) was took as a wood chips from timber cutting from the table of wood chips characteristics on the site <u>http://www.energosys.info/biotoplivo/</u>.

Wood chips were used at the coal fired boilers as the reserve fuel. Using wood chips decreased anyway low efficiency (71%) of these boilers. There was no quality certificate from Wood chips supplier's or independent chemical lab analysis report on Average annual Heating Value of Wood chips because payments with Wood chips supplier "ODEK" Ltd were made without taking into account Heating Value.

<u>Conclusion</u>: Issue is closed.

#### Clarification Request 7 (CL7):

Please specify, Lower Heating Value of the wood chips and how it determined.

<u>PP's response:</u> Lower Heating Value of the wood chips (10 MJ/Nm3) was took as a wood chips from timber cutting from the table of wood chips characteristics from the site <u>http://www.energosys.info/biotoplivo/</u>

Conclusion: Issue is closed.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

Clarification Request 8 (CL8):

Please, provide reference to the relevant host Party regulation(s).

PP's response:

Law of Ukraine "On environmental protection".

Law of Ukraine "On atmospheric air protection".

Actual rules on emissions limitation: "Norms of limit admissible emissions of pollution agents from stationary sources" – adopted by Ministry for Environmental Protection of Ukraine 27.06.2006, #309 issued Ministry of and registered in Ministry of Justice of Ukraine 01.09.2006, #912/12786.

<u>Conclusion</u>: Issue is closed.

#### **3.4 Calculation of GHG Emissions**

The baseline emissions are calculated by the following formula:

$$E_{i}^{b} = E_{1i}^{b} + E_{gen i}^{b} + E_{cons i}^{b};$$

where:

 $E_i^{b}$  – baseline emissions, t CO<sub>2</sub>

 $E_{1i}^{b}$  – CO<sub>2</sub> emissions due to fuel consumption for heating and hot water supply service for an i boiler-house in the base year, t CO<sub>2</sub>e;

 $E_{gen_i}^{b}$  – CO<sub>2</sub> emissions due to electric power generation associated to the project for an i boiler-house in the base year, t CO<sub>2</sub>e;

 $E_{cons i}^{b}$  - CO<sub>2</sub> emissions due to electric power consumption for an i boiler-house in the base year, t CO<sub>2</sub>e.

For the case when in the base year the hot water supply service was provided (independent of this service duration,  $(1-a_b) \neq 0$ ), the formulae for  $E_1^{\ b}$  is:

 $E_1^{b} = LHV_b^*Cef_b^*[B_b^*a_b^*K_1^*K_h + B_b^*(1-a_b)^*K_1^*K_w],$ 

where the first term in brackets describes fuel consumption for heating, and the second one – fuel consumption for hot water supply.

For the case when in the base year the hot water supply service was absent at all ((1- $a_b$ ) = 0), and in the reported year this service was provided (due to improvement of heat supply service quality for population), the formulae for  $E_1^{b}$  is:  $E_1^{b} = LHV_b*Cef_b*[B_b*a_b*K_1*K_h + B_r*(1-a_r)*K_1*K_{w0}].$ 

where:

 $LHV_b$  – Average annual lower heating value in the base year, MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (MJ/kg); Cef – carbon emission factor, KtCO<sub>2</sub>/TJ;

 $B_b$  – amount of fuel consumed by a boiler-house in the base year, ths m<sup>3</sup> or tons; K<sub>1</sub>, K<sub>h</sub> = K<sub>2</sub>\* K<sub>3</sub>\* K<sub>4</sub>; K<sub>w</sub> = K<sub>5</sub> \* K<sub>6</sub> \* K<sub>7</sub> – adjustment factors;

 $a_b$  – portion of fuel (heat), consumed for heating purposes in the base year;

 $(1-a_b)$  – portion of fuel (heat), consumed for hot water supply services in the base year; a<sub>r</sub> – portion of fuel (heat), consumed for heating purposes in the reported year.

 $a_{b} = L_{h}^{b*}q^{*}N_{h}^{b}/(L_{h}^{b*}g^{*}N_{h}^{b}+L_{w}^{b*}N_{w}^{b});$ 



## DETERMINATION REPORT

where:

 $L_h^b$ - maximum connected load required for heating in the base year, MW;  $L_w^b$ - connected load required for hot water supply service in the base year, MW; g - recalculating factor for average load during heating period (usually 0,5-0,8); N<sub>h</sub><sup>b</sup>- duration of heating period in the base year , hours N<sub>w</sub><sup>b</sup> - duration of hot water supply service in the base year, hours

 $a_r = L_h^{r*}q^*N_h^{r'} (L_h^{r*}g^*N_h^{r}+L_w^{r*}N_w^{r})$ 

where:

 $L_h^r$  – maximum connected load required for heating in the reported year, MW;  $L_w^r$  – connected load required for hot water supply service in the reported year, MW; g – recalculating factor for average load during heating period (usually 0,5-0,8); N  $_h^r$  – duration of heating period in the reported year, hours, N $_w^r$  – duration of hot water supply service in the reported year, hours.

K<sub>1</sub>=LHV<sub>b</sub>/LHV<sub>r</sub>;

where:

 $LHV_b$  – Average annual lower heating value in the base year, MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (MJ/kg);  $LHV_r$  – Average annual lower heating value in the reported year, MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (MJ/kg)

 $K_2 = (T_{in r} - T_{out r}) / (T_{in b} - T_{out b});$ 

#### where:

 $T_{in r}$  – average inside temperature for the heating period in the reported year, K (or <sup>0</sup>C);  $T_{in b}$  – average inside temperature for the heating period in the base year, K (or <sup>0</sup>C);

 $T_{out\ r}-$  average outside temperature for the heating period in the reported year , K (or  $^{0}\text{C});$ 

 $T_{out\ b}-$  average outside temperature for the heating period in the reported year , K (or  $^{0}\text{C})$ 

$$K_{3} = [(F_{hr} - F_{htr} - F_{hnr})^{*}k_{hb} + (F_{hnr} + F_{htr})^{*}k_{hn}] / F_{hb}^{*}k_{hb};$$

where:

 $F_{hb}$  – heating area in the base year, m<sup>2</sup>;

 $F_{hr}$  – heating area in the reported year, m<sup>2</sup>;

 $F_{h n r}$  – heating area of new buildings connected to DH system (assumed with the new (improved) thermal insulation) in the reported year, m<sup>2</sup>;

 $F_{h t r}$  – heating area of buildings (previously existed in the base year) in reported year with the renewed (improved) thermal insulation, m<sup>2</sup>;

 $k_{hb}$  – average heat transfer factor of heated buildings in the base year, W/m<sup>2</sup>\*K;

 $k_{h,n}$  – heat transfer factor of heated buildings with the new thermal insulation (new buildings or old ones with improved thermal insulation), W/m<sup>2</sup>\*K.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

 $K_4 = N_{hr}/N_{hb};$ 

#### where:

N  $_{hb}$ ,- duration of heating period in the base year, hours N  $_{hr}$ - duration of heating period in the reported year, hours

 $K_5 = n_{wr} / n_{wb;}$ where: N <sub>wb</sub>,- number of customers in the base year; N <sub>wr</sub> - number of customers in the reported year

 $K_6 = v_{wr} / v_{wb};$ 

where:

 $v_{wr}$  – standard specific discharge of hot water per personal account in the reported year, (in heat units, kWh/h);

 $v_{w\,b}$  – standard specific discharge of hot water per personal account in the base year, (in heat units, kWh/h).

 $K_7 = N_{wr} / N_{wb};$ 

where:

 $N_{wr}$ - duration of hot water supply service in the reported year, hours.  $N_{wb}$ - duration of hot water supply service in the base year, hours.

 $E_{gen}^{b} = W_{b}^{*}CEF_{g} + Q_{b}^{*}f_{b}/1000^{*} LHV_{r}^{*} Cef;$ 

where:

W<sub>b</sub> – scheduled electric power production by the all new CHP units, MWh;

CEF<sub>g</sub> – Carbon Emission factor for electricity generation in Ukraine, tCO<sub>2</sub>e/MWh;

 $Q_b$  – scheduled heat energy production by the all new CHP units, MWh;

 $f_{\rm b}$  – specific natural gas consumption by the boiler-house, where CHP units are scheduled to be installed,  $m^3/MW;$ 

 $LHV_r$  – Average annual lower heating value in reported year, MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (MJ/kg) Cef – carbon emission factor, KtCO<sub>2</sub>/TJ;

 $E_{cons}^{b} = P_{b}^{*}CEF_{c};$ 

where:

 $P_b$  – electric power consumption by the boiler-houses where energy saving measures are scheduled to be implemented, MWh;

 $CEF_{c}$  – Carbon Emission factors for reducing electricity consumption in Ukraine,  $tCO_{2}e/MWh$ ;

[b] index – related to the base year;

[r] index – related to the reporting year.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

The Methodology for "District Heating" projects in Ukrainian conditions was developed for application in different Regions of Ukraine. In some Regions the consumers receive less than necessary amount of heat, in result of which the temperature inside the buildings is much lower than normative one (18 <sup>o</sup>C), and hot water supply is insufficient or absent. Therefore this Methodology allows to take into account improving of the heat supply quality for the consumers and excludes deliberate reduction of heat delivery, and, in such a way, of fuel consumption with the purpose of increasing of generation of GHG emissions reduction units (ERUs) at the project activity.

Delivery of the less than necessary amount of heat and hot water really took place previously in cities and regions of Ukraine (and takes place even now in some cities and regions where situation business-as-usual is continued), and is reflected for example in JI Projects "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Donetsk Region", "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System of Chernihiv Region", etc.

According to "Rules of rendering of heat and hot water supply service to population" № 1497 from 30.12.1997, the heat supply enterprises must make the return payments to population for delivery less than necessary for providing normative heating level amount of heat. The normative inside temperature should be not lower than 18 °C. Amount of such return payment is the following:

-5% from normative payment for every degree from 18 to 12 °C;

- 10% from normative payment for every degree from 12 to 5  $^{\circ}$ C;

- when inside temperature is lower than 5 °C the payment is to be returned completely.

Average inside temperature during the heating season is calculated from the sum of returned payments caused by insufficient heating (in case of normative level (18 <sup>0</sup>C) is not satisfied).

Above 18  $^{0}C$  – is treated as 18  $^{0}C$  (according to the conservatism principle) and as meeting the normative.

Below  $18 \, {}^{0}\text{C}$  – is treated as not meeting the normative, and is calculated as below.

The average inside temperature is calculated by formulae:

If R = 0 (according to conservatism principle for the baseline assume R < 0.05):  $T_{in b} = 18 \text{ °C}.$ If 0.05 < R ≤ 0.3 NP:  $T_{in b} = 18 - (R/5) [^{\circ}C]$ If 0.3 NP < R < NP:  $T_{in b} = 12 - [(R - 0.3 \text{ NP})/10] [^{\circ}C]$ where: R - % of return payment from NP; NP - amount of normative payment.

Thus if the inside temperature will be 18 °C or higher it will be accepted as 18 °C according to conservatism principle, if it will be lower than 18 °C it will be calculated from return payments by the methodology presented before.

With reference to this methodology, project does not lead to any leakage.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

The estimated annual average of approximately 13600 tCO2e over the crediting period of emission reduction represents a reasonable estimation using the assumptions given by the project.

#### Clarification Request 9 (CL9):

Please clarify if conservative assumptions are used to calculate project GHG emissions <u>PP's response</u>: In the PDD calculations the minimal guaranteed effects from all energy saving measures were taken into account, according to the principle of conservatism.

Also emissions reduction from implemented measures was calculated only for the next years after energy saving measures implementation. In fact result in the form of emissions reduction is achieved right away after energy saving measures implementation in the year of reconstruction, especially if it was done at the beginning of the year.

Conclusion: Issue is closed.

#### Clarification Request 10 (CL10):

Please clarify, why do you think that the possible leakage is less than 1% of the total direct emissions.

PP's response: Leakages may result from fuel extraction and transportation,

Due to reduction of fuel consumption, the possible leakages will reduce too. This leakage has not been taken into account for simplification and to be conservative. Other leakage was not identified.

Conclusion: Issue is closed.

#### 3.5 Environmental Impacts

According to the Ukrainian rules, the design documentation for the new building, reconstruction and technical re-equipment of industrial and civil objects must include the environmental impact assessment (see the State Building Norms of Ukraine A.2.2-1-2003).

The district heating enterprises involved in the project have all the necessary permissions including Environmental Impact Assessments in required cases for their activity on heating system rehabilitation according to Ukrainian legislation.

Overall, the project "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" will have a positive effect on environment. Following points will give detailed information on environmental benefits.

1. Project implementation will allow to save specific natural gas consumption. Natural gas and coal are a non-renewable resources and its economy is important.

2. Project implementation will reduce  $CO_2$  emissions in Rivne region by over 35 thousand tons per year starting from 2010 due to increased boilers efficiencies, achieved through installation of up-to-date boiler equipment, particularly new boilers, CHP units, heat exchangers, reconstruction and liquidation of Central Heating Points, and installation of pre-insulated networks pipes instead of existing regular networks pipes.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

3. Due to fuel economy and new environmentally friendlier technologies of fuel combustion, project implementation will reduce emissions of  $SO_x$ ,  $NO_x$ , CO and particulate matter (co-products of combustion).

4. It is expected that due to a better District Heating (DH) service Rivne region population will reduce electricity consumption from electric heaters thus reducing power plants emissions of  $CO_2$ ,  $SO_x$ ,  $NO_x$ , CO and particulate matter.

#### Impact on the water medium

The project possesses impact on the water medium. Impact on water resources is will be the same as in baseline scenario. The existing technology of heat energy production exploited at the objects of «Rivneteploenergo», Ltd foresees discharging of waste water to the sewage network with obligatory chemical control in accordance to Water Code of Ukraine, GOST 28.74-82 "Hygienic regulations and quality control", SNiP 4630-92 on determining maximum concentration limits for internal water bodies. Discharge of wastewater to the open water bodies will not take place.

Project implementation will have positive environmental effect. It will allow to decrease the water consumption and as a result – to decrease the amount of waste water.

#### Effects on the air emissions

The project implementation will have positive effect on air emissions:

- Reduction of  $NO_x$ ,  $SO_x$ , CO and particulate matter (PM) due to application of cleaner technologies at boiler houses;

- Reduction of electricity consumption results in lower emissions of the same air pollutants;

- Heat stress on the atmosphere (due to lower temperatures of flue gases);

- Lower emissions per unit of fuel at the same load on boiler house.

#### Effects on land use

There is no impact on the land.

Relevant regulation is the sphere of land use is presented by the Land Code of Ukraine. National technological practice/standard: GOST 17.4.1.02.-83 "Protection of Nature, Soils. Classification of chemical substances for pollution control".

#### Effects on biodiversity

There is no impact on biodiversity.

#### Waste generation, treatment and disposal

During the project implementation the generation of waste will occur after disassembling of obsolete equipment, burners, pipes, etc. Also there will occur some construction waste due to destruction of boiler settling, boiler house foundations etc.

Positive effect on the environment is recycling of old equipment is a positive effect by the definition.

#### Corrective Action Request 7 (CAR7):

Transboundary effects are not considered (no effect can be deduced only). Please, explain why the project has no transboundary impact.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

<u>PP's response</u>: Emissions are localised not far from the project sites. <u>Conclusion</u>: PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.

#### **3.6 Comments by Local Stakeholders**

As project activity won't provide negative influence on environment and negative social effect, special public discussion was not hold. The authorities of Rivne city have expressed the support for the project.

Project "Rehabilitation of the District Heating System in Rivne region" was presented at the XVII (Yalta, June 5-9, 2007) and XVIII (Yalta, June 10-14, 2008) International Conferences "Problems of Ecology and Exploitation of Energy Objects", where it was comprehensively discussed with representatives of governmental and district heating organizations.

#### 4 COMMENTS BY PARTIES, STAKEHOLDERS AND NGOS

According to the modalities for the Determination of JI projects, the AIE shall make publicly available the project design document and receive, within 30 days, comments from Parties, stakeholders and UNFCCC accredited non-governmental organizations and make them publicly available.

Bureau Veritas Certification published the project documents on the website (http://www.bureauveritas.com/) on 09/09/2009 and invited comments within 09/10/2009 by Parties, stakeholders and non-governmental organizations.

There are no comments from stakeholders.

#### **5 DETERMINATION OPINION**

Bureau Veritas Certification has performed a determination of the «District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region». The determination was performed on the basis of UNFCCC criteria and host country criteria and also on the criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting.

The determination consisted of the following three phases: i) a desk review of the project design and the baseline and monitoring plan; ii) follow-up on-site interviews with project stakeholders; iii) the resolution of outstanding issues and the issuance of the final determination report and opinion.

Project participants used the latest tool for demonstration of the additionality. In line with this tool, the PDD provides analysis of investment and other barriers to determine that the project activity itself is not the baseline scenario.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

Emission reductions attributable to the project are hence additional to any that would occur in the absence of the project activity. Given that the project is implemented and maintained as designed, the project is likely to achieve the estimated amount of emission reductions.

The review of the project design documentation (08) and the subsequent follow-up interviews have provided Bureau Veritas Certification with sufficient evidence to determine the fulfillment of stated criteria. In our opinion, the project correctly applies and meets the relevant UNFCCC requirements for the JI and the relevant host country criteria.

The determination is based on the information made available to us and the engagement conditions detailed in this report.

#### 6 REFERENCES

#### Category 1 Documents:

Documents provided by the district heating enterprises involved in the project and the Institute of Engineering Ecology that related directly to the GHG components of the project.

- 1 PDD "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" Version 05, dated 21/04/2009.
- 2 PDD "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" Version 06, dated 28/08/2009.
- 3 PDD "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" Version 07, dated 14/10/2009.
- 4 PDD "District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region" Version 08, dated 30/11/2009.
- 5 Guidelines for Users of the Joint Implementation Project Design Document Form / Version 03, JISC.
- 6 Glossary of JI terms/ Version 01, JISC.
- 7 Guidance on criteria for baseline setting and monitoring. Version 01. JISC.
- 8 Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality. Version 05.2. EB 39, Annex 10.
- 9 JISC "Clarification regarding the public availability of documents under the verification procedure under the Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee." Version 02.
- 10 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Inventories, v.2, Energy.
- 11 Operational Guidelines for Project Design Documents of Joint Implementation Projects. Volume 1. General Guidelines. Version 2.3. Ministry of Economic Affairs of the Netherlands. May 2004.
- 12 The World Resources Institute (WRI) and World Business Council for Sustainable Development. 2001. Calculating CO2 emissions from mobile sources Guide to calculation worksheets. Washington, DC: World Resources Institute.
- 13 Letter of Endorsement # 10384/20/2-7 dated 18/10/04 issued by the Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine.



## DETERMINATION REPORT

#### **Category 2 Documents:**

Background documents related to the design and/or methodologies employed in the design or other reference documents.

- /1/. Abbreviate from certificate from 05.04.1988. Chemical analysis.
- /2/. Abbreviate from the attestation protocol #3/215.
- /3/. Abbreviate from the verification protocol G 1600 ЛГ-К-200-1/30-1,6-1Ex. Ser. #3203 from 1996.
- /4/. Abbreviate from the verification protocol G 1600 ЛГ-К-200-1/30-1,6-1Ex. Ser. #3203 from 2006.
- /5/. Abbreviate from the verification protocol G 1600 ЛГ-К-200-1/30-1,6-1Ex. Ser. #5776 from 2006.
- /6/. Accreditation certificate #34/1of Metrological Service (LLC "Rudmag") dated from 07.03.2006. Valid to 15.06.2009.
- /7/. Accreditation certificate #35 of Metrological Service (LLC "Rudmag") dated from 15.06.2004. Valid to 15.06.2009.
- /8/. Additional working plan of (current) reconstruction of the boiler shops facilities and equipment and CHP (ЦТП) production stations of ME RCC "Teplotransservis" in Rivne 2009.
- /9/. Agenda of reviews of vehicles, machinery, equipments of higher risk to further safe operation term after current operation deadline dated 16.11.2004.
- /10/. Agenda of reviews of vehicles, machinery, equipments of higher risk to further safe operation term after current operation deadline. Approved by Gosnadzorohrantruda of Ukraine #258 dated 16/11/2004.
- /11/. Agreement #374 of electricity usage dated 16/11/2001. Valid to 31/12/2002.
- /12/. Annex to conformity certificate Series ADD #03854.
- /13/. Capital work to repair period 2009-2010 of the ME RCC "Teplotransservis".
- /14/. Certificate #18.
- /15/. Certificate of acceptance of the gas meter G 1600 ЛГ-К-200-1/30-1,6-1Ex. Serial # 5776. Verification date 07/08/2006.
- /16/. Certificate of the acceptance of ЛΓ-K-200-1600-16-01-Ex. Serial number 3203. Verification date 22/06/2006.
- /17/. Certificate of the attestation #28 of the Meteorological Service (LLC "Rudmag") dated 15/06/2009, valid to 15/06/2014.
- /18/. Certificate of the attestation #29 of the Meteorological Service (LLC "Rudmag") dated 15/06/2009, valid to 15/06/2014.
- /19/. Certificate of the state meteorological attestation #3/215 dated 12/05/2008.
- /20/. Certification #16
- /21/. Certification of bioler production quality. Boiler serial #1433. Boiler was reregitrated 01/02/1999. Steam boiler ДКВР 10/13 ост 3619-76 зав. №1433.
- /22/. Certification of bioler production quality. Boiler serial #1435.
- /23/. Certification of bioler production quality. Production rermission #18 dated 19/11/1993.
- /24/. Certification of bioler production quality. Serial #1011 dated September 1965.
- /25/. Certification of bioler production quality. Serial #1101 dated June 1966.



- /26/. Certification of bioler production quality. Serial #1146 dated July 1966.
- /27/. Certification of bioler production quality. Serial #22705. Boiler was reregistrated on 21/12/1998.
- /28/. Certification of bioler production quality. Serial #268, it was produced on December 1965.
- /29/. Certification of the boiler installation quality.
- /30/. Certification of the steam boiler installation quality.
- /31/. Conformity certificate Series AA #05703. Steel heating boiler. Period of validity from 27/04/2007 to 26/04/2009.
- /32/. Contract #2047 on the supply and use of electricity. Valid to 30.04.2004.
- /33/. Contract #2047 on the supply of electricity from 01.07.2005.
- /34/. Contract #374.010 on the supply and use of electricity. Valid to 31.12.2003.
- /35/. Contract #374.010 on the supply of electricity. Valid to 31.12.2007.
- /36/. Contract #521 from 05.07.2004.
- /37/. Data on the duration of the heating period and the average outside air temperature for the calendar years.
- /38/. Data on the duration of the heating period and the average outside air temperature.
- /39/. Decision of the Rivne Regional Council dated 01/08/2006.
- /40/. Decision #381 of the Rivne Regional Council (Fourth convocation) of the reorganozation of the separate communal heat power enterprise dated 17/06/2004.
- /41/. Decision #616 of the Rivne Regional Council (Fourth convocation) of communal enterprises "Teplotransservis" of the Rivne Regional Council, "Teplokomunservis" of the Rivne Regional Council dated 09/08/2005.
- /42/. Diagram of the boiler shop technological pipelines with boilers Vitomax 200M24 on the Kyivska 6-A Street.
- /43/. Direction #360 of the head of Regional State Administration of the commission for the complete property complexes transfer of KΠ "Teplotransservis" of the Rivne Regional Council and KTΠ "Komunenergia" dated 15/08/2006. Annex to the direction #360 of the head of oblderzhadministratsii dated 15/08/2006.
- /44/. Directive on the outcome of the enterprise in the winter 2009-2010 and targets to prepare for heating season 2009-2010 pp.from 30.04.2009 #231.
- /45/. Expert opinion on the results of expert examination #25321716-09-25-0024-07 from 07.08.2007.
- /46/. Gas meter G 1600. ЛГ-К-200-1/30-1,6-1-Ex.
- /47/. Gas meter G 650. ЛГ-К-150-1/30-1,6-1-Ex.
- /48/. Information letter on availability and characteristics of the feeders from 06.06.2001.
- /49/. Information letter on availability of chemical purification and feedres for water heating boiler "Viessmann Vitomax 200 M241".
- /50/. Information letter on the water line project from 06.06.2001.
- /51/. Information on the actual average temperature of external air for the last years in Rivne.
- /52/. Information on the connected loading of hot water supply at the boiler shops on 01.09.2004.



- /53/. Information on the number of consumers (people) who were using hot water supply and standards for gas consumption in the absence of hot water supply during the summer 2002.
- /54/. Information on the number of consumers (people) who were using hot water supply and standards for gas consumption in the absence of hot water supply during the summer 2003.
- /55/. Information on the number of consumers (people) who were using hot water supply during the year 2002.
- /56/. Information on the number of consumers (people) who were using hot water supply during the year 2003.
- /57/. Information on the results of the survey. Certified by SOC "Expert Technical Centre in Rivne". Valid to 07.08.2011.
- /58/. Information on the results of the survey. Certified by the Expert Technical Centre of State Labor Inspection in Rivne.
- /59/. Instruction on fire safety measures in the buildings of the boiler shop TPY #2
- /60/. KVG-65 #1. P-#389.
- /61/. KVG-65 #2. P-#390.
- /62/. KVG-65 #3. P-#550.
- /63/. Letter #193 to the director E.A. Kezle of the "Viessmann GmbH" company dated 20/04/2003.
- /64/. Letter #41 to the director E.A. Kezle of OJSC "Vissmann" dated13/03/2006.
- /65/. Licence of construction quality dated 11/07/2001.
- /66/. Licence of construction quality dated 2510/2007.
- /67/. Licence Series OB #000572 of State Committee for Nuclear Regulation in Ukraine
- /68/. Licence Series AB #119652 of Ministry of Construction, Architecture and Housing of Ukraine. Construction activity. Term of validity: from 04.08.2006 to 04.08.2011.
- /69/. Licence Series AB #147952 on heat energy production at central heating and power plants and at the plants using non-conventional and renewable sources of energy. Term of validity: from 21.09.2006 to 20.09.2009.
- /70/. Licence Series AB #345053 of Ministry of Housing from 18.06.2007.
- /71/. Licence Series AB #345069 of Ministry of Housing from 18.06.2007.
- /72/. Licence Series AB #372622 State Inspector General's Department for Highway Transportation (Golovavtotransinspekciia) from 29.08.2007.
- /73/. Licence Series A6 #9220972 on the electricity supply according to the uncontrolled rate. Term of validity: from 24.09.2003 to 23.09.2011.
- /74/. Licence Series ΠC #1221 on right to conduct entrepreneurial business of electricity supply according to the uncontrolled rate. Validity period of the licence: from 24.09.2003 to 23.09.2006.
- /75/. List of general works connected with enterprise preparation to work at the heating season 2009-2010.
- /76/. List of works proceeding of construction activity to the license AB #119652, issued by the Ministry of Construction, Architecture and Housing and Communal Services of Ukraine dated 04/08/2006. Directive #32-Л (invalid without the license).



- /77/. Logbook for the boier shop with the boilers of ДКВР type. The boiler #5.
- /78/. Logbook of boilers operation #7 Б-25-15 from 02.01.2007 to 01.03.2007.
- /79/. Logbook of boilers operation #7 Б-25-15 from 03.11.2006.
- /80/. Logbook of boilers operation Б-25-15 from 08.02.2007 to 31.03.2008.
- /81/. Logbook of changes.
- /82/. Logbook of gas metering (December-January 2008)
- /83/. Logbook of gas metering from 01.02.2009.
- /84/. Logbook of gas metering from 01.11.2002 to 01.02.2003.
- /85/. Logbook of gas metering from 15.10.2007.
- /86/. Logbook of the boiler supervisor.
- /87/. Logbook of work of the boiler shop equipment from July 2004 to November 2004/
- /88/. Logbook. Heating season 2009-2010. KTIT PMP "Komunenergiia"
- /89/. Logbook. Repairing period 2009-2010. KTIT PMP "Teplotransservis"
- /90/. Logbook. Water heating boiler ITBM-30M st.#3. Reg. #R1095
- /91/. Methods of calculating the heat load for heating residential and public buildings.
- /92/. Number of actual electricity consumption by the boiler shops for 2002-2008.
- /93/. Number of persons of each boiler shop who were provided with hot water for 2002-2008.
- /94/. Number of rooms of each boiler shop which were provided with hot water for 2005-2008.
- /95/. OE-VPT-0,68/100. Ser. #27405 dated from 10-2007.
- /96/. Organizational and technical measures which will be implemented in order to save fuel and energy resources at heating objects КП PMP "Teplotransservis" and КТП PMP "Komuneregiia" in 2009.
- /97/. Parameter chart #3 of the boiler E-2,5-0,9.
- /98/. Parameter chart of the boiler work ДКВР 10/13 #4.
- /99/. Parameter chart of the boiler work ДКВР 10/13 #6.
- /100/. Parameter chart of the test results of the boiler #1 reg.#E-657 dated 05/02/2008.
- /101/. Parameter chart of the test results of the boiler #2 reg.#E-655 dated 05/02/2008.
- /102/. Parameter chart of the test results of the boiler #3 reg.#E-655 dated 05/02/2008.
- /103/. Passport of boiler reg. #P-1850
- /104/. Passport of boiler reg. #P-436
- /105/. Passport of boiler reg. #P-437
- /106/. Passport of boiler reg. #P-439
- /107/. Passport of boiler. Reg. #E-655. Vitomax 200 M 241. Serial #187007094.
- /108/. Passport of boiler. Reg. #E-656. Vitomax 200 M 241. Serial #187007093.
- /109/. Passport of boiler. Reg. #E-657. Vitomax 200 M 241. Serial #187007092.
- /110/. Passport of heated boiler reg. #P-1095 inv. #8690
- /111/. Passport of steam boiler #6. Reg. #1091.
- /112/. Passport of steam boiler #P-1090.
- /113/. Passport of steam boiler E-2,5-0,9FM FOCT3619-82 reg. #P-1708.



/114/.	Passport of steam boiler. Belgorod boiler plant.
/115/.	Passport of steam boiler. Dorogobuzh boiler plant.
/116/.	Passport of steam boiler. Reg. #7092.
/117/.	Passport, Hot water boiler TBCM-30, P-1094.
/118/	Passport Hot water boiler Reg #P-1094
/110/	Passport Multichannel detector of analog signals MPC-8-30200-IP20 serial
/110/.	#1820 Released date 01 2008
/120/	Passport Multichannel detector of analog signals MPC-8-30200-IP20 serial
/120/.	#1820 Polocod date 01 2009
1101/	#1029. Released uale 01.2000.
/121/.	Permission #157 TIP 90 termional auministration of State Labor inspection in Divisionality region from 20.42.4000
14.001	Rivnenska region from 30.12.1998.
/122/.	Permission #5600/4 for emissions of pollutants in the atmosphere by
11001	stationary sources from 13.07.2000.
/123/.	Permission #5610100000-51 for emissions of pollutants in the atmosphere by
	stationary sources from 01.10.2007.
/124/.	Permission dated from 26.01.2009 for start-up operations. Valid to 04.06.2009.
/125/.	Permission for start-up operations from 30.05.2008.
/126/.	Permission for the commissioning of the boiler from 18.07.1973.
/127/.	Permission for the continuation of high-risk work #283.06.46-45.33.1 with the
	annex to the permission. Term of validity: from 30.06.2006 to 29.06.2011.
/128/.	Permission for the continuation of high-risk work #2853.05.30-74.30.0 with the
	annex to the permission. Term of validity: from 24.11.2005 to 24.11.2010.
/129/.	Permission for the continuation of the boiler work from 16.10.1979.
/130/.	Permission to start of facility operation #1924.06.30-28.30.0 with the annex to
	the permission. Term of validity: from 03.08.2006 to 03.08.2009.
/131/.	Permission to start of facility operation #3389.07.30-28.30.0 with the annex to
	the permission. Term of validity: from 28.11.2007 to 28.11.2010.
/132/.	Photo - Boiler #1 type ДКВР 10/13 reg. #P-438 inv. №400/705
/133/.	Photo - Boiler #2 type E-4-14FM
/134/.	Photo - Boiler #4 type ΔKBP 10/13
/135/.	Photo - Boiler #5 type ΠΚΒΡ 10/13
/136/	Photo - Boiler #6 type ΠKBP 10/13
/137/	Photo - Boiler #6 Register #P-1091
/138/	Photo - Boiler #7, Register #P-1090
/130/	Photo - Boiler #7, Register #P-1092
/140/	Photo - Boiler F-2 5-0 9FM
/1/1/	Photo - Boiler HICTV-5 #1 inventory #2720
/141/.	Photo - Boiler HIICTV-5 #2 inventory #2710
/142/.	Photo - Boiler HIICTV-5 #2 inventory #2718
/143/.	Photo - Boiler HIICTV-5 #4
/144/. /1/5/	Dhoto - Boiler HIICTV-5 #6 inventory #1760
/140/.	
/140/. /147/	FILULU - DUILEI FILULTIVI 5 #1 Desta - Doilor HILCTVI 5 #9 inventory #4769
/14//.	
/148/.	Photo - Boller Hill I y-5 #9 Desta - Evaluating numeral ( 20/20 #2
/149/.	Photo - Fueling pump K-20/30 $\#$ 2
/150/.	Photo - Gas meter G 1600 JII -K-200-1/30-1,6-1-Ex



Released year

#### Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 02

/151/.	Photo - Gas meter ЛГ-80-180-18-04
/152/.	Photo - Heater of water network ПДС-4-200 №1
/153/.	Photo - Heater of water network ПДС-4-200 №2
/154/.	Photo - Heater of water network ПДС-4-200 №3
/155/.	Photo - Network pump #1 6НДЗ-60
/156/.	Photo - Network pump #1 K-290/30
/157/.	Photo - Network pump #2 Д 320/70
/158/.	Photo - Network pump #2 K-290/30
/159/.	Photo - Pump of water network #4 GRUNDFOS TP 100-700/2/ Released
	2007.
/160/.	Photo - Regime pump #1 Д 320/70.
/161/.	Photo - Steam turbine #1. Туре Р 2,5-15/3 м
/162/.	Photo - Steam turbine #2. Туре Р 2,5-15/3 м
/163/.	Photo - Transducer of preasure difference Сапфир-22М-ДД Model 2440

- /164/. Photo Turbogenerator. Type T-8,5-293. Ser. # 57873.
- /165/. Photo VLT. HVAC Drive.
- /166/. Photo Water pump ЦНСГ 38/44
- /167/. Photo KTII PMP "Komunenergia". Boiler shop.
- /168/. Photo- Differential manometer ДМ-3583М ТУ25-02031698-78
- /169/. Planned substitution of heating networks emergency areas from isolated pipes in the polyurethane wrapper by KIT PMP "Teplotransservis" production stations in 2009, Rivne.
- /170/. Planned substitution of heating networks emergency areas from isolated pipes in the polyurethane wrapper by KTI PMP "Komunenergia" production stations in 2009, Rivne.
- /171/. Primary substitution of the heat networks from isolated pipes in the polyurethane wrapper by KIT PMP "Teplotransservis" production stations in 2009. Rivne.
- /172/. Primary substitution of the heat networks from isolated pipes in the polyurethane wrapper by KTI PMP "Komunenergia" production stations in 2009, Rivne.
- /173/. Producer warranties. Verification date 28.07.2008.
- /174/. Program of the steam boiler expert examination, type E25/15 FM. Serial #1101; reg. # 3-1091 dated 03/07/2007.
- /175/. Protocol #2 of metering of relative ovality, the control scope in accordance to "Regulation of technical diagnostics of power equipments of Ministry of Industrial Policy of Ukraine enterprises".
- /176/. Protocol #3 of the magnet powder conrtol results. Licence 9309.
- /177/. Protocol #4 of the magnet powder conrtol results. Licence 9309.
- /178/. Protocol #5 of the magnet powder conrtol results. Licence 9309.
- /179/. protocol #8 of wall thickness measuring.
- /180/. Protocol on agreement of agreed price to the scientific and technical products "preparation of output information for the application creation to CO2 emission reduction JI project due to creation of the mini-CHP based on the heating boiler shop" in accordance to the contract #521 dated 05/07/2004.
- /181/. Registration #31 of the boiler dated 28/11/1968.



## **DETERMINATION REPORT**

/182/.	Registration, Boiler register #9226, Boiler re-registration 19/12/2005.
/183/	Registration, Heating water boiler Vitomax 200 M 241, Serial #187007092
,	Register #E-657 dated 30/10/2007
/184/	Registration Heating water boiler Vitomax 200 M 241 Serial #187007093
/104/.	Productor $\#E_{656}$ dated $30/10/2007$
/10E/	Registration Heating water bailer Vitemax 200 M 241 Serial #197007004
/185/.	Registration. Heating water boller vitomax 200 M 241. Senai #187007094.
14001	Register #E-655 dated $\frac{30}{10}\frac{2007}{2007}$ .
/186/.	Report on the results of the fuel, heat energy and electricity for January-
	December 2002.
/187/.	Report on the results of the fuel, heat energy and electricity for January-
	December 2003.
/188/.	Report on the results of the fuel, heat energy and electricity for January-
	December 2004.
/189/.	Report on the results of the fuel, heat energy and electricity for January-
	December 2005.
/190/.	Report on the results of the fuel, heat energy and electricity for January-
	December 2006.
/191/.	Report on the results of the fuel, heat energy and electricity for January-
	December 2007.
/192/	Report on the results of the fuel heat energy and electricity for January-
, 102, .	December 2008
/103/	Report on the start-up test of three water heating boilers Vitomax 200 M2/1 of
/100/.	the company Viessmann with new or of 0.3 MW installed at the boiler shop at
	62 Kujucka stroot in Piuno from 05 02 2008
/104/	Da Ryivska Sileet in Rivie nom 05.02.2000.
/194/.	Resolution #050 on approval of fulles of providing central heating services, not
	and cold water supply and drainage system, and model contract of providing
	central neating services, not and cold water supply and drainage system dated
14051	21/07/2005.
/195/.	Schedule of certification of buildings, structures (chimneys) 2009.
/196/.	Schedule of hot water supply by the boiler shops for 2002-2008.
/197/.	Schedule of hydraulic tests of heating networks КП РМР "Komunenergia"
	during repairing period 2009-2010.
/198/.	Schedule of hydraulic tests of heating networks KI PMP "Transservis" during
	repairing period 2009-2010.
/199/.	Schedule of repairing roofs of boiler rooms.
/200/.	Scheme of boiler heating networks on Soborna Street 225-K.
/201/.	Scheme of gas equipment k/a Vitomax 200 M 241 #2 boiler on Kvivska Street
	6-A.
/202/	Scheme of the boilers expert examination (technical diagnostics) pipelines that
,202,.	installed at the boiler shops of KII "Teplotransservia" and KTII "Komunenergia"
	and technical cartifying by experts in 2009
12021	Scheme of the staff evacuation from the first fleer of the bailer chan in case of
/203/.	the fire deted 02/04/2004
10041	lie lie udleu U2/U4/2004. Schemaaf zag blagding EDV #4 beiler en Kuivake Otrest 0.4
/204/.	Schemeor gas bleeding i Py #1 boller on Kulvska Street 6-A.
/205/.	Specification dated 03/02/2003.

/206/. Specification dated 26/02/2003.



- /207/. Standards and guidelines for regulation of fuel and heat energy consumption by heating residental and public buildings, and for dwelling-living needs in Ukraine.1995.
- /208/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2003 from 12.01.2005.
- /209/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2004 from 17.01.2005.
- /210/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2004 from 20.01.2005.
- /211/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2005 from 10.01.2009.
- /212/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2006 from 15.01.2007.
- /213/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2007 from January 2007.
- /214/. State statistical observation. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2008 from January 2009.
- /215/. State statistical observation. Report on the results of the use of fuel, heat and electricity for January-December 2002 from 10.01.2003.
- /216/. State statistical reporting. Report on the heat energy supply for the year 2002 from January 2004.
- /217/. Statement #1of visual inspection and geometric measurements of collector elements, water circulators, pipes of heating surfaces. Certificate #8131/
- /218/. Statement dated from 01.03.2003. SOC "Dubrovytsiakomunenergiia"
- /219/. Statement of analysis of operation, design and repair documentation and expert examination of metal steam boiler metal ser. #1101, reg. #1091, st. #6 installed at the boiler shop on Pr. Volodymyr street in Rivne dated from 06.08.2007.
- /220/. Statement of boiler testing on steam density and adjustment of relief valves dated from 03.11.1993.
- /221/. Statement of fettling of automatics of boiler safety and signalling at the boiler shop on 6A Kyivska street dated from 26.10.2008.
- /222/. Statement of fettling of automatics of steam boiler safety 525/15 FM #7 at the boiler shop on 75 Pr. Volodymyr street dated from 03.01.2008.
- /223/. Statement of fettling of automatics of water heating boiler safety TBFM-30 #1 at the boiler shop on 75 Pr. Volodymyr street dated from 15.10.2007.
- /224/. Statement of hydraulic testing of the boiler dated rom 06.08.2007.
- /225/. Statement of repairement and fettling of automatics of boiler safety and signalling at the boiler KTII PMP "Komunenergiia" dated from 02.09.2008.
- /226/. Statement of SOC "Dubrovytsiakomunenergiia" dated from 01.03.2002
- /227/. Statement of working order of the boiler dated from 06.06.2001.
- /228/. Statement of working order of the boiler dated from 25.10.2007.
- /229/. Statute #38/01 of utility enterprise "Teplotransservis" of Rivne city council dated 26/01/2007.
- /230/. Steam boiler ДКВР 10/13 ост. 3619-76 зав. №1135.
- /231/. Table. Amount of actual electricity and heat energy production in 2002-2008



## DETERMINATION REPORT

and actual gas spenging in 2008 on boiler shops.

- /232/. Table. Amount of actual electricity consumption on boiler shops in 2002-2008.
- /233/. Table. Heating areas in 2002-2008.
- /234/. Table. Indicatirs of energy consumption of KIT PMP "Teplotransservis".
- /235/. Table. Indicatirs of energy consumption of KTIT PMP "Komunenergia".
- /236/. Technical passport of the gas-fired burner. AB #200726907.
- /237/. Technical passport P-436
- /238/. Technical passport P-437. Steam boiler F-10-14 (ДКВР 10/13) serial #22705.
- /239/. Technical passport P-439
- /240/. Technical report #25321716-09-25-0024-07 of the expert examination (technical diagnostics).
- /241/. The amendment to the statute of the public enterprises "Teplotransservis" of the administrative board of Rivne #614/01 from 27.11.2008.
- /242/. Thermaks. Type PTA-42, ser. #12. Production year 2008.
- /243/. Turbine gas meter. ЛГ-К-Ех G 1600 ЛГ-К-200-1/30-1,6-1. Passport Фб2. 784. 008 ПС
- /244/. Verification data. Verification date 24.07.08. Quality service.
- /245/. VITOMAX 200. Low pressure hot water boiler. Type M241 008. Production number 187007092.
- /246/. VITOMAX 200. Low pressure hot water boiler. Type M241 008. Production number 187007093.
- /247/. VITOMAX 200. Low pressure hot water boiler. Type M241 008. Production number 187007094.
- /248/. Waybill #15 from 31.05.2002. TC "Komunenergiia"
- /249/. Waybill #18 from 20.02.2002. SOC "Dubrovyciiakomunenergia"
- /250/. Waybill #35328268 from 04.02.2005. TC "Komunenergiia"
- /251/. Waybill #35328268 from 04.02.2005. TC "Komunenergiia"
- /252/. Waybill #35637614. TC "Komunenergiia"
- /253/. Waybill #67 from 31.05.2002. SOC "Dubrovyciiakomunenergiaa"
- /254/. Waybill for shipment #189 from 20.02.2003. TC "Komunenergiia"
- /255/. Work plan of the capital (current) repair of premises and boiler shpo equipments, and ЦТП production stations of КП PMP "Teplotransservis" in 2009, Rivne.
- /256/. Work plan of the capital (current) repair of premises and boiler shpo equipments, and ЦТП production stations of КТП PMP "Komunenergia" in 2009, Rivne.
- /257/. Work scheme of the preparation of heating facilities by KTII PMP "Komunenergia" production stations to work in autumn-winter 2009-2010, Rivne.
- /258/. Work scheme of the preparation of KΠ PMP "Teplotransservis" heating facilities to work in autumn-winter 2009-2010.
- /259/. MPC-8 Multichannel analog signals recorder. Technical description and operating manual. Passport. 2006.

#### Persons interviewed:



## DETERMINATION REPORT

List persons interviewed during the determination or persons that contributed with other information that are not included in the documents listed above.

- /1/ Serhij Paladiychuk chairman of the Rivne representative office of civil society development Fund
- /2/ Mykola Tarasyuk chairman of standing committee on municipal economy, ecology, transport and connection questions; chief ZHKP «Western»
- /3/ Deputy of Rivne city advice Ivan Turko national deputy; a representative of Ukrainian national party in Rivne
- /4/ Dubrovin A.V. chief of changing
- /5/ Vorobey O.A. operator
- /6/ Goloyug G.O. operator
- /7/ Veremchuk U.D. chief of area #2
- /8/ Zhavoronkov V.U. chief engineer of area #2
- /9/ Kursik O.A. watchman
- /10/ Kapac L.L. operator
- /11/ Semenchuk N.O. operator
- /12/ Semenov A.L. chief of area #1
- /13/ Torubko V.T. chief engineer of area #1
- /14/ Dib'yak V.E. chief of area #9
- /15/ Yuschuk O.V. chief engineer of area #9
- /16/ Timoschuk M.O. watchman
- /17/ Zakharov V.I. chief area #3
- /18/ Kravchuk V.P. engineer of area #3
- /19/ Parchuk G.M. operator of boiler room
- /20/ Lukashova M.V. watchman
- /21/ Endrushak V.V. chief of boiler room
- /22/ Pereverzev S.V. engineer
- /23/ Sasko L.F. watchman
- /24/ Kolodiy S.A. chief of area #8
- /25/ Nevinniy V.V. chief engineer of area #8
- /26/ Voycovich N.A. operator

- 000 **-**



#### DETERMINATION REPORT

#### **APPENDIX A: DETERMINATION PROTOCOL**

BUREAU VERITAS CERTIFICATION HOLDING SAS

Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 01

DETERMINATION REPORT - "DISTRICT HEATING SYSTEM REHABILITATION IN RIVNE REGION"

#### JI PROJECT DETERMINATION PROTOCOL

#### Table 1 Mandatory Requirements for Joint Implementation (JI) Projects

REQUIREMENT	REFERENCE	CONCLUSION	Cross Reference to this protocol
<b>1.</b> The project shall have the approval of the Parties involved	Kyoto Protocol Article 6.1 (a)	See CAR2. After finishing of project determination report, the PDD and Determination Report will be presented to National Environmental Investments Agency of Ukraine for receiving of the Letter of Approval. The Letter of Approval from the country - investor will be provided after	Table 2, Section A.5



REQUIREMENT	REFERENCE	CONCLUSION	Cross Reference to this protocol
		approval of project by	
		National Environmental	
		Investment Agency of	
		Ukraine	
		35, Urytskogo str.	
		03035 Kiev	
		Ukraine	
		Email: info.neia@gmail.com	
		Mr. Igor Lupaltsov	
		Head	
		Filone: +300 44 594 9111	
		Fax. +360 44 394 9113	
		Email. <u>Iupailsov@ukr.net</u>	
		Federal Environment	
		Agency; German	
		Emissions Trading	
		Authority	
		Bismarckplatz 1	
		14193 Berlin	
		Germany	
		Mr. Sebastian Honicke	
		Phone: +49 30 89 03 50 50	
		Email:	



REQUIREMENT	REFERENCE	CONCLUSION	Cross Reference to this protocol
		German. <u>dna.dfp@uba.de</u>	
<b>2.</b> Emission reductions, or an enhancement of removal by sinks, shall be additional to any that would otherwise occur	Kyoto Protocol Article 6.1 (b)	ОК	Table 2, Section B
<b>3.</b> The sponsor Party shall not acquire emission reduction units if it is not in compliance with its obligations under Articles 5 & 7	Kyoto Protocol Article 6.1 (c)	CAR1: There is no information about sponsor Party.	
<b>4.</b> The acquisition of emission reduction units shall be supplemental to domestic actions for the purpose of meeting commitments under Article 3	Kyoto Protocol Article 6.1 (d)	ОК	
5. Parties participating in JI shall designate national focal points for approving JI projects and have in place national guidelines and procedures for the approval of JI projects	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §20	National Environmental Investment Agency of Ukraine	
6. The host Party shall be a Party to the Kyoto Protocol	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §21(a)/24	The Ukraine is a Party (Annex I Party) to the Kyoto Protocol and has ratified the Kyoto Protocol at April 12th, 2004.	
7. The host Party's assigned amount shall have been calculated and recorded in accordance with the modalities for the accounting of assigned amounts	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §21(b)/24	This issue cannot be answered finally as it is out of the influence of the project participants. In the Initial Report submitted by Ukraine on 29. Dec. 2006	



REQUIREMENT	REFERENCE	CONCLUSION	Cross Reference to this protocol
8. The host Party shall have in place a national registry in accordance with Article 7, paragraph 4	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §21(d)/24	the AAUs are quantified with: 925 362 174.39 (x 5) tCO2-e. (compare http://unfccc.int/national_repo rts/initial_reports_under_the kyoto_protocol/items/3765.ph p) The designed system of the national_registry has been outlined in the Initial Report (see link above). This issue is out of the influence of the project owner. The National Registry is not a direct requirement for project registration.	
<b>9.</b> Project participants shall submit to the independent entity a project design document that contains all information needed for the determination	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §31	ОК	
<b>10.</b> The project design document shall be made publicly available and Parties, stakeholders and UNFCCC accredited observers shall be invited to, within 30 days, provide comments	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §32	09/09/09-09/10/09 at the Bureau Veritas website: www.bureauveritas.com.ua	
<b>11.</b> Documentation on the analysis of the environmental impacts of the project activity, including transboundary impacts, in accordance with procedures as determined by the host Party	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities,	The district heating enterprises involved in the project have all the	Table 2, Section F



#### DETERMINATION REPORT

REQUIREMENT	REFERENCE	CONCLUSION	Cross Reference to this protocol
shall be submitted, and, if those impacts are considered significant by the project participants or the Host Party, an environmental impact assessment in accordance with procedures as required by the Host Party shall be carried out	§33(d)	necessary permissions including Environmental Impact Assessments in required cases for their activity on heating system rehabilitation according to Ukrainian legislation.	
<b>12.</b> The baseline for a JI project shall be the scenario that reasonably represents the GHG emissions or removal by sources that would occur in absence of the proposed project	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, Appendix B	ОК	Table 2, Section B
<b>13.</b> A baseline shall be established on a project-specific basis, in a transparent manner and taking into account relevant national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, Appendix B	ОК	Table 2, Section B
<b>14.</b> The baseline methodology shall exclude to earn CERs for decreases in activity levels outside the project activity or due to force majeure	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, Appendix B	ОК	Table 2, Section B
<b>15.</b> The project shall have an appropriate monitoring plan	Marrakech Accords, JI Modalities, §33(c)	ОК	Table 2, Section D
<b>16.</b> A project participant may be: (a) A Party involved in the JI project; or (b) A legal entity authorized by a Party involved to participate in the JI project.	JISC "Modalities of communication of Project Participants with	See CAR2. Conclusion is pending until Letters of Approval authorizing the project	Table 2, Section A

42



#### DETERMINATION REPORT

REQUIREMENT	REFERENCE	CONCLUSION	Cross Reference to this protocol
	the JISC" Version 01, Clause A.3	participants by Parties involved will be issued.	

#### Table 2 Requirements Checklist

CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A. General Description of the project					
A.1 Title of the project					
A.1.1. Is the title of the project activity presented?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	"District Heating System Rehabilitation in Rivne Region"	OK	OK
A.1.2. Is the current version number of the document presented?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Current version is indicated in the PDD	OK	ОК
A.1.3. Is the date when the document was completed presented?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Dated August 28, 2009	OK	ОК
A.2. Description of the project					
A.2.1. Is the purpose of the project activity included?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section A.2 of the PDD. The project consists of two parts: rehabilitation of DH system of Rivne city and rehabilitation of DH system of Rivne region. 12 boiler-houses with 78 boilers and 110 km of heat distributing networks are involved in the rehabilitation of Rivne city and 7 boiler-	ОК	ОК



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			houses with 19 boilers and 11 km of heat distributing networks are involved in the rehabilitation of Rivne region. The total number of boiler-houses which are involved in the project is 19 with 97 boilers and 121 km heat distribution networks. Beside this project provides installation of cogeneration units at boiler houses Knyazya Volodymyra, 71 (two steam-turbines 2,5 MW each). This is the large part of Rivne regional DH system.		
A.2.2. Is it explained how the proposed project activity reduces greenhouse gas emissions?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section A.2 of the PDD. The project main goal is fuel consumption reduction, in particular reduction of natural gas (which is imported to Ukraine), coal and oil consumption, by means of district heating system rehabilitation in Rivne region, including boiler and distribution network equipment replacement and rehabilitation, and installation of combined heat and power production plants. Such reduction of fuel consumption will result in decrease of greenhouse gas emissions ( $CO_2$ and $N_2O$ ). The purpose of the project is sustainable development of the region through implementation of energy saving technologies.	ОК	OK
A.3. Project participants					



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A.3.1. Are project participants and Party(ies) involved in the project listed?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section A.3 of the PDD Ukraine (Host Party): «Rivneteploenergo», Ltd is a Supplier of this project. ; Institute of Engineering Ecology, Ltd Deutsche Bank AG (Germany) is a purchaser of this project. See A3 and A5 of PDD Version 08.	ОК	ОК
A.3.2. Are project participants authorized by a Party involved?	1,2,3 ,4,5	DR	See section A.5.1 (CAR2) below	-	-
A.3.3. The data of the project participants are presented in tabular format?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section A.3 of the PDD	ОК	OK
A.3.4. Is contact information provided in annex 1 of the PDD?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See Annex 1 of the PDD. Please, clarify why second table of the Annex1 is empty?	CL1	
A.3.5. Is it indicated, if it is the case, if the Party involved is a host Party?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Ukraine (Host Party)	OK	OK
A.4. Technical description of the project					
A.4.1. Location of the project activity					
A.4.1.1. Host Party(ies)	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Ukraine	OK	OK
A.4.1.2. Region/State/Province etc.	1,2,3	DR	Rivne Region. See section A.4.1.2 of the	OK	OK



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
	,4		PDD		
A.4.1.3. City/Town/Community etc.	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Rivne city and towns of the Rivne region See section A.4.1.2 of the PDD	OK	ОК
A.4.1.4. Detail of the physical location, including information allowing the unique identification of the project. (This section should not exceed one page)	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section A.4.1.4 of the PDD	ОК	OK
A.4.2. Technology(ies) to be employed, or measures, operations or actions to be implemented by the project					
A.4.2.1. Does the project design engineering reflect current good practices?	1,2,3	DR	See section A.4.2 of the PDD	OK	OK
A.4.2.2. Does the project use state of the art technology or would the technology result in a significantly better performance than any commonly used technologies in the host country?	1,2,3	DR	See section A.4.2 of the PDD	ОК	ОК
A.4.2.3. Is the project technology likely to be substituted by other or more efficient technologies within the project period?	1,2,3	DR	Please, clarify if the project technology is likely to be substituted by other or more efficient technologies within the project period.	CL2	
A.4.2.4. Does the project require extensive initial training and maintenance efforts in order to work as presumed during the project period?	1,2,3	DR	Please, clarify if the project requires extensive initial training and maintenance efforts in order to work as presumed during the project period.	CL3	
A.4.2.5. Does the project make provisions for meeting training and maintenance needs?	1,2,3	DR	Please, clarify if the project makes provisions for meeting training and maintenance needs.	CL4	



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A.4.3. Brief explanation of how the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources are to be reduced by the proposed JI project, including why the emission reductions would not occur in the absence of the proposed project, taking into account national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances					
A.4.3.1. Is it stated how anthropogenic GHG emission reductions are to be achieved? (This section should not exceed one page)	1,2,3 ,4,5, 6	DR	See section A.2.2 of the PDD	ОК	ОК
A.4.3.2. Is it provided the estimation of emission reductions over the crediting period?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Total estimated amount of emissions reduction for which ERUs will be received (t CO2-eq.) during 2008 – 2012 is about: 216735,3 tCO2eq."	OK	ОК
A.4.3.3. Is it provided the estimated annual reduction for the chosen credit period in tCO <sub>2</sub> e?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	The estimated annual reduction for the chosen credit period is about: $47269,1$ tCO <sub>2</sub> e	ОК	ОК
A.4.3.4. Are the data from questions A.4.3.2 to A.4.3.4 above presented in tabular format?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section A.4.3.1 of the PDD.	ОК	OK
A.5. Project approval by the Parties involved					
A.5.1. Are written project approvals by the Parties involved attached?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	There is no evidence of written project approvals by the Parties involved. Pending untill LoAs by Parties involved will be issued.	CAR2	-
B. Baseline					
B.1. Description and justification of the baseline chosen					



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.1.1. Is the chosen baseline described?	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	JI specific methodology	OK	OK
B.1.2. Is it justified the choice of the applicable baseline for the project category?	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	See section B.1 of the PDD.	OK	OK
B.1.3. Is it described how the methodology is applied in the context of the project?	1,2,3 ,4,5, 6	DR	See section B.1 of the PDD.	ОК	ОК
B.1.4. Are the basic assumptions of the baseline methodology in the context of the project activity presented (See Annex 2)?	1,2,3 ,4,5, 6	DR	See section B.1 of the PDD.	ОК	ОК
B.1.5. Is all literature and sources clearly referenced?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section B.1 of the PDD	OK	ОК
B.2. Description of how the anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources are reduced below those that would have occurred in the absence of the JI project					
B.2.1. Is the proposed project activity additional?	1,2,3 ,4,6, 7	DR	See section B.2 of the PDD.	OK	ОК
B.2.2. Is the baseline scenario described?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See sections B.1 and B.2 of the PDD. The Baseline scenario is a business-as- usual scenario with minimum reconstruction works balanced by overall degradation of DH system.	OK	ОК
B.2.3. Is the project scenario described?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section B.2 of the PDD. The anthropogenic emissions of GHG will	OK	OK



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			be reduced due to complex modernization of heat generating and distributing equipment with application of the technologies proposed in the project activities and described above, which include replacement of old obsolete boilers by new ones with higher efficiency, replacement of obsolete coal-fired boilers by the modern gas-fired ones, frequency controllers installation, reconstruction and liquidation of CHP (Central Heating Points), installation of cogeneration units, renovation of degraded heat distribution networks with using of the pre-insulated pipes.		
B.2.4. Is an analysis showing why the emissions in the baseline scenario would likely exceed the emissions in the project scenario incluede?	1,2,3 ,4,5	DR	See section A.2.2 above and section B.2 of the PDD	ОК	ОК
B.2.5. Is it demonstrated that the project activity itself is not a likely baseline scenario?	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	See section B.2 of the PDD.	ОК	OK
B.2.6. Are national policies and circumstances relevant to the baseline of the proposed project activity summarized?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section B.2 of the PDD. It should be noted that there is no local legislation regarding the time of boilers replacement and maximum lifetime permitted for boilers. It is common practice to exploit boilers which was installed in 70 th. and even 50-60 th. and earlier in Ukraine, if they pass the technical examination pass by the authorized body	ОК	ОК

49



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			("Derzhnagliadohoronpratsi").		
B.3. Description of how the definition of the project boundary is applied to the project activity					
B.3.1. Are the project's spatial (geographical) boundaries clearly defined?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section B.3 of the PDD	OK	ОК
B.4. Further baseline information, including the date of baseline setting and the name(s) of the person(s)/entity(ies) setting the baseline					
B.4.1. Is the date of the baseline setting presented (in DD/MM/YYYY)?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	20/09/2004	OK	ОК
B.4.2. Is the contact information provided?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	The baseline is determined by the Institute of Engineering Ecology (IEE), project developer and project partner, and ME RCC "Teplotransservice", project supplier. See annex 1 of the PDD	ОК	ОК
B.4.3. Is the person/entity also a project participant listed in Annex 1 of PDD?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See annex 1 of the PDD	OK	ОК
C. Duration of the small-scale project and crediting period					
C.1. Starting date of the project					
C.1.1. Is the project's starting date clearly defined?	1,2,3 ,4,5	DR	15/03/2003	ОК	OK
C.2. Expected operational lifetime of the project					
C.2.1. Is the project's operational lifetime clearly defined in years and months?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Please, provide the project's operational lifetime in years and months.	CAR3	

01 B U R E A U V E R I T A S

DETERMINATION REPORT

CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
C.3. Length of the crediting period					
C.3.1. Is the length of the crediting period specified in years and months?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Please, provide the length of the crediting period in years and months.	CAR4	
D. Monitoring Plan					
D.1. Description of monitoring plan chosen					
D.1.1. Is the monitoring plan defined?	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	Refer to section D.1.1 of PDD	OK	ОК
D.1.2. Option 1 – Monitoring of the emissions in the project scenario and the baseline scenario.	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	Refer to section D.1.1 of PDD	OK	ОК
D.1.3. Data to be collected in order to monitor emissions from the project, and how these data will be archived.	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	Refer to section D.1.1.1 of PDD Please provide journal of wood chips consumption registration. Please provide quality certificate from Wood chips supplier's or independent chemical lab analysis report on Average annual Heating Value of Wood chips and journal of wood chips Heating Value registration.	CL5 CL6	
D.1.4. Description of the formulae used to estimate project emissions (for each gas, source etc,; emissions in units of CO2 equivalent).	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.1.2 of PDD	OK	ОК
D.1.5. Relevant data necessary for determining the baseline of anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases by sources within the project boundary, and	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.1.3 of PDD. Please specify, Lower Heating Value of the wood chips and how it determined.	CL7	

## Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 01



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
how such data will be collected and archived.					
D.1.6. Description of the formulae used to estimate baseline emissions (for each gas, source etc,; emissions in units of CO2 equivalent).	1,2,3 ,4,9, 11	DR	Refer to section D.1.1.4 of PDD	ОК	ОК
D.1.7. Option 2 – Direct monitoring of emissions reductions from the project (values should be consistent with those in section E)	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.2 of PDD.	ОК	ОК
D.1.8. Data to be collected in order to monitor emission reductions from the project, and how these data will be archived.	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.2.1 of PDD. N/A	ОК	ОК
D.1.9. Description of the formulae used to calculate emission reductions from the project (for each gas, source etc,; emissions/emission reductions in units of CO2 equivalent).	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.2.2 of PDD.	ОК	ОК
D.1.10. If applicable, please describe the data and information that will be collected in order to monitor leakage effects of the project.	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	Refer to section D.1.3.1 of PDD. N/A	ОК	ОК
D.1.11.Description of the formulae used to estimate leakage (for each gas, source etc,; emissions in units of CO2 equivalent).	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.3.2 of PDD. Leakage is not expected.	OK	ОК
D.1.12. Description of the formulae used to estimate emission reductions for the project (for each gas, source etc,; emissions in units of CO2 equivalent).	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to section D.1.4 of PDD	OK	ОК
D.1.13.Is information on the collection and archiving of information on the environmental impacts of the project provided?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Refer to section D.1.5 of PDD. Information on the collection and archiving of information on the environmental impacts of the project is not provided.	CAR5	



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
D.1.14. Is reference to the relevant host Party regulation(s) provided?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Please, provide reference to the relevant host Party regulation(s)	CL8	
D.1.15. If not applicable, is it stated so?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Reference to section D.1.14 (CL) above	-	-
D.2. Qualitative control (QC) and quality assurance (QA) procedures undertaken for data monitored					
D.2.1. Are there quality control and quality assurance procedures to be used in the monitoring of the measured data established?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section D.2 of the PDD. Quality control (QC) and quality assurance (QA) procedures undertaken for wood chips consumption data are not provided.	CAR6	
D.3. Please describe of the operational and management structure that the project operator will apply in implementing the monitoring plan					
D.3.1. Is it described briefly the operational and management structure that the project participants(s) will implement in order to monitor emission reduction and any leakage effects generated by the project activity	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section D.3 of the PDD	ОК	ОК
D.4.Name of person(s)/entity(ies) establishing the monitoring plan					
D.4.1. Is the contact information provided?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section D.4 of the PDD where all contact information is provided.	ОК	OK
D.4.2. Is the person/entity also a project participant listed in Annex 1 of PDD?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See Annex 1 of the PDD	OK	OK



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
E. Estimation of greenhouse gases emission reductions					
E.1. Estimated project emissions					
E.1.1. Are described the formulae used to estimate anthropogenic emissions by source of GHGs due the project?	1,2,3 ,4,9	DR	See sections D.1.1.2, E.1 of the PDD and Appendix 1-2, 4.	OK	ОК
E.1.2. Is there a description of calculation of GHG project emissions in accordance with the formula specified in for the applicable project category?	1,2,3 ,4,9	DR	See sections D.1.1.2, E.1 of the PDD and Appendix 1-2, 4.	ОК	ОК
E.1.3. Have conservative assumptions been used to calculate project GHG emissions?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Please clarify if conservative assumptions are used to calculate project GHG emissions.	CL9	
E.2. Estimated leakage					
E.2.1. Are described the formulae used to estimate leakage due to the project activity where required?	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	Please clarify, why you think that the possible leakage is less than 1% of the total direct emissions.	CL10	
E.2.2. Is there a description of calculation of leakage in accordance with the formula specified in for the applicable project category?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to E.2.1 (CL) above.	-	-
E.2.3. Have conservative assumptions been used to calculate leakage?	1,2,3 ,4,6	DR	Refer to E.2.1 (CL) above.	-	-
E.3. The sum of E.1 and E.2.					
E.3.1. Does the sum of E.1 and E.2 represent the project activity emissions?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See sections E.3 of the PDD. Refer to E.2.1 (CL) above.	-	
E.4. Estimated baseline emissions					

BUREAU VERITAS

#### DETERMINATION REPORT

CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
E.4.1. Are described the formulae used to estimate the anthropogenic emissions by source of GHGs in the baseline using the baseline methodology for the applicable project category?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to sections E.4 and B of the PDD. See Appendix 4.	OK	ОК
E.4.2. Is there a description of calculation of GHG baseline emissions in accordance with the formula specified in for the applicable project category?	1,2,3 ,4,10	DR	Refer to sections E.4 and B of the PDD. See Appendix 4.	ОК	ОК
E.4.3. Have conservative assumptions been used to calculate baseline GHG emissions?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section B of the PDD.	ОК	ОК
E.5. Difference between E.4. and E.3. representing the emission reductions of the project					
E.5.1. Does the difference between E.4. and E.3. represent the emission reductions due to the project during a given period?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Refer to E.5 of the PDD.	ОК	ОК
E.6. Table providing values obtained when applying formulae above					
E.6.1. Is there a table providing values of total CO <sub>2</sub> abated?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	Table presented in section E.6 of the PDD	ОК	ОК
F. Environmental Impacts					
F.1. Documentation on the analysis of the environmental impacts of the project, including transboundary impacts, in accordance with procedures as determined by the host Party					
F.1.1. Has an analysis of the environmental impacts of the project been sufficiently described?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Section F.1 of PDD gives sufficient environment impact analysis description.	OK	ОК

# Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 01





CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
F.1.2. Are there any Host Party requirements for an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), and if yes, is and EIA approved?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Refer to F.2 of the PDD.	OK	ОК
F.1.3. Are the requirements of the National Focal Point being met?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	The National Focal Point issued Letter of Endorsement.	OK	ОК
F.1.4. Will the project create any adverse environmental effects?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Adverse environmental effects are not expected.	ОК	ОК
F.1.5. Are transboundary environmental considered in the analysis?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	Transboundary effects are not considered (no effect can be deduced only). Please, explain why the project has no transboundary impact.	CAR7	
F.1.6. Have identified environmental impacts been addressed in the project design?	1,2,3 ,4	DR, I	See section F.2 of the PDD. Adverse environmental effects are not expected.	ОК	ОК
G. Stakeholders' comments					
G.1.Information on stakeholders' comments on the project, as appropriate					
G.1.1. Is there a list of stakeholders from whom comments on the project have been received?	1,2,3 ,4,8	DR	See section G.1 of PDD	OK	ОК
G.1.2. The nature of comments is provided?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section G.1 of PDD	ОК	OK
G.1.3. Has due account been taken of any stakeholder comments received?	1,2,3 ,4	DR	See section G.1 of PDD	OK	ОК



#### Table 3 Baseline and Monitoring Methodologies: Own format

CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
1. Baseline Methodology					
1. 1. General					
1.1.1. Does the baseline cover emissions from all gases, sectors and source categories listed in Annex A, and anthropogenic removals by sinks, within the project boundary?	1,2,3	DR I	Section B.3 of the PDD establishes project boundaries. Only CO2 emissions are taken into account by the project.	OK	ОК
1.1.2. Is baseline established on a project-specific basis and/or using a multi-project emission factor?	1,2,3	DR I	A multi-project emission factor is used for baseline establishing.	OK	OK
1.1.3 Is baseline established in a transparent manner with regard to the choice of approaches, assumptions, methodologies, parameters, data sources and key factors?	1,2,3	DR I	See section B of the PDD and Appendix 1-4.	OK	ОК
1.1.4 Is baseline established taking into account relevant national and/or sectoral policies and circumstances, such as sectoral reform initiatives, local fuel availability, power sector expansion plans, and the economic situation in the project sector?	1,2,3	DR	See sections B of the PDD. Applicable local laws and regulations are taken into account. Economic situation in the project sector is taken into account (Sections B.1. and B.2. of the PDD)	ОК	OK
1.1.5 Is baseline established in such a way that ERUs cannot be earned for decreases in activity levels outside the project activity or due to <i>force majeure</i> ?	1,2,3	DR I	See sections B of the PDD. Baseline does not envisage earning ERUs for activity level decrease outside the project or due to	OK	OK



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			force majeure.		
1.1.6 Is baseline established taking account of uncertainties and using conservative assumptions?	1,2,3	DR I	See items E.1.3 (CL) above	-	-
1.2. Additionality					
1.2.1. Was the additionality of the project activity demonstrated and assessed?	1,2,3	DR	See section B.2.1 above	-	-
2. Monitoring Methodology					
2.1. Monitoring plan					
2.1.1. Is a monitoring plan included?	1,2,3	DR I	Yes, monitoring plan is included.	OK	ОК
2.1.2. Does the monitoring plan provide for the collection and archiving of all relevant data necessary for estimating or measuring anthropogenic emissions by sources and/or anthropogenic removals by sinks of greenhouse gases occurring within the project boundary during the crediting period?	1,2,3	DR I	Refer to section D.1.1.1 and Annex 3 of PDD	ОК	ОК
2.1.3. Does the monitoring plan provide for the collection and archiving of all relevant data necessary for determining the baseline of anthropogenic emissions by sources and/or anthropogenic removals by sinks of greenhouse gases within the project boundary during the crediting period?	1,2,3	DR I	Refer to section D.1.1.3 and Annex 3 of PDD	ОК	ОК
2.1.4. Does the monitoring plan provide for the identification of all potential sources of, and the collection and archiving of data on increased anthropogenic emissions by sources and/or reduced anthropogenic removals by sinks of greenhouse gases outside the	1,2,3	DR	See item E.2.1 (CL) above.	-	-



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
project boundary that are significant and reasonably attributable to the project during the crediting period?					
2.1.5. Does the project boundary encompass all anthropogenic emissions by sources and/or removals by sinks of greenhouse gases under the control of the project participants that are significant and reasonably attributable to the JI project?	1,2,3	DR	Significant anthropogenic emissions by sources and/or removals by sinks of greenhouse gases under the control of the project participants are not envisaged by the project. Validated onsite.	OK	ОК
2.1.6. Does the monitoring plan provide for the collection and archiving of information on environmental impacts, in accordance with procedures as required by the host Party, where applicable?	1,2,3	DR	No adverse environmental impacts are foreseen. Validated onsite.	OK	ОК
2.1.7. Does the monitoring plan provide for quality assurance and control procedures for the monitoring process?	1,2,3	DR	See section D.2 table 12 of the PDD	OK	OK
2.1.8. Does the monitoring plan provide for procedures for the periodic calculation of the reductions of anthropogenic emissions by sources and/or enhancements of anthropogenic removals by sinks by the proposed JI project, and for leakage effects, if any?	1,2,3	DR I	See section D.2 and Annex 3 of the PDD. The monitoring plan provides formulae for the periodic calculation of the reductions of anthropogenic emissions. Leakage is not applicable. See item E.2.1 (CL) above.	-	-
2.1.9. Does the monitoring plan provide for documentation of all steps involved in the calculations?	1,2,3	DR I	The monitoring plan provide for documentation of all steps involved in the calculations. See section D and Annex 3 of the PDD.	OK	OK



#### DETERMINATION REPORT

CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
2.2. Quality Control (QC) and Quality Assurance (QA) Procedures					
2.2.1. Did all measurements use calibrated measurement equipment that is regularly checked for its functioning?	1,2,3	DR I	Control of the measuring equipment is implemented and followed, that was validated onsite. See item D.2.1 (CAR) above.	-	-
2.2.2 Is frequency of monitoring the parameters defined?	1,2,3	DR I	Frequency of monitoring the parameters is defined.	OK	OK

#### Table 4Legal requirements

CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
1. Legal requirements					
1.1. Is the project activity environmentally licensed by the competent authority?	1,2,3	DR, I	The district heating enterprises involved in the project have all the necessary permissions including Environmental Impact Assessments in required cases for their activity on heating system rehabilitation according to Ukrainian legislation. Was validated onsite. All supported	ОК	ОК



CHECKLIST QUESTION	Ref.	MoV*	COMMENTS	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			documents was listed in Determination Report.		
1.2. Are there conditions of the environmental permit? In case of yes, are they already being met?	1,2,3	DR, I	EIA has been provided for the project activity according to the Ukrainian legislation. The conditions of Permit #560074 on air pollutants emissions by stationary sources dated 13.07.2007 and Permit #5610100000-51 on air pollutants emissions by stationary sources dated 01.10.2007 are being met. Was validated onsite. All supported documents were listed in Determination Report.	ОК	ОК
1.3. Is the project in line with relevant legislation and plans in the host country?	1,2,3	DR, I	See items 1.1 and 1.2 above	OK	OK



#### DETERMINATION REPORT

#### Table 5 Resolution of Corrective Action and Clarification Requests

Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
Corrective Action Request 1 (CAR1): There is no information about sponsor Party.	Table 1, checklist question 3	The Deutsche Bank AG (Germany) is a purchaser of this project. See A3 of PDD Version 08.	PDD version 08 was checked. Issue is closed.
Corrective Action Request 2 (CAR2): There is no evidence of written project approvals by the Parties involved	Table 2, checklist question A.5.1	Additional information on approval by Parties was added to Section A.5. See Letter of Endorsement of Ministry of Environmental Protection (# 10384/20/2-7 dated 18.10.2004). LoAs by Parties involved will be issued after the project determination After finishing of project determination report, the PDD and Determination Report will be presented to National Environmental Investments Agency of Ukraine for receiving of the Letter of Approval. The Letter of Approval from the country - investor will be provided after approval of project by Ukraine.	This CAR will be closed after report finalizing
Corrective Action Request 3 (CAR3): Please, provide the project's operational lifetime in years and months	Table 2, checklist question	The operational lifetime of the main equipment is 20 years (240 months).	PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.





Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
	C.2.1		
Corrective Action Request 4 (CAR4): Please, provide the length of the crediting period in years and months	Table 2, checklist question C.3.1	The length of the crediting period is 20 years (240 months). PDD was amended.	PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.
Corrective Action Request 5 (CAR5): Information on the collection and archiving of information on the environmental impacts of the project is not provided.	Table 2, checklist question D.1.13	State department on ecological safety in Rivne region issued to MHE "Kommunenegiya" Permission #560074 dated 13.07.2000 "For emissions of pollution agents to atmospheric air from stationary sources". Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine issued to ME RCC "Teplotransservise" Permission #5610100000-51 dated 01.10.2007 "For emissions of pollution agents to atmospheric air from stationary sources". Term of validity of this Permission is 5 years. See Appendix 6 Licences to PDD version 07.	Supporting documents and PDD version 07 were checked. Issue is closed.
Corrective Action Request 6 (CAR6): Quality control (QC) and quality assurance (QA) procedures undertaken for wood chips consumption data are not provided.	Table 2, checklist question D.2.1	The information about quality control and quality assurance procedures was added to section D.2 of the PDD version 07 and it is performed in the Annex 3 Monitoring Plan	Supporting documents and PDD version 07 were checked. Supporting documents are listed in Determination Report.





Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
		sections 4.1.4 and A 4.2.4.	Issue is closed.
Corrective Action Request 7 (CAR7): Transboundary effects are not considered (no effect can be deduced only). Please, explain why the project has no transboundary impact.	Table 2, checklist question F.1.5	Emissions are localised not far from the project sites.	PDD version 07 was checked. Issue is closed.
Clarification Request 1 (CL1): Please, clarify why second table of the Annex1 is empty?	Table 2, checklist question A.3.4	The Deutsche Bank AG (Germany) is a purchaser of this project. The necessary information was added to the PDD version 08.	PDD version 08 was checked. Issue is closed.
Clarification Request 2 (CL2): Please, clarify if the project technology is likely to be substituted by other or more efficient technologies within the project period.	Table 2, checklist question A.4.2.3	It is not likely that the project technology will be substituted by a more efficient technology in the next 20 - 30 years. As for JI projects currently only a project period of 5 years (first commitment period from 2008 to 2012) it is ensured that there is absolutely no risk that this technology will be substituted by another technology in this time.	Issue is closed.
Clarification Request 3 (CL3): Please, clarify if the project requires extensive initial training and maintenance efforts in order to work as presumed during the project period.	Table 2, checklist question A.4.2.4	As far as the main activity of the district heating enterprises involved in the project will not change in course of the JI project implementation, the special technical trainings for personnel are not necessary.	Issue is closed



Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 01

Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
		The technical personnel of the enterprise has sufficient knowledge and experience for implementation of the project activity and maintenance of the usual equipment. In cases of the new (never used at this enterprise before at the enterprise), equipment installation, the company - producer of this equipment should provide trainings for personnel.	
		The district heating enterprises involved in the project provide personnel retraining according to protection of labour norms. The enterprises have the Labour protection departments that are responsible for raising the level of personnel skills and trainings. The special training was hold by the IEE on the data collection according to Monitoring plan for this project, and the special group that consisted of representatives of ME RCC "Teplotransservise", ME RCC "Komunenergiya" and Institute of Engineering Ecology was organized.	
Clarification Request 4 (CL4): Please, clarify if the project makes provisions	Table 2, checklist question	Costs of special training on the data collection for Monitoring reports for this project are included to the total price of PDD	Issue is closed.



Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
for meeting training and maintenance needs.	A.4.2.5	development. As far as the main activity of the district heating enterprises involved in the project will not change in course of the JI project implementation, the special maintenances are not necessary.	
Clarification Request 5 (CL5): Please provide journal of wood chips consumption registration.	Table 2, checklist question D.1.3	Wood chips was used as a fuel only in Dubrovitsa town at one boiler-house, included in this project – str. Golshanskiy, DNZ №4 – in the base year 2002. Wood chips consumption registration at ME "Teploservis" of Dubrovitsa Regional Council was realized by the consignation note from Lvivska railway and Acts of writing-off fuels. See example of railway consignment note.	Railway consignment notes are checked and are listed in Determination Report. Issue is closed.
Clarification Request 6 (CL6): Please provide quality certificate from Wood chips supplier's or independent chemical lab analysis report on Average annual Heating Value of Wood chips and journal of wood chips Heating Value registration.	Table 2, checklist question D.1.3	Lower Heating Value of the wood chips (10 MJ/Nm3) was took as a wood chips from timber cutting from the table of wood chips characteristics on the site <a href="http://www.energosys.info/biotoplivo/">http://www.energosys.info/biotoplivo/</a> . Wood chips were used at the coal fired boilers as the reserve fuel. Using wood chips decreased anyway low efficiency (71%) of these boilers. There was no quality certificate from Wood chips supplier's or independent	Issue is closed.

Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 01



Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
		chemical lab analysis report on Average annual Heating Value of Wood chips because payments with Wood chips supplier "ODEK" Ltd were made without taking into account Heating Value.	
<u>Clarification Request 7 (CL7):</u> Please specify, Lower Heating Value of the wood chips and how it determined.	Table 2, checklist question D.1.5	Lower Heating Value of the wood chips (10 MJ/Nm3) was took as a wood chips from timber cutting from the table of wood chips characteristics from the site <u>http://www.energosys.info/biotoplivo/</u>	Issue is closed.
Clarification Request 8 (CL8):	Table 2, checklist question D.1.14	Law of Ukraine "On environmental protection". Law of Ukraine "On atmospheric air protection".	Issue is closed
Please, provide reference to the relevant host Party regulation(s)		Actual rules on emissions limitation: "Norms of limit admissible emissions of pollution agents from stationary sources" – adopted by Ministry for Environmental Protection of Ukraine 27.06.2006, #309 issued Ministry of and registered in Ministry of Justice of Ukraine 01.09.2006, #912/12786.	
Clarification Request 9 (CL9): Please clarify if conservative assumptions are	Table 2, checklist question	In the PDD calculations the minimal guaranteed effects from all energy saving measures were taken into account, according	Issue is closed.



Report No: UKRAINE/0047/2009 rev. 01

Draft report clarifications and corrective action requests by determination team	Ref. to checklist question in tables 2, 3 and 4	Summary of project owner response	Determination team conclusion
used to calculate project GHG emissions	E.1.3	to the principle if conservatism. Also emissions reduction from implemented measures was calculated only for the next years after energy saving measures implementation. In fact result in the form of emissions reduction is achieved right away after energy saving measures implementation in the year of reconstruction, especially if it was done at the beginning of the year.	
Clarification Request 10 (CL10): Please clarify, why you think that the possible leakage is less than 1% of the total direct emissions.	Table 2, checklist question E.2.1	Leakages may result from fuel extraction, and transportation, Due to reduction of fuel consumption possible leakages will reduce too. This leakage has not been taken into account for simplification and to be conservative. Other leakage was not identified.	Issue is closed.



DETERMINATION REPORT

Appendix B: Verifiers CV's

#### Nadiya Kaiiun, M. Sci. (environmental science)

Team Leader Climate Change Verifier

Bureau Veritas Ukraine HSE Department project manager.

She has graduated from National University of Kyiv-Mohyla Academy with the engineer Degree in Environmental Science. She is a Lead auditor of Bureau Veritas Certification for Environment Management System (IRCA registered). She performed over 15 audits since 2008. She has undergone intensive training on Clean Development Mechanism /Joint Implementation and she is involved in the validation of 6 JI projects.

#### Oleg Skoblyk, Specialist (Energy Management)

Climate Change Verifier

Bureau Veritas Ukraine HSE Department project manager.

He has graduated from National Technical University of Ukraine 'Kyiv Polytechnic University" with specialty Energy Management. He is a Lead auditor of Bureau Veritas Certification for Environment Management System (IRCA registered). He performed over 10 audits since 2008. He has undergone intensive training on Clean Development Mechanism /Joint Implementation and he is involved in the validation of 3 JI projects.

#### Kateryna Zinevych, M. Sci. (environmental science)

Climate Change Verifier

Bureau Veritas Ukraine HSE Department project manager.

She has graduated from National University of Kyiv-Mohyla Academy with the engineer Degree in Environmental Science. She is a Lead auditor of Bureau Veritas Certification for Environment Management System (IRCA registered). She performed 6 audits since March of 2009. She has undergone intensive training on Clean Development Mechanism /Joint Implementation and she is involved in the validation of 3 JI projects.

The determination report was reviewed by:

#### Ivan G. Sokolov, Dr. Sci. (biology, microbiology)

Bureau Veritas Certification Internal reviewer

He has over 25 years of experience in Research Institute in the field of biochemistry, biotechnology, and microbiology. He is a Lead auditor of Bureau Veritas Certification for Environment Management System (IRCA registered), Quality Management System (IRCA registered), Occupational Health and Safety Management System, and Food Safety Management System. He performed over 130 audits since 1999. Also he is Lead Tutor of the IRCA registered ISO 14000 EMS Lead Auditor Training Course, and Lead Tutor of the IRCA registered ISO 9000 QMS Lead Auditor Training Course. He has undergone intensive training on Clean Development Mechanism /Joint Implementation and he is involved in the validation of 3 JI projects.