

FINAL JI DETERMINATION REPORT

GPN S.A.

GPN GRAND QUEVILLY N7 N₂O ABATEMENT PROJECT

Report No:: 8000373115 - 09/264

Date: 2009-10-07

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH JI/CDM Certification Program Langemarckstraße, 20 45141 Essen, Germany Phone: +49-201-825-3335

S01-VA030-A1 Rev.1 / 2009-07-15

project."

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P-No.: 8000373115 - 09/264



Date of first issue: 2009-10-07				Project No.: Report 1		a	000373115 – 09/264
Project Type:				Organisation			000070110 00/204
✓ JI Track 1 (Projet Domestique)✓ JI Track 2				TÜV NORD JI/CDM Certification Program			
Client:				Client ref.:			
GPN S.A.				Patrick Le Calvé			
Summary:				positive of	determ	ina	tion opinion negative determination opinion
GPN S.A. has commisthe project:	ssioned	I the TÜV	/ NORD JI/0	CDM Certit	ficatio	n F	Program (CP) as a Third Party to determinate
		"G	PN Qrand (Quevilly N	7 N ₂ O	ab	patement"
well as criteria for co	nsisten ria and	t project	operations,	monitoring	g and	re	and of the UNFCCC for JI project activities, as eporting. UNFCCC criteria refer to the Kyoto of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol as agreed in
methodology have prostated criteria. Since	vided the L	TÜV NOI oA is pe	RD JI/CDM nding, a fin	CP with s al Determ	ufficie inatio	ent n F	evidence to determiante the fulfilment of the Report can not be issued at this time. After ermination Report, Rev. 2.
In detail the conclusion	ns can l	be summ	arised as fo	llows:	-		
- The project is in line	with al	I relevant	host countr	ry criteria (Franc	e)	and all relevant UNFCCC requirements for JI.
- The project addition	ality is	sufficientl	y justified in	the PDD,	the m	on	itoring plan is transparent and adequate.
							n a transparent and conservative manner, so nost likely to be achieved within the crediting
The conclusions of thi with all criteria applical	s repo	rt show, t the deteri	that the proj mination PD	ject, as it v DD.	was d	es	cribed in the project documentation, is in line
Report No.: 8000373115 — 09	9/264		t Group: ate Prote	ection	In	de	xing terms
Report title:	:II N	17 NI O					
GPN Grand Que project.	villy i	17 IN ₂ O	abateme	ent	P	ro	jet Domestique
project.					J	l —	Track 1
					D	et	ermination PDD
Work carried out by:	₩						
Mr. Rainer Winter Mr. Ulrich Walter Mr. Stefan Magenheim Mr. Khalid Doukkali							No distribution without permission from the client or responsible organisational unit
Technical review by: Final approval by							
Mr. Eric Krupp		Mr. Erio	: Krupp				Limited distribution
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Abbreviations

AMS Automated Monitoring System

BAT Best available technology

BAU Business as usual CA Corrective Action

CAR Corrective Action Request

CDM Clean Development Mechanism

CH₄ Methane

CL Clarification Request

CO₂ Carbon dioxide

CO_{2e} Carbon dioxide equivalent

CP Certification Program
DFP Designated Focal Point

DRIRE Directions Régionales de l'Industrie de la Recherche et de

l'Environnement

DVM Determination and Verification Manual /Draft)

EB CDM Executive Board

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

ERU Emission Reduction Unit

EU ETS European Union Emissions Trading Scheme

FAR Forward Action Request GHG Greenhouse gas(es)

IPCC Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

Joint Implementation

JISC Joint Implementation Supervisory Committee

MEEDDAT Ministère de l'Écologie, de l'Energie, du Développement durable et

de la Mer, France

N₂O Nitrous Oxide

NCV Net Calorific Value of Fuel PDD Project Design Document

QC/QA Quality control/Quality assurance

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

VVM Validation and Verification Manual



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1 OBJECTIVE / SCOPE

GPN S.A. has commissioned the TÜV NORD JI/CDM Certification Program (CP) to carry out a determination of the project:

"GPN Grand Quevilly N7 N2O abatement"

with regard to the relevant requirements for JI project activities.

The purpose of a determination is to have an independent third party assess of the project design. In particular, the project's baseline, the monitoring plan (MP), and the project's compliance with relevant host country and UNFCCC criteria are determinated in order to confirm that the project design as documented is sound and reasonable and meets the stated requirements and identified criteria. Determination is seen as necessary to provide assurance to stakeholders of the quality of the project and its intended generation of emission reduction units (ERUs).

UNFCCC criteria refer to the Kyoto Protocol Article 6 criteria and the Guidelines for the implementation of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol as agreed in the Marrakech Accords with regard to Track 1 JI project activities.

2 GHG PROJECT DESCRIPTION

2.1 Project Characteristics

Essential data of the project is presented in the following Table 2-1.

Table 2-1: Project Characteristics

Item	Data					
Project title	"GPI	V Grai	nd Quevilly N7 N₂O Abatement Project "			
Project size	\boxtimes	Large	Scale Small Scale			
Project Scope		1	Energy Industries (renewable- /non-renewable sources)			
(according to UNFCCC		2	Energy distribution			
sectoral scope numbers for		3	Energy demand			
JI)		4	4 Manufacturing industries			
	\boxtimes	5	Chemical industry			
		6	Construction			
		7	Transport			
		8 Mining/Mineral production				
		9	Metal production			
		10	Fugitive emissions from fuels (solid, oil and gas)			
☐ 11 Fugitive emissions from production and halocarbons and hexafluoride		Fugitive emissions from production and consumption of halocarbons and hexafluoride				

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Item	Data				
		12	Solvents use		
		13	Waste handling and disposal		
		14	Afforestation and Reforestation		
		15	Agriculture		
Applied Methodology	Project specific methodology (Projet Domestique Methodology)				
Track	1				
Crediting period	2009-12-01 – 2012-12-31				
Start of crediting period ¹	2009-12-01				

2.2 Involved Parties and Project Participants

The following parties to the Kyoto Protocol and project participants are involved in this project activity (Table 2-2).

Table 2-2: Project Parties and project participants

Characteristic	Party	Project Participant
Host party	France	GPN S.A.
Other involved party/ies	Germany	N.serve Environmental Services GmbH

2.3 Project Location

The details of the project location are given in table 2-3:

Project Location Table 2-3:

No.	Project Location
Host Country	France
Region	North West (Haute Normandie), Département: Seine- Maritime, Commune : Le Grand Quevilly (near Rouen)
Project location address	30, rue de l'lindustrielle - BP 204 76121 Grand Quevilly Cadex
Plant coordinates	Stack: Latitude: 49°24'58.67"N Longitude: 1°1'28.92"E
	Ammoniac Boiler: Latitude: 49°24'59.60"N Longitude: 1°1'29.84"E

¹ As per the published PDD (version 2)

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2.4 Technical Project Description

The project involves the installation of a secondary N_2O reduction catalyst of the nitric acid production plant of GPN N7. The emission reductions are a result of the catalytic decomposition of nitrous oxide. Nitrous oxide which is formed as by-product of the nitric acid production will be removed by the catalyst installed below the ammonia oxidation gauze pack in the ammonia burner. The nitrous oxide would otherwise be emitted through the gas stack into the atmosphere.

The key parameters of the project are given in table 2-4:

Table 2-4: Technical data of the project *)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Ammonia Oxidation Reactor		
Manufacturer	-	GPN S.A.
Diameter	mm	4920
Start of commercial production	_	January 1989
Operating conditions as per		
specifications (trip point values)		
- Temperature (min/max):	°C	800/925
- Pressure (min/max):	MPa	There is no trip point for pressure
- Ammonia to Air ratio (max)	Vol%	13,4
Ammonia Oxidation Catalyst		
Manufacturer	-	Heraeus
Composition:	-	Pt/Rd/Pd
Absorber		
Design capacity per day (100%)	t/d	1050
Design capacity per day (legal)	t/d	1200
Annual operation (design)	days	350
Secondary Catalyst		
Start of operation	-	June 2008
Manufacturer	-	YARA
Type	-	58 Y 1
Design efficiency N ₂ O reduction	%	83
N₂O Analyzer (stack), current		
Manufacturer	-	FT Fine Tech
Туре	-	PCM 1000/TSO 20
Measurement Principle	-	NDIR
N₂O Analyzer (stack), future		
Manufacturer	-	FT Fine Tech
Туре	-	ANAFIN 5000 ORBITAL AIT
Measurement Principle	-	FTIR
Stack volume flow rate		
measurement		
Manufacturer	-	Sick Maihak GmbH
Туре	-	FLOWSIC 100
Measurement Principle	-	Ultrasonic

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3 METHODOLOGY AND DETERMINATION PDD SEQUENCE

3.1 Determination PDD Steps

The determination of the project consisted of the following steps:

- Contract review
- Appointment of team members and technical reviewers
- Publication of the project design document (PDD)
- A desk review of the PDD^{/PDD/} submitted by the client and additional supporting documents
- Determination planning,
- On-Site assessment,
- Background investigation and follow-up interviews with personnel of the project developer and its contractors,
- Draft determination reporting
- Resolution of corrective actions (if any)
- Final determination reporting
- Technical review
- Final approval of the determination.

The sequence of the determination is given in the table 3.1 below:

Table 3.1: Determination PDD sequence

Topic	Time
Assignment of determination	2009-07-03
Submission of PDD for global stakeholder commenting process	2009-08-03
On-site visit	2009-07-27 to
	2009-07-31
Draft reporting finalised	2009-08-28
Final reporting finalised	-
Technical review on final reporting finalised	-

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3.2 Contract review

To assure that

- the project falls within the scopes for which accreditation is held,
- the necessary competences to carry out the verification can be provided,
- Impartiality issues are clear and in line with the JI accreditation requirements a contract review was carried out before the contract was signed.

3.3 Appointment of team members and technical reviewers

On the basis of a competence analysis and individual availabilities a determination team, consistent of one team leader and 3 additional team members, were appointed. Furthermore also the personnel for the technical review and the final approval were determined.

The list of involved personnel, the tasks assigned and the qualification status are summarized in the table 3-2 below.

Table 3-2: Involved Personnel

		The second secon	700000		AND DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON			
	Name	Company	Function ¹⁾	Qualification Status ²⁾	Sectoral competence	Technical competence	Host country Competence	Controlling
⊠ Mr. □ Ms.	R. Winter	TÜV NORD CERT, Germany	TL	SA	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		\boxtimes
⊠ Mr. □ Ms.	U. Walter	TÜV NORD CERT, Germany	ТМ	TE				
⊠ Mr. □ Ms.	S. Magenheim	TÜV NORD SYSTEMS, Germany	TM	TE		\boxtimes		
⊠ Mr. □ Ms.	K. Doukkali	TÜV NORD CERT, Germany	ТМ	TE				
⊠ Mr. □ Ms.	E. Krupp	TÜV NORD CERT, Germany	TR, FA	SA				\boxtimes

¹⁾ TL: Team Leader; TM: Team Member, TR: Technical review; FA: Final approval

²⁾ GHG Auditor Status: A: Assessor; E: Expert; SA: Senior Assessor; T: Trainee; TE Technical Expert

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3.4 Consideration of Public Stakeholder Comments

The draft PDD, as received from the project participants, has been made publicly available on TÜV NORD Website www.global-warming.de during a 30 days period from 2009-08-03 to 2009-09-03.

In case comments were received, they are taken into account during the determination process. The comments and the discussion of the same are documented in annex 5 of this report.

3.5 Determination PDD Protocol

In order to ensure consideration of all relevant assessment criteria, a determination protocol is used. The protocol shows, in a transparent manner, criteria and requirements, means of determination and the results from pre-determination the identified criteria. The determination protocol reflects the generic JI — Track 1 requirements projects have to meet as well as project specific issues as applicable. The determination protocol serves the following purposes:

- It organises, details and clarifies the requirements that a JI project is expected to meet:
- It ensures a transparent determination PDD process where the independent entity will document how a particular requirement has been validated and the result of the determination.

The determination protocol as described in Figure 1.

Determination Protoco	Determination Protocol Table A-1: Requirement checklist						
Checklist Item	Determination PDD Team Comment	Reference	Draft Conclusion	Final Conclusion			
The checklist items in Table A-1 are linked to the various requirements the project should meet. The checklist is organised in various sections. Each section is then further subdivided as per the requirements of the topic and the individual project activity.	The section is used to elaborate and discuss the checklist item in detail. It includes the assessment of the determination team and how the assessment was carried out.	Gives reference to the information source on which the assessmen t is based on	Assessment based on evidence provided if the criterion is fulfilled (OK), or a CAR, CL or FAR (see below) is raised. The assessment refers to the draft determination stage.	In case a corrective action or a clarification the final assessment at the final determination stage is given.			

Figure 1: Determination protocol tables

The completed determination protocol is enclosed in Annex 1 to this report.

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3.6 Review of Documents

The published PDD (version 2) and supporting background documents related to the project design and baseline were reviewed.

Furthermore, the determination team used additional documentation by third parties like host party legislation, technical reports referring to the project design or to the basic conditions and technical data.

3.7 Follow-up Interviews

The determination team has carried out interviews in order to assess the information included in the project documentation and to gain additional information regarding the compliance of the project with the relevant criteria applicable for JI (Projet Domestique).

During determination the determination team has performed interviews to confirm the provided information and to resolve issues identified in the document review. The main topics of the interviews are summarized in table 3-3.

 Table 3-3:
 Interviewed persons and interview topics

Interviewed Dave and / Futition	lutem deve temine
Interviewed Persons / Entities	Interview topics
Project proponent representatives (GPN) Project consultant (N.serve) Maintenance staff of AMS (SPIE)	 Chronological description of the project activity with documents of key steps of the implementation. Implementation status Technical details of the project realization, project feasibility, designing, operational life time, monitoring of the project Host Government Approval Approval procedures and status Monitoring and measurement equipment and system. Financial aspects Crediting period Project activity starting date ERU allocation / ownership Baseline assumptions Additionality Monitoring Roles & responsibilities of the project participants w.r.t. project management, monitoring and reporting National Legislation Editorial issues of the PDD

A comprehensive list of all interviewed persons is part of section 7 'References'.

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3.8 Project comparison

The determination team has compared the proposed JI project activity with similar projects or technology that have similar or comparable characteristics and with similar projects in the host country in order to achieve additional information esp. regarding:

- Project technology
- Additionality issues
- Reasons for reviews, requests for reviews and rejections within the JI registration process.

3.9 Resolution of Clarification and Corrective Action Requests

3.9.1 Definition

A Corrective Action Request (CAR) will be established where:

- mistakes have been made in assumptions, application of the methodology or the project documentation which will have a direct influence the project results,
- the requirements deemed relevant for determination of the project with certain characteristics have not been met or
- there is a risk that the project would not be registered by the UNFCCC or that emission reductions would not be able to be verified and certified.

A Clarification Request (CL) will be issued where information is insufficient, unclear or not transparent enough to establish whether a requirement is met.

A **Forward Action Request (FAR)** will be issued when certain issues related to project implementation should be reviewed during the first determination ERU.

3.9.2 Draft Determination PDD

After reviewing all relevant documents and taken all other relevant information into account, the determination team issues all findings in the course of a draft determination report and hands this report over to the project proponent in order to respond on the issues raised and to revise the project documentation accordingly.

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3.9.3 Final Determination PDD

The final determination starts after issuance of the proposed corrective action (CA) of the CARs CLs and FARs by the project proponent. The project proponent has to reply on those and the requests are "closed out" by the determination team in case the response is assessed as sufficient. In case of raised FARs, in which action from the project personnel is requested, the project proponent has to respond on this, identifying the necessary actions to ensure that the topics raised in this finding are likely to be resolved at the latest during the first verification. The determination team has to assess whether the proposed action is adequate or not.

In case the findings from CARs and CLs cannot be resolved by the project proponent or the proposed action related to the FARs raised cannot be assessed as adequate, no positive determination opinion can be issued by the determination team.

The CAR(s) / CL(s) / FAR(s) are documented in chapter 4.

3.10 Technical review

Before submission of the final determination report a technical review of the whole determination procedure is carried out. The technical reviewer is a competent GHG auditor being appointed for the scope this project falls under. The technical reviewer is not considered to be part of the verification team and thus not involved in the decision making process up to the technical review.

As a result of the technical review process the determination opinion and the topic specific assessments as prepared by the determination team leader may be confirmed or revised. Furthermore reporting improvements might be achieved.

3.11 Final approval

After successful technical review of the final report an overall (esp. procedural) assessment of the complete determination will be carried out by a senior assessor located in the accredited premises of TÜV NORD.

Only after this step the request for registration can be started (in case of a positive determination opinion).

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4 DETERMINATION FINDINGS

In the following table the findings from the desk review of the published PDD, visits, interviews and supporting documents are summarised:

Table 4-1: Summary of CARs, CLs and FARs issued

Determination topic 1)	No. of CAR	No. of CL	No. of FAR
General description of project activity (A) - Project boundaries - Participation requirements - Technology to be employed - Contribution to sustainable development	3	3	
Project baseline (B) - Baseline Methodology - Baseline scenario determination - Additionality determination - Calculation of GHG emission reductions - Project emissions - Baseline emissions - Leakage	2	2	1
Duration of the Project / Crediting Period (C)	1	-	-
Monitoring Methodology (D) - Monitoring of Project emissions Baseline emissions Leakage Sustainable development indicators / environmental impacts Project management planning	1	2	1
Estimation of greenhouse gas emission reductions (E)	1	1	-
Environmental impacts (F)	-	-	-
Stakeholder Comments (G)	-	-	-
SUM 1) The letters in brackets refer to the determination protocol	8	8	2

The letters in brackets refer to the determination protocol

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The following tables include all raised CARs, CLs and FARs. For an in depth evaluation of all determination items it should be referred to the determination protocols (see Annex 1).

The findings of determination process are summarized in the tables below.

Finding:		A 1	
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding			
Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	No letters of approval	have been provided so	far.
Corrective Action #1			liminary determination
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	•		equires a preliminary processing the LoA
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A- 1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.			
Conclusion	To be checked durin	g the first periodic verifica	ation
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action w	as taken	
	Project documentation	on was corrected correspond	ondingly
	Additional action sho	ould be taken	
	The project complies	with the requirements	

Finding:		A 2	
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)		lue of the annual	eeds to be corrected. emissions without the eds revision.
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	nominal capacity of th	ne plant being 1050 t e 1); annual emission	PDD now reflecting the HNO_3 (100% conc.) per s without the installation sed.
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. The relevant figures in	the PDD have been	revised.

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Finding:	A2
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the first periodic verification □ Appropriate action was taken □ Project documentation was corrected correspondingly □ Additional action should be taken □ The project complies with the requirements

Finding:		A 3	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding			
Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	On page 44/45 the firs	t column should be tran	slated to English.
Corrective Action #1			
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	Has been amended in	the PDD.	•
DOE Assessment #1			
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. The relevant table has	been revised.	
Conclusion	To be checked during	g the first periodic verifica	tion
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action w	as taken	
	Project documentation	on was corrected correspo	ondingly
	Additional action sho	ould be taken	
	The project complies	with the requirements	

Finding:		Α4	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR
biguous style; address the	The coordinates of the	The coordinates of the plant location are missing in the PDD.	
context (e.g. section) Corrective Action #1			
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.			
DOE Assessment #1			
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A- 1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	The coordinates are i	ncluded in the corresp	oonding section of the

project."

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Finding:		Α4	
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the first periodic verification ☑ Appropriate action was taken □ Project documentation was corrected correspondingly □ Additional action should be taken ☑ The project complies with the requirements 		
Finding:		A5	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section) Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	2009-07-16. As two ye to be applied, the emi accordingly. All references have be	eant Arrete Prefectoral ears after this date the residual ears after the ears after this date the residual ears after the ears af	revised benchmark has attion has to be revised 2011 (instead of June
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. All relevant figures, to revised.	ables an the correspo	nding Excel-sheet are
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action w	on was corrected correspo	

Finding:		A6	
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	Annex 1 is not in line	rding the name of the with A.3. The name given Nitric acid plant (Franc	en in A.3. is GPN S.A.,
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	I A TEVISEU I DD WAS SENU DEL ENIAN ON 2003-03-10.		
DOE Assessment #1			
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	The name of the Orga	anisation in Annex 1 is n Chapter A.3.	mentioned according

The project complies with the requirements

project."

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Finding:	A6
Conclusion	To be checked during the first periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken
	Project documentation was corrected correspondingly
	Additional action should be taken
	☐ The project complies with the requirements

			A.	
Finding:		B1		
Classification		CL		☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	The discussion of the B.4.	alternatives c) a	nd d) is mi	ssing in chapter
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	A discussion of these (Step 1).	scenarios has b	een include	d in section B.4
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. The discussion of the PDD. Both scenarios v		,	included in the
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	To be checked during Appropriate action w Project documentation Additional action show The project complies	as taken on was corrected co	orrespondingl	у

Finding:	B2			
Classification		☐ CL ☐ FAR		
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	Table 3 in section B.3 needs to be completed.			
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	The mentioned table h	nas been completed.		

project."

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Finding:	B2	
DOE Assessment #1		
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. The table has been completed according to the methodology	
Conclusion	To be checked during the first periodic verification	
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken	
	Project documentation was corrected correspondingly	
	Additional action should be taken	
	The project complies with the requirements	
Finding:	В3	
Classification	☐ CAR ☐ CL ☐ FAR	
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	For the time after 16 th July 2011, it has to be clarified in the PDD how it can be assured that no ERUs will be issued for emission levels which do not go beyond the business as usual scenario, which is defined by the Arrete prefectoral 2009-07-16 (2,47 kg N ₂ O/t HNO ₃) over a period of 12 months.	
Corrective Action #1		
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	This issue has now been addressed in the section 'Data processing in case of malfunction of the abatement system' in section B.6.1.	
DOE Assessment #1	OK.	
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A- 1. In case of non-closure,	It was clarified in the PDD, that in the case where a regulatory limit was set by local authorities, this limit replaces the benchmark emission factor determined by the French DFP.	
additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Furthermore it must be proven during the verification to the satisfaction of the responsible AIE that no ERUs will be claimed for emission levels that exceed the new regulatory limit, which in this case is 2.47kgN ₂ O/tHNO ₃ from 2009-07 on, It must therefore be proven at each verification that the plant's average emission levels for the past year did not exceed this regulatory limit.	
Conclusion	To be checked during the first periodic verification	
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken	
	Project documentation was corrected correspondingly	
	Additional action should be taken The project complies with the requirements	
	LIAL THE DIDIECT COMDUES WITH THE REGUIREMENTS	

Finding:		B4	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR

project."

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Finding:	B4	
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	The Investment Cost Sheet is still pending	
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	The Investment Cost Sheet was sent per e-mail on 2009-08-07.	
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	appropriate, conservative and realistic, the calculation is comprehensible. On a basis of an ERU price of 9 € a return of	
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the first periodic verification ☑ Appropriate action was taken □ Project documentation was corrected correspondingly □ Additional action should be taken ☑ The project complies with the requirements 	

Finding:	B5	
Classification	☐ CAR ☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	The date of the installation of the N_2O abarevidenced.	tement catalyst is not
Corrective Action #1	The PP provided a Consignment Note regard	ding 7.499 m3 Catalyst
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	58-Y1 ^{/CNN7/} (date: 2008-06-03) and a co Note ^{/DNN7/} (date: 2008-06-10).	orresponding Delivery
DOE Assessment #1		
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. The documents show clearly the date of pure at the beginning of June 2008.	chasing of the catalyst
Conclusion	To be checked during the first periodic verifica	tion
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken	
	Project documentation was corrected correspondent	ondingly
	Additional action should be taken	
	The project complies with the requirements	

project."

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Finding:		C1	
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)		lural aspects, section C of the project implemen	
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	Some clarifying senter	nces have been added	to section C.1.1.
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	set by government/loo	sions cap for N2O fron cal regulation" was ac measured during the pr	lded to the Table 11:
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action w Project documentation Additional action sho	on was corrected correspo	*

Finding:	D1
Classification	☐ CAR ☐ CL ☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	Regarding the AMS it should be made clear in the PDD whether the EN 14181 will be followed completely or if other eligible standards, like AFNOR XP X43-305, which are in line with the methodological requirements will be applied for this project activity.
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	Additional information has been added to section B.7.2, chapters 1 & 3 therein.
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. The PP declares, that the AMS will meet all requirements of the methodology, defined in Chap. 7.: Monitoring Plan. The methodology states, that the latest applicable European or national standards and norms (for example, EN14181, AFNOR XP X43-305, or any other monitoring standard considered acceptable in accordance with the requirements for assessing plant emissions in order to calculate payable N_2O tax, as applicable) shall be used for selecting and operating the monitoring system. It must be checked at each verification that the selection and operating conditions of the AMS is in line with the chosen monitoring standard.

project."

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Finding:	D1
Conclusion	☐ To be checked during the first periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken
	Project documentation was corrected correspondingly
	Additional action should be taken
	The project complies with the requirements

Finding:		D2	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	, , , , ,	hould include the monit	toring of the regulatory
Corrective Action #1		K A	
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	An addition was made to section B.7.1 by means of parameter P.12		
DOE Assessment #1			
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	set by government/loo	sions cap for N ₂ O from cal regulation" was acmeasured during the pr	Ided to the Table 11:
Conclusion	☐ To be checked durin	g the first periodic verifica	ution
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action w	as taken	
	Project documentation	on was corrected correspo	ondingly
	Additional action sho	ould be taken	
	The project complies	with the requirements	

Finding:		D3	
Classification	☐ CAR	☐ CL	⊠ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	regard to e.g. location	on of the sampling _I	ess of the AMS (with point, QAL1, QAL 2,
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	1	ts will address these re	equirements before the
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	standard) need to be has to present eviden	,	st verification. The PP bility of the monitoring

project."

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Finding:	D3
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 ☐ To be checked during the first periodic verification ☐ Appropriate action was taken ☐ Project documentation was corrected correspondingly ☐ Additional action should be taken ☐ The project complies with the requirements

		Aller	
Finding:		D4	
Classification		CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding			
Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	The upper trip point va	llue of OT _{range} in Table !	5 has to be corrected.
Corrective Action #1	Hanas tuin maint valu		in table 5 in continu
This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	1 _' : _ ' '	e nas been corrected	in table 5 in section
DOE Assessment #1			
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.		cordingly.	
Conclusion	☐ To be checked durin	g the first periodic verifica	ution
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action w	as taken	
	☐ Project documentation	on was corrected correspo	ondingly
	Additional action sho	ould be taken	
	The project complies	with the requirements	

Finding:		E1	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	The concept of insexplanation in the PDI	strument correction for the correction of the co	actors needs further e calibration curve.

project."

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Finding:	E1
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by the PP. It shall address the corrective action taken in details.	This issue has now been discussed via telephone between the N.serve monitoring expert Martin Stilkenbaeumer and the TUEV NORD monitoring expert Stefan Magenheim. The discussion was resolved to the satisfaction of Mr Magenheim and a basic summary has been provided by our monitoring expert below. Most of this information is already included in the PDD, but please inform us if anything more specific is needed.
	As part of the quality assurance concept for the AMS in this project a 3 rd party calibration test is performed initially and repeated every 3 years. This calibration test will be performed as described in the European norm EN 14181 as QAL2. QAL2 is a procedure for the determination of the calibration function and its variability. The QAL2 tests are performed on suitable AMS that have been correctly installed and commissioned on-site. QAL 2 tests are to be performed at least every 3 years according to EN 14181 but also after major changes to the plant or changes or repairs to the AMS, which will influence the results obtained significantly.
	A calibration function is established from the results of a number of parallel measurements performed with a Standard Reference Method (SRM). The variability of the measured values obtained with the AMS is then evaluated against the required uncertainty. According to EN14181, both the QAL 2 procedures and the SRM need to be conducted by an independent "testing house" or laboratory which has to be accredited to EN ISO/IEC 17025.
	A series of QAL2 specific reference measurements using a the SRM method as per EN 14181 will be carried out at the plant by an accredited testing house to ensure the AMS' suitability, establish the calibration curve and test the variability of the measurements. The results of these SRM are available to the AIE as part of the verification process. The AMS calibration function as well as the total uncertainty of the AMS will be determined. The results will be applied in the project.
	The resulting calibration function or correction factor will be applied to the resulting hourly average values for N2O concentration and for Stack gas flow prior to the final calculation of emission reductions.
DOE Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	OK. It was confirmed, that the correction factors (derived from the calibration curve of the QAL2 audit for all components of the AMS), will be applied to both VSG (tail gas volume flow rate) and NCSG (mean concentration of N_2O in tail gas) data.

project."

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Finding:	E1
Conclusion	To be checked during the first periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken
	Project documentation was corrected correspondingly
	Additional action should be taken
	☐ The project complies with the requirements

Finding:	E2	
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR	
Description of finding Describe the finding in unambiguous style; address the context (e.g. section)	The 90 % issuance factor has to be applied in the formula for ERUcalculation.	
Corrective Action #1 This section shall be filled by	The 90% issuance factor has now been taken into account in the formula for ERU calculation in section B.6.1.	
the PP. It shall address the cor- rective action taken in details.	Table 9 in section B.6.4 and table 2 in Annex 4 have also been adjusted accordingly	
DOE Assessment #1		
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in annex A-1. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and DOE assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	The issurance factor was applied to the calculation of ERUs in the	
Conclusion	To be checked during the first periodic verification	
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Appropriate action was taken	
	Project documentation was corrected correspondingly	
	Additional action should be taken	
	The project complies with the requirements	

project."

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5 DETERMINATION ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

The following paragraphs include the summary of the final determination assessments after all CARs and CRs are closed out. For details of the assessments pl. refer to the discussion of the validation findings in chapter 4 and the validation protocol (Annex 1).

5.1 General Description of the Project Activity

5.1.1 Participation

LOA

The DFP of France will issue a LoA after submission of the Draft Determination Report. Hence, the LoA is still outstanding.

Project Participants

The project participants are listed in section A.3 of the PDD and this information is consistent with the contact details provided in annex 1 of the PDD.

No entities other than those approved or authorised to be project participants are listed or indicated in these sections of the PDD.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section A.1 of the table A-1 of annex 1.

5.1.2 Contribution to Sustainable Development

The contribution of the project activity to sustainable development of the host country has been confirmed by referencing the project activity in a specific "Méthode pour les Projets Domestiques " $^{\text{mist}/,B-1/}$ for JI Track 1 projects, which refers directly to the applied secondary N₂O abatement technology.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section A.2 and B.2 of the PDD.

5.1.3 PDD Editorial Aspects

The PDD is in line with the structure and guidance specified in the decree set from March 2nd 2007 issued by the "Ministère de l'écologie et du développement durable" /B-5/

project."

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For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section A.3 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.1.4 Technology to be Employed

The description of the project as contained in the PDD is complete and accurate and it provides the reader with a clear understanding of the nature of the project activity.

The technology and know-how used in the project activity is assessed to be environmentally safe and sound.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section A.4 of the table A-1 of the annex 1 and chapter 2 of this validation report.

5.1.5 Type of Project

The project qualifies as a Large Scale JI Track 1 Project, scope 5: "Chemical Industry". The host country France fulfils the requirements for a Track 1 participation.

5.2 Project Baseline, Additionality and Monitoring Plan

5.2.1 Application of the Methodology

The project applies to a valid version of a French methodology for Projets Domestiques "Catalytic reduction of N_2O at nitric acid plants" published by the Ministère de l'Écologie, de l'Énergie, du Développement durable et de la Mer (French Ministry of Ecology and Sustainable Development) $^{\text{(mist)}}$.

The project activity meets all applicability conditions of the applied methodology. Beyond this, the proposed project activity meets all the other possible requirements or stipulations mentioned in all sections of the selected methodology.

Furthermore the project activity is not expected to result in significant emissions, related both to project and leakage, other than those listed in the methodology.

Summarised it is assessed that the project applies a valid version of an approved methodology and the methodology is applicable to the project.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section B.1 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

project."

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5.2.2 Project Boundary

The PDD correctly describes the project boundary including the physical delineation of the project activity (all parts of the Nitric Acid Plant N7) and the description of the emission sources and GHGs that are included in the project boundary for the purpose of calculating project and baseline emissions for this project activity.

No emission sources which are impacted by the project activity but not addressed by the approved methodology have been identified during validation.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section B.2 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.3 Baseline Identification

The PDD provides a transparent and verifiable description of the identified most plausible baseline scenario, including a description of the technology that would be employed and/or the activities that would take place in the absence of the proposed project activity.

The procedure to identify the most plausible reference scenario derived from the methodology (para 3 of the methodology) has been applied correctly and is transparently and sufficiently documented in the PDD.

The identification of possible alternatives of the project activity was carried out appropriately. Furthermore the PP has shown that all relevant policies and circumstances have been identified and correctly considered in the PDD in accordance with the guidance by the DFP.

Summarised it can be assessed that the identified baseline scenario reasonably represents what would occur in the absence of the proposed project activity and the approved methodology used is applicable to the identified baseline scenario.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to the section B.3 of the Annex 1 as well as table A-2 of the Annex 2.

5.2.4 Calculation of GHG Emission Reductions

The PDD applies steps and equations to calculate project emissions, baseline emissions, leakage and emission reductions as per the requirements of the methodology.

For the calculation of the GHG emission reductions, the correct equations have been used reflecting the methodological choices. Furthermore all equations are applied correctly.

Baseline Emissions:

The baseline methodology takes into account

project."

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• a decree of the MEEDAT, setting the benchmark Emission Factors (EF_{BM}) for the calculation of the reduction of N₂O-Emission in future years and

 a plant specific regulatory limit of 2.47 kg N₂O/kg HNO₃ (100%) from July 2011 on.

The baseline emission factor considers both limit values and is determinated as follows:

These values/years are:

Year: 2009 2010 to 2011-06 to 2011-12 to 2012-12

Value: 2.5 2.5 2.47 1.85 [kg N₂O/kg HNO3 (100%)]

Project Emissions:

Taking into account a 83 % efficiency of the secondary N_2O abatement catalyst and an Emission Factor of 7,78 kg $N_2O/tHNO_3$ (N_2O concentration in the stack from the beginning of 2008 until the installation of secondary catalyst in June 2008), the resulting Project Emission Factor was calculated to 1,32 kg $N_2O/tHNO_3$.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to sections B5-B6 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.5 Additionality Determination

Prior consideration of JI

The plant operator carried out a trial campaign from 2009-09 on to assess the technical effects of the installation of a secondary N_2O abatement catalyst. This date is fixed as the starting date of the project. After successful completion of this campaign, GPN decided to undertake a Track 1 JI project activity.

Hence, the determination team can confirm that the project complies with the requirements regarding prior consideration of JI.

Application of Methodology / Methodological Tools

The discussion of additionality in the PDD was justified and conducted according to the step-by-step- approach of the Projet Domestique Methodology^{/B-1, B-2/}. A financial barrier assessment, according to the Arrêté du 2 mars 2007 of the «Ministère de l'écologie et du développement durable» was included in the consideration.

Alternatives

project."

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The PDD contains a complete list of all realistic alternatives to the project scenario. The list contains inter alia the project activity not undertaken as a JI project activity and the continuation of the status quo.

Investment Analysis

The PP provided an investment-sheet with all relevant types of costs occurred in the project activity 'INVNB'. The basis of this cost assessment is a comparison of costs incurred in absence of the project (to fulfill the legal requirements) against the costs of the project activity.

The main types of costs are:

- Costs for catalyst/leasing or investment
- Monitoring equipment which is in compliance with the monitoring standards listed in the methodology
- Costs for maintenance of the ASM regarding QAL 2 and QAL 3
- Other project operating costs

The validation team has conducted a thorough assessment of the parameters and assumptions used in this calculation. The conclusion is, that all relevant financial indicators and parameters are determined accurately. This was checked by means of cross-checking the evidences provided by the PP as well as acquired through background investigation (public regulation, local tax laws, etc.); besides, expertise in relevant accounting practices has been consulted.

It can be confirmed, that none of the N_2O destruction technology options are expected to generate any significant financial or economic benefits other than JI related income. Therefore, the "Business As Usual" scenario, the installation of just enough secondary N_2O abatement catalyst to comply with the applicable N_2O regulation, is considered not to face any significant investment barriers.

Barrier Analysis

The PP has justified the additionality on the basis of

- a) Investment barriers
- b) Technological barriers
- c) Other barriers

project."

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Though all barriers are justified to a certain extent, none of the barriers was assessed by the validation team to be a decisive barrier which would have prevented the project from realization.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to sections B4 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

Summary

The procedure to justify the additionality of the project activity derived from the methodology or required methodological tools has been applied correctly and is transparently documented in the PDD.

The validation team is convinced that the CDM was seriously considered during the Management Decision for the project.

Considering all statements above, the validation team arrived at the conclusion that the project activity is **additional** because the project is not financially viable without JI revenues, whereas none of the other presented barriers could be considered as a decisive barrier for the project implementation.

5.2.6 Monitoring Methodology

The data measurement, storage, assessment and processing was discussed with the plant operator GPN and N.serve, who will process the monitoring data and it can be confirmed, that the monitoring plan is in line with the methodology Projet Domestique Methodology: Catalytic reduction of N₂O at nitric acid plants^{/B-2/}.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section B6 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.7 Monitoring Plan

The monitoring plan covers all monitoring parameters as stipulated in the applied monitoring procedure of the methodology. The monitoring plan can be implemented and the validation team arrived at the conclusion that all monitoring arrangements are feasible within the project design.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section B6 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.8 Project Management Planning

The project management planning is appropriate for the purpose of the projects monitoring.

project."

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For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section B.7 of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.9 Crediting Period

The project starting date is 2009-06 and the duration of the crediting period is extends 2009-12-01 to 2012-12-31, which is deemed realistic and appropriate.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section C of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.10 Environmental Impacts

The Host Country France does not require an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for the project. Furthermore on the basis of document review and the on-site visit the validation team is convinced that negative environmental impacts due to the project are unlikely to occur.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section D of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.11 Comments by Local Stakeholders

The global stakeholder consultation for the project was carried out on the TÜV NORD website www.global-warming.de for 30 days, in line with the applicable requirements.

For an in depth evaluation of these topics, please refer to section E of the table A-1 of the annex 1.

5.2.12 Issues for verification

It must be checked at each verification, that, for the time after 16^{th} July 2011, no ERUs will be issued for emission levels which do not go beyond the business as usual scenario, defined by the Arrete prefectoral 2009-07-16 (2,47 kg N_2O/t HNO₃) over a period of 12 months.

The verification should include the checking of the appropriateness of the AMS (with regard to e.g. location of the sampling point, QAL1, QAL 2, uncertainty assessment)...

project."

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6 DETERMINATION OPINION

GPN S.A. has commissioned the TÜV NORD JI/CDM Certification Program (CP) as a Third Party to determinate the project:

"GPN Qrand Quevilly N7 N2O abatement"

with regard to the relevant requirements of the host country France and of the UNFCCC for JI project activities, as well as criteria for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting. UNFCCC criteria refer to the Kyoto Protocol Article 6 criteria and the Guidelines for the implementation of Article 6 of the Kyoto Protocol as agreed in the Marrakech Accords.

The project applies to the Projet Domestique Methodology: "Catalytic reduction of N₂O at nitric acid plants", approved and published by the MEEDDAT in July 2009.

The review of the project design documentation and additional documents related to baseline and monitoring methodology have provided TÜV NORD JI/CDM CP with sufficient evidence to determinate the fulfilment of the stated criteria.

In detail the conclusions can be summarised as follows:

- The project is in line with all relevant host country criteria (France) and all relevant UNFCCC requirements for JI.
- The project additionality is sufficiently justified in the PDD, the monitoring plan is transparent and adequate.
- The calculation of the project emission reductions is carried out in a transparent and conservative manner, so that the calculated emission reductions of 265,459 tCO₂e are most likely to be achieved within the crediting period.

The conclusions of this report show, that the project, as it was described in the project documentation, is in line with all criteria applicable for the determination PDD.

Essen, 2009-08-28

Mr Rainer Winter,

TÜV NORD JI/CDM CP

Determination Team Leader

project."

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7 REFERENCES

 Table 7-1:
 Documents provided by the project participant

	Document
/AMSFTN7/	Offre technique Finetech SARL:"Analyseur FTIR anafin systeme cle en main 1 flux (Technical offer from Finetech SARL regarding an AMS for the stack of N7-plant)
/AN2ON7/	Decree of the DRIRE from 16/07/2009 setting the limits for N_2 O-emissions for the N7-plant to 2.47 kg/tHNO $_3$ from July 2011 onwards.
/APSN7/	Prescriptions Complementaires (Plant permission (decree) for N5, N6, N7 indicates the plant capacity of HNO ₃
/APSOI/	Prescriptions Complementaires (Plant permission (decree) for Oissel indicates the plant capacity of HNO ₃
/CALVOLN7	Certificat d'etalonnage (Calibration certificate) for the HNO ₃ -volume flow meter of plant N7, KRONE OPTIFLUX 4000
/CCVOLN7/	Debitmetre etalonnage verification (Control chart) of HNO ₃ -volume flow meter of plant N7
/CCVOLN7R	Debitmetre etalonnage verification (Control chart) of HNO ₃ -volume flow meter of plant N7 (replaced)
/CFTIRN7/	Plan de contrôle suivi des analyseurs à l'émission des nitriques 5,6,7 (Plan of the control measures regarding the AMS
/CNN7/	Consigment Note regarding the delivery of the abatement catalyst to the N7 plant.
/CSPIE/	Contrat de maintenance courante electricite mesures et regulation analyseurs pysico-chimiques barrieres automatiques usine de Grand-Quevilly (Contact between GPN and the laboratory SPIE regarding maintenance of the AMS of plant N7 and N8)
/CSPIEA5/	Annex 5 to /CSPIE/: "Définition des travaux de maintenance courante électricité, mesures et regulation, analysators physio-chimiques et barriers (Definition of the measures of maintenance the AMS)
/ DNN7 /	Delivery note , dated 2008-06-10 regarding 75x40 kg Yara catalyst 58-Y1.

project."

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	Document
/DVOLN7/	Technical description of the HNO_3 -volume flow meter of plant N 7, KRONE OPTIFLUX 4000
/ISO 14001/	ISO 14001:2004 Certificate, valid until 20/12/2009, issued by AFAQ at 01/05/2007.
/ISO 9001/	ISO 9001:2000 Certificate, valid until 16/01/2011, issued by AFAQ at 04/02/2008.
/MFTIRN7/	Principe de mesure et echantillonnage de l'analyseur NH_3 , N_2O , NO , NO_2 Nitrique 7 (Description of measurement of the AMS of plant N 7) for N_2 , N_2O , NH_3 , NO , NO_2
/MPVOLN7/	Instrument fiche de vie (Maintenance protocol) of volume flow meter of plant N-7
/MPVOLN7R	Instrument fiche de vie (Maintenance protocols) of HNO ₃ -volume flow meter of plant N 7 (replaced)
/PIDN7/	Flow Sheet of Nitric Acid Production Plant N7, Rev. 1 from 08/2007 (DocNo.: 1A0010-PFD-0010-0001).
/OFTIRN7/	Organisation de la cellule analysator pour le suivi des analyseurs securite (IPS) (Description of the organisation of the department which is responsible for the maintenance of the measurement devices)
/QAL1/	QAL 1 Report (Pending)
/PIDABN7/	PID Production gaz nitreux/vapeur Schema N°: XD 002 (Flow sheet of Ammonia Burner)
/PIDGCN7/	PID Circuit gaz Schema N°: XD 003 (Detailed flow sheet of gas circuit)
/PPPN7/	Project Preliminary Proposal from Johnson Matthey
/ QP /	Quinquennale des études de danger (5-yearly risk assessment plan) of N7 and N8
/TRIPN7/	E-mail from GPN regarding the TRIP-POINTS OF N7
/ TSN7 /	Tableau des securites Nitrique 7 (Trip point table)
/VFTIRN7/	Verification de l'analysateur FTIR du Nitrique 7 (Verification procedure of the existing AMS of plant N 7) for N ₂ , N ₂ O, NH ₃ , NO, NO ₂
/VNON7/	Verification de l'analysateur FTIR du Nitrique 7 (Verification procedure of the

project."

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	Document
	existing AMS of plant N 7) for NOX
/MNOXN7/	Principe de mesure et echantillonnage de l'analyseur NO_X Nitrique 7 (Description of measurement of the AMS of plant N 7) for NO_X

Table 7-2: Background investigation and assessment documents

Reference	Document
/B-1/	Méthode pour les Projets Domestiques Réduction catalytique du N_2O dans des usines d'acide nitrique (Projet Domestique Methodology: Catalytic reduction of N_2O at nitric acid plants)
/ B-2 /	Projet Domestique Methodology Catalytic reduction of N₂O at nitric acid plants (Translation of /B-1/)
/B-3/	European Standard DIN EN 14181: "Stationary source emissions – Quality assurance of automated measuring systems
/B-4/	Projet Design Document (PDD): YARA Ambès N₂O abatement project Version: 15th June 2009 (Annex 1 of /B-2/)
/B-5/	Arrêté du 2 mars 2007 of the 'Ministère de l'écologie et du développement durable (Implementation of the JI-Guidelines in France)
/B-6/	Reference Document on Best Available Techniques for the Manufacture of Large Volume Inorganic Chemicals - Ammonia, Acids and Fertilisers

project."

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Table 7-3: Websites used

Reference	Link	Organisation			
/bref/	http://eippcb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ reference/	Website of the European Commission, Joint Research Centre, Institute for Prospective Technological Studies (Provision of BAT- Reference documents)			
/dfp/	http://www.developpement-durable.gouv.fr/	Ministère de l'Écologie, de l'Énergie, de Développement Durable et de la Mer, et charge des Technologies vertes et des Négociations sur le climat			
/dehst/	http://www.dehst.de	German Emissions Trading Authority (DEHSt) at the Federal Environment Agency			
/ipcc/	www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp	IPCC publications			
/LF/	http://www.legifrance.gouv.fr/	Site of the Legifrance (La service public de la diffusion du droit)			
/mist/	http://www.ecologie.gouv.fr/Methodologies-de-projets.html	Ministère de l'Écologie, de l'Énergie, du Développement durable et de la Mer (Ministry of ecology and sustainable development)			
/nfg/	http://www.effet-de- serre.gouv.fr/accueil	Mission interministérielle sur l'effet de serre (French Inter-Ministry Mission on the Greenhouse Effect)			
/unfccc/	http://ji.unfccc.int	UNFCCC			

Table 7-4: List of interviewed persons

Reference	Mol ¹		Name	Organisation / Function			
/ IM01 /	٧	⊠ Mr. □ Ms	Patrick le Calvé	GPN, Technical manager			
/IM01/	V	⊠ Mr. □ Ms	Jean-Claude Lansou	GPN, Production South Plant Manager			
/IM01/	٧	⊠ Mr.	Nicolas Aubertîe	GPN, Head of Electrical			

project."

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Reference	Mol ¹		Name	Organisation / Function		
		☐ Ms		Instrumentation Department		
/IM01/	V	⊠ Mr. □ Ms	Gabriel Gombart	GPN, Sustainable Management		
/IM01/	٧	⊠ Mr. □ Ms	Emmanuel de Trogoff	GPN, Licensing Process Engineer		
/IM01/	٧	☐ Mr. ☑ Ms	Rebecca Cardani-Strange	N.serve, Project manager		
/IM01/	V	⊠ Mr. □ Ms	Christopher Brandt	N.serve, CDM/JI Head of Project Management and Legal Counsel		
/IM01/	V	⊠ Mr. □ Ms	Fabrice Relmaunay	SPIE, Maintenance Personal for AMS		

¹⁾ Means of Interview: (Telephone, E-Mail, Visit)

project."

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P-No.: 8000373115 - 09/264



ANNEX

A1:	Determination Protocol
A2:	Assessment of Baseline Information
A3:	Assessment of Financial Parameters
A4:	Assessment of Barrier Analysis
A5:	Outcome of the GSCP
A6:	Application of non approved Methodologies Requirement Checklist

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ANNEX 1: DETERMINATION PROTOCOL

Table A-1: Requirements Checklist

Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
A. General Description of Project Activity				
A.1. Approval The written approval of the parties involved is a mandatory requirement				
A.1.1. Which Parties and project Participants are involved in the project?	Parties involved are France (as a Host Party) and Germany. The Project Participant of the Host Country is GPN S.A. The Project Participant of Germany is N.serve Environmental Services GmbH (Germany)	/PDD/		OK
A.1.2. Are the parties involved eligible for JI Track 1?	By means of checking the UNFCCC website, it was confirmed that France and Germany are eligible under JI track 1.	/mist/ /dehst/ /unfccc/		OK
A.1.3. Has the project provided written approvals of all parties involved?	The Letters of Approval can be applied only after the issuance of the positive determination opinion. Nevertheless, a corresponding CAR was raised.	/PDD/	CAR A1	



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
A.1.4.	Are the approvals issued from organisations listed as DFPs on the UNFCCC JI website?	Please refer to the comment under A.1.3.		CAR A1	
A.1.5.	Do the written approvals confim that the corresponding party is a Party to the Kyoto Protocol?	Please refer to the comment under A.1.3.		CAR A1	
A.1.6.	Do the written approvals refer to the precise project title in the PDD submitted for registration?	Please refer to the comment under A.1.3.		CAR A1	
A.1.7.	Is the information regarding the project participants listed in section A3 and in Annex 1 of the PDD internally consistent to each other?	No, the information regarding the name of the organisation given in Annex 1 is not in line with A.3		CAR A6	ОК
A.1.8.	Are all project participants listed in the PDD approved at least by one Party involved?	Please refer to the comment under A.1.3.		CAR A1	
A.1.9.	Are any other project participants approved but not listed in the PDD?	Please refer to the comment under A.1.3.		CAR A1	
A.2.	PDD editorial aspects				
prepare	DD used as a basis for determination shall be ed in accordance with the latest template and ce from the JISC available on the UNFCCC JI e.				
A.2.1.	Has the latest version of the PDD form been	Since this is a JI Track 1 project activity there are no	/PDD/		OK



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
applied?	mandatory forms that have to be used.	/B-1/		
	A Project Design Document in accordance with the annex 1 ("Example illustrating the application of this methodology") of the Projet Domestique Methodology: "Catalytic reduction of N ₂ O at nitric acid plants" has been used.	/B-4/		
A.2.2. Has the PDD been duly filled in accordance	The PDD is in line with the "Example illustrating the	/PDD/		OK
with the latest guidance(s)?	application of this methodology" (Annex 1) of the Projet Domestique Methodology: "Catalytic reduction of N₂O at nitric	/B-1/		
	acid plants".	/B-4/		
	The PDD have in general been filled in accordance with the structure and guidance given in the methodology, but minor editorial issues have been discussed with the PPs during the site visit. The following findings have been raised and issued as FAR, CAR, CL as listed below:			
	On page 44/45 (Annex 1 of the PDD) the first column should be translated to English since it is written in French.	/PDD/	CL A3	OK
	The coordinates of the plant location are missing in the PDD.	/PDD/	CL A4	OK
	The information regarding the name of the organisation given in Annex 1 is not in line with A.3. The name given in A.3. is GPN S.A., in Annex 1 is GPN N7 Nitric acid plant (France)	/PDD/	CAR A6	OK



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
A.3. Technology to be employed Determination of project technology focuses on the project engineering, choice of technology and competence/ maintenance needs. The DOE should ensure that environmentally safe and sound technology and know-how is used.				
A.3.1. Does the PDD contain a clear, accurate and complete project description?	Within the project, N ₂ O emissions from the production of nitric acid at GPN's N7 nitric acid plant will be reduced by installation of a secondary N ₂ O abatement catalyst. The project description was provided in various parts of the PDD, esp. in the chapters A.2, A.4.2 and A.4.3. The project activity is assessed as clear, accurate, complete and sufficient; the PDD is in line with provided evidences and physical implementation of the project activity. The details including the technical specification of the state of the art catalyst technology for the abatement of N ₂ O have been provided in the PDD in a detailed and appropriate manner. During the on-site visit the determination team has inspected the facilities of the HNO ₃ -production site and it could be verified that physical implementation of the project activity is in line with the information provided in the PDD. The applicability of the type of abatement catalyst (YARA 58 Y 1) under appropriate plant conditions is suitable to decompose N ₂ O and the installed AMS fulfils the requirement	/PDD/ /NAPFS/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
		of the methodology regarding the monitoring of the project emissions. Nevertheless, following CL was raised: The HNO ₃ -capacity of the N7-plant needs to be corrected. Furthermore, the value of the annual emissions without the installation of the abatement technology needs revision.	/PDD/	CL A2	ОК
A.3.2.	Is this description in accordance with the real situation or (in case of greenfield projects) is it most likely that the project will be implemented acc. to the project description?	See A 3.1.			
A.3.3.	In case the project involves alteration of the existing installation or process, is a clear description available regarding the differences between the project and the pre-project situation?	Within the project, N_2O emissions from the production of nitric acid at GPN's N7 nitric acid plant will be reduced by installation of a secondary N_2O abatement catalyst. The N_2O catalyst was already installed in June 2008 to carry out a preliminary trial. Previous to this trial campaign, no N_2O abatement-technology was used so that the pre-project situation does not envisages any N_2O abatement measures	PDD		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
A.3.4.	Does the project design engineering reflect current good practices?	Yes. The project involves the installation of a secondary catalyst in the ammonia burner to abate nitrous oxide. Since this or similar type of catalyst is installed in several nitric acid plants which are involved in CDM and JI-projects, this project reflects current good practices.	/PDD/		OK
A.3.5.	Does the project use state of the art technology or would the technology result in a significantly better performance than any commonly used technologies in the host country?	The employed technology is defined as the best available technology acc. to the BREF-Documents of the EU.	/PDD/ /B-6/		ОК
A.4.	Small scale project activity				
	ssessed whether the project qualifies as small- Il project activity				
A.4.1.	Does the project qualify as a small scale project activity as defined by the JISC	Not applicable, because the project activity is a large scale project since the estimated emission reduction of 265,459 tCO ₂ e per year exceeds the limit of 60,000 tCO ₂ e annually.	/PDD/		OK
A.4.2.	Does the project apply one of the approved small scale categories and any methodology and tool referred therein?	See A.4.1.			



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
A.4.3. Is the small scale project activity not a debundled component of a larger project activity?	See A.4.1.			
B. Project Baseline, Additionality and Monitoring Plan				
B.1. Application of the Methodology				
B.1.1. What kind of methodology has been used?	Name: Méthode pour les Projets Domestiques: Réduction catalytique du N₂O dans des usines d'acide nitrique (Projet Domestique Methodology: Catalytic reduction of N₂O at nitric acid plants) Version: 1 Type: ☐ I: CDM Approved Methodology — latest version ☐ II: National Methodology ☐ III: CDM Approved Methodology — older version ☐ IV: Combination of Approved Methodologies ☐ V: Project specific Methodology	/PDD/ /B-1/ /B-2/ /B-4/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.1.2.	In case of methodology types I and II: Is the applied CDM methodology identical with the version available on UNFCCC website or -in case of a country or project-cpecific methodology- is the methodology approved by the Host Country? In case of methodology types III – V: Annex 6 has to be filled	The proposed project activitiy applies the French Projet Domestique Methodology: "Catalytic reduction of N ₂ O at nitric acid plants", which was approved and published by the French Ministry of ecology and sustainable development in 2009-07.	/PDD/ /mist/		OK
B.1.3.	Are all applicability criteria in the methodology, the applied tools or any other methodology component referred to therein fulfilled?	Yes, the applicability criteria in the methodology, the applied tools and other methodology components are in line with: • French guidelines for the implementation of JI-Projects • Local decrees regarding the limiting of N ₂ O-emissions As the validity date of the local decree (Arrete Prefetoral) was 15 th of July instead of June 2009, the PDD and accordingly, the emission reduction calculation have to be revised. The methodology is applicable to project activities using secondary and tertiary N ₂ O abatement technology.	/PDD/ /B-2/ /B-5/ /AN2ON 7/	CL A5	OK
B.1.4.	Is the project in accordance to every other stipulation or requirement mentioned in all sections of the methodology?	Yes, the project meets all stipulations of the methodology. In this context it has to be mentioned, that there has been a close contact between the project proponents and the DFP regarding the development of the project specific methodology.	/PDD/ /B-2/ /AN2ON 7/		OK



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.2. Project Boundaries				
Project Boundaries are the limits and borders defining the GHG emission reduction project				
B.2.1. Are the project's spatial boundaries (geographical) clearly defined?	The project boundary includes the nitric acid plant from the inlets to the ammonia burner to the outlet of the stack. All NO_X and N_2O abatement-devices and the AMS in the stack are included. According to the methodology, only the emissions of N_2O as tail gas emission have to be considered in the project boundary.	/PDD/ /NAPFS- SS/	CAR B2	OK
	This is -according to the methodology- clearly described in words and a visualisation of the physical project boundary as well as a table defining all significant GHG gases has been included in the PDD.			
	A CAR B2 was raised, because Table 3 (Sources and gases included in the project boundary) was not completed acc. to the methodology.			
B.2.2. Are all sources and GHGs included in the project boundary as required in the applied methodology?	The methodology only considers N_2O as the main emission source in tail gas after the destruction facility. All other gases/sources are not included in the project boundary.	/PDD/		OK



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.2.3. In case the methodology allows to choose whether a source and/or gas is to be included, is the choice sufficiently explained and justified?	See B.2.2	/PDD/		ОК
B.3. Baseline Identification				
The choice of the baseline scenario will be validated with focus on whether the baseline is a likely scenario, and whether the methodology to define the baseline scenario has been followed in a complete and transparent manner.				
B.3.1. What has been identified as the baseline scenario?	The baseline scenario includes the installation of a N_2O -abatement-technology (catalyst) to reduce the N_2O -emissions according to the legal requirements. Considerably less (in comparison to the project activity) of catalyst material would be needed to achieve compliance with the local decree.	/PDD/ /AN2ON 7/		OK
B.3.2. What possible baseline scenarios have been considered?	Following alternative to the project activity has been identified: • Continuation of the Status Quo, where only a sufficient amount of secondary catalyst material is installed to ensure compliance with any applicable legal N ₂ O regulations (Business as Usual). • Separation and utilisation of N ₂ O	/PDD/		ОК



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.3.3.	In case alternatives have to be considerered, are all scenarios supplemental to those provided in the methodology reasonable in the context of the project activity?	No additional scenarios have been considered.			
B.3.4.	Has the baseline scenario been determined according to the methodology?	No, several reference scenarios listed in the methodology have not been investigated. To clarify this, CAR B1 was raised.	/PDD/	CAR B1	ОК
B.3.5.	Is the list of alternatives complete?	See B.3.4.			
B.3.6.	Has the baseline scenario been determined using conservative assumptions where possible?	Yes, e.g. the baseline emissions have been calculated applying the regulatory values/baseline value as presented in B.5.4.	/PDD/		ОК
B.3.7.	Does the baseline scenario sufficiently take into account relevant national and/or sectoral policies, macro-economic trends and political aspirations?	Yes, as explained above, the legal requirements have been taken into account.	/PDD/ /AN2ON 7/		OK
B.3.8.	Is the baseline scenario determination compatible with the available data and are all literature and sources clearly referenced?	The baseline scenario determination is compatible with the available data and literature sources are clearly referenced. The PDD provides references to all relevant literature sources (sources were submitted for determination, too) and data.	/PDD/		OK



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.4. Additionality Determination				
The assessment of additionality will be validated with focus on whether the project itself is not a likely baseline scenario.				
B.4.1. Methodology				
B.4.1.1. Did the additionality justification follow the requirements of the applied methodology and/or methodological tools?	The additionality has been pepared according to the methodology, which includes a scheme for the assessment of the reference scenario and additionality of the project activity.	/PDD/ /B-1/ /B-2/		ОК
B.4.2. Consideration of JI before project				
B.4.2.1. Is the project starting date reported in accordance with the glossary of JI terms??	No, since a country specific methodology has been applied, the glossary is not in accordance with the JI. The start of the project activity at N7 was September $2009^{\text{/CNN7/, /DNN7/,}}$. At this date, the N ₂ O abatement catalyst was installed in the ammonia boiler.	/PDD/		OK
B.4.2.2. In case the project start date is before	Yes, the PDD explains, that without the sale of the ERUs	/PDD/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
	commencing of determination, was the incentive from JI seriously considered and are details given in the PDD?	generated by the project activities there would be no incentive to justify the additional costs associated with the implementation of the additional N_2O abatement system under project activity.	/INV/		
B.4.2.3.	How and when was the decision to proceed with the project?	The project will proceed, which means the complete amount of catalyst will remain in the plant, if the project activity is registered.	/PDD/		OK
B.4.2.4.	Is the project start date consistent with the available evidences?	No, the starting date was communicated during the on-site visit. The evidence which approves the date of the start up of the plant is still outstanding. Thus, CL B5 was raised.	/PDD/	CL B5	OK
B.4.2.5.	Was the decision to proceed with the project taken by a person entity which has the authority to do so?	Yes, the decision to proceed with the project has been taken by the decision board of GPN S.A.	/PDD/		OK
B.4.2.6.	. How was the JI involved in the decision making process?	JI was considered in the early stage of the project. For this reason, GPN contracted N.serve to develop the JI-project activity.	/PDD/		ОК
B.4.2.7.	Can the JI involvement in the decision be assessed as serious?	Yes (see above)	/PDD/		OK
	Identification of alternatives Step 1 of SSC projects pl. skip steps 1 and 2)				



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.4.3.1. Have all realistic alternatives been identified to the project?	 No, several scenarios like the installation of a non selective catalytic reductions implementation of a primary, secondary or tertiary N₂O destruction technology have not been taken into consideration. However these scenarios are discussed later in step 2 of the PDD. To correct this, CAR B1 was raised. 	/PDD/	CAR B1	OK
B.4.3.2. Contains the list of alternatives at least the status-quo situation and the project not undertaken as a JI project?	No, the alternative that the project is not undertaken as a JI project is not included in the list of alternatives. In this context, CAR B1 was raised.	/PDD/		OK
B.4.3.3. Do all identified alternatives comply with applicable regulation?	Yes, the alternatives are complying with the legal obligations, which limit the N₂O-emissions of the plant.	/PDD/		OK
B.4.4. Investment analysis Step 2 In case the investment analysis as per step 2 is chosen to justify the additionality Annex 2 "Assessment of Financial Parameters" has to be used to provide additional details of the the calculation parameters				
B.4.4.1. Is an appropriate analysis method chosen for the project (simple cost analysis, investment comparison analysis or benchmark analysis)?	It was clarified in the PDD, that no significant financial or economic benefits other than JI related income can be generated by any of the possible N_2O destruction technologies. The investment requirements, caused by the implementation of the project activity, should be depicted in an investment cost sheet.	/PDD/	CL B4	OK



(Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
		Since this financial calculation sheet was not available at the site visit, a corresponding CL B4 was raised.			
B.4.4.2.	Is a clear, viewable and unprotected Excel spreadsheet available for the investment calculation?	No, see B.4.4.1.		CL B4	ОК
B.4.4.3.	Does the period chosen for the investment analysis reflect the technical lifetime of the project activity or in case a shorter period is chosen, is the fair value of the project activity's assets at the end of the investment analysis period (as a cash inflow) included?	No, see B.4.4.1.	-	CL B4	OK
B.4.4.4.	Is the fair value calculated in accordance with local accounting regulations (where available) or international best practice?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.5.	Is the book value as well as the expectation of the potential profit or loss included in the fair value calculation?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.6.	Are depreciation and other non-cash related items added back to net profits for the purpose to calculate the financial indicator?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.7.	Is taxation excluded in the investment analysis or is the benchmark intended for post tax comparisons?	N/A	-	-	-



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.4.4.8. Were the input values used in the investment analysis valid and applicable at the time of the investment decision?	N/A	-	-	-
Investment comparison				
B.4.4.9. In case of project IRR: Are the costs of financing expenditures (loan repayments and interests) excluded from the calculation of project IRR?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.10. In case of equity IRR: Is the part of the investment costs, which is financed by equity considered as net cash outflow and is the part financed by debt excluded in net cash outflow?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.11.Is the type of benchmark chosen appropriate for the type of IRR calculated (e.g. local commercial lending rates or weighted average costs of capital for project IRR; required/expected returns on equity for equity IRR)?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.12.Is the benchmark value suitable for the project activity?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.13. Is it ensured that the project cannot be developed by other developers than the PP?	N/A	-	-	-



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.4.4.14. Was the benchmark consistently used in the past for similar projects with similar risks?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.4.15. Was sensitivity analysis apropriately done by the project participants?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.5. Barrier analysis Step 3 or SSC additionality assessment				
B.4.5.1. Are there any barriers given whose issues have a clear and definable impact on the profitability of the project?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.5.2. How is it justified and evidenced that the barriers given in the PDD are real?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.5.3. How is it justified that one or a set of real barriers prevent(s) the implementation of the project activity?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.6. Common practice analysis Step 4 (in case of SSC projects skip this step)				
B.4.6.1. Is the defined region for the common practice analysis appropriate for the technology/industry type?	N/A	-	-	-
B.4.6.2. To what extent similar projects have been undertaken in the relevant region?	N/A	-	-	-



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.4.6.3. In case similar projects are identified, are there any key differences between the proposed project and existing or ongoing projects and what kind of differences are observed?	N/A	1	-	-
B.5. Calculation of GHG Emission Reductions				
It is assessed whether the calculations of project emissions, baseline emissions, leakage emissions are stated according to the methodology and whether the argumentation for the choice of default factors and values – where applicable – is justified. Furthermore calculation of emission reductions shall be assessed.				
B.5.1. Are the emission reductions real, measurable and give long-term benefits related to the mitigation of climate change?	The emission reductions are real, measurable and give long- term benefits related to the mitigation of climate change.	/PDD/		OK
B.5.2. Are the equations applied correctly according to the applied approved methodology?	Yes, the equations applied for calculation are correctly applied according to the approved methodology. The formulae to calculate the project, baseline and leakage emissions are presented in the section B.6.1. of the PDD in a clear and transparent manner	/PDD/I /B-1/ /B-2/ /B-3/	CAR E2 CAR B3	
	The calculation of estimated emission reductions has been carried out in the section B.6.2. of the PDD. The calculations			



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
	as presented in this section strictly follow the algorithm of the monitoring plan.			
	The cases for considering of leakage are discussed in the methodology. Leakage should be considered in case of:			
	• increased temperature of tail gas (over 170 °C) whereas			
	no heat recovery is applicated in the tial gas stream.			
	Both preconditions are not fulfilled, so no leakage caused by heat-energy loss exists.			
	However, following CARs and CL were raised:			
	CAR E2:			
	The Arrêté of 2 March 2007 stipulates, that: "the total amount of issued Emission Reduction Units equates to 90% of the GHG emissions effectively avoided due to the implementation of the project activity". Since the PDD does not regard this restriction in the calculation of ERUs, clarification is needed. CL B3:			
	For the time after 16 th July 2011, it has to be clarified in the PDD how it can be assured that no ERUs will be issued for emission levels which do not go beyond the business as usual scenario, which is defined by the Arrete prefectoral 2009-07-16 (2,47 kg N ₂ O/t HNO ₃) over a period of 12			



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
		months.			
B.5.3.	In case the methodology allows for different methodological choices, are the equations applied properly justified and have they been used reflecting the other methodological choices (i.e. baseline identification)?	The project specific methodology has been developed for the considered project activity. The methodology provides clear procedure for calculation of the emission reductions. There are no provisions for choices between different methodological approaches.			
B.5.4.	Have conservative assumptions been used when calculating the project emissions?	Yes. The baseline methodology takes into account a decree of the MEEDAT, setting the benchmark Emission Factors (EF _{BM}) for the calculation of the reduction of N ₂ O-Emission in future years. These values/years are: 2009 2010 2011 2012 2.5 2.5 1.85 kg N ₂ O/kg HNO ₃ (100%) In addition to that, the DRIRE introduced a plant specific regulatory limit of 2.47 kg N ₂ O/kg HNO ₃ (100%) from July 2011 on.	/PDD/ /B-1/ /B-2/ /B-4/ /AN2ON 7/	CAR B3	
		The baseline for ERU calculation takes into account the lowest available values, so that the baseline values future calculation of emission reduction are:			



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
		These values/years are: 2009 2010 to 2011-06 to 2011-12 to 2012-12 2.5 2.5 2.47 1.85 Values in [kg N₂O/kg HNO₃ (100%)]			
		These values represent the reference case and the maximum legal emission levels for N₂O (see 4.3.).			
		That means that an exceedance of these legal values leads to a corresponding reduction of the ERUs.			
		A CL B3 was raised to clarify this approach in the PDD.			
B.5.5.	Are all data and parameters which remain fixed throughout the crediting period correct,	Yes, the regulatory limits and benchmark values are fixed over the crediting period.	/PDD/	CL D2	OK
	applicable to the project and will lead to a conservative estimation of emission reductions?	Nevertheless, a CL D2 (Monitoring plan) was raised to secure, that the regulatory framework needs to be followed up during the crediting period.			
B.5.6.	Is the choice of the value for the data and parameters which have to be monitored	Yes, the choice of data is	/PDD/		OK
	reasonable?	 in line with the methodology and checked to be reasonable. 			



(in	Checklist Item acl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
It is ass	onitoring of Emission Reductions sessed whether the monitoring plan is e for the project activity and in line with the ethodology.				
ар	e all monitoring parameters required by the oplied methodology contained in the onitoring plan?	A monitoring methodology and description of a monitoring plan is specified in the methodology of the "Project Domestiques". The parameters required by this methodology are contained in the monitoring plan. Nevertheless, a CL D2 was raised to include the follow up of the regulatory framework in the monitoring plan.	/PDD/	GL D2	OK
ace	case different approaches can be chosen c. to the methodology, is the selection of trameters justified and correct?	N/A	-	-	-
co	e the means of monitoring of all parameters intained in the monitoring plan in accordance th the requirements of the applied ethodology?	Yes	/PDD/		ОК
B.6.4. Are	e all parameters appropriately labelled?	Yes	/PDD/		OK
de	it likely that the monitoring arrangements escribed in the PDD can properly be plemented in the context of the project	Yes The verification team assessed the implemented and installed AMS at the on-site-visit and came to the conclusion	/PDD/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
	activity?	that the application is suitable for the purpose of monitoring the project emissions.			
B.6.6.	Are the means of implementation of the monitoring plan, including QA/QC procedures sufficient to ensure that emission reductions can be reported without material misstatement?	The monitoring plan presented in chapter B.7. is comprehensive and provides QA/QC procedures to insure the appropriate reporting of emissions and emission reductions. This includes quality measures related to the AMS according to the EN 14181.	/PDD/	CL D1 FAR D3	OK
		Following CL, FAR were raised: CL D1: It should be made clear in the PDD whether the EN 14181 will be followed completely or if other eligible standards, like AFNOR XP X43-305, which are in line with the methodological requirements will be applied for this project activity. FAR D3: The verifier has to check the appropriateness of the AMS (with regard to e.g. Location of the sampling point, QAL1, QAL 2, uncertainty assessment).			
B.6.7.	Will all monitored data required for verification and issuance be kept for two years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs, for this project activity, whichever occurs later?	Yes, all monitored data required for verification and issuance will be stored in a central data system of the company and kept for two years after the project end.	/PDD/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.6.8.	Does the monitoring plan provide for the collection and archiving of all relevant data necessary for determining emissions reduction during the crediting period?	Baseline emissions: It was ruled by the national authorities, that baseline emissions should be calculated applying a "Benchmark Emission Factor (EF _{BM}), or if lower, regulatory limits of local authorities (see B.5.4.). Therefore, the acquisition of data of N ₂ O-emissions in order to determine the baseline emissions is not necessary. However, the monitoring of trip point values and data related to the amount of produced HNO ₃ are completely included in the monitoring plan. Project emissions: According to the methodology, the monitoring plan provides all relevant data necessary for measurement of the GHG	/PDD/	Conci.	OK
B.6.9.	Are the choices of GHG indicators reasonable	emissions within the project boundary. Leakage: According to the methodology, leakage shall not be monitored. Caused by an increased amount of catalyst, a constant pressure loss in the tail gas reactor occurs, but will not be monitored over the crediting period. Yes, e.g. the reference value (benchmark emissions factor)	/PDD/		ОК
	and conservative?	that will be applied to calculate the emissions reductions from a specific verification period was determined according to French Government decision.			



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
	The violation of these limits will lead to a reduction of ERUs for the relevant period.			
B.6.10.Is the measurement method clearly stated for each indicator to be monitored and also deemed appropriate?	Yes, the monitoring plan provides clear measurement methods in for project emissions in chapter B.6.2 of the PDD.	/PDD/		OK
	The measurement of project emissions is described appropriate in the PDD and in documents provided during the	/CALVOL N7/		OK
	site visit. Several documents regarding QS/QA of the AMS where provided.	/CCVOL N7/		
		/CCVOL N7R/		
		/DVOLN 7/		
		/MFTIRN 7/		
B.6.12.Is the measurement accuracy addressed and deemed appropriate? Are procedures in place on how to deal with erroneous measurements?	As documents/certificates regarding the appropriateness of the AMS for measurement of project emissions could not provided during the site visit, the verifier has to check the suitability of the AMS with regard to e.g.:	/PDD/	FAR D3	ОК
	location of the sampling point			
	QAL1, QAL 2			



Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
	 uncertainty assessment. Regarding these issues, FAR D3 was raised 			
B.6.13. Is the measurement interval identified and deemed appropriate?	The AMS for project emissions is working as an online- and permanent-measurement device.	/PDD/		OK
B.6.14.Is the registration, monitoring, measurement and reporting procedure defined?	The procedures are defined in chapter B.7.2. of the PDD to a sufficient extent.	/PDD/		OK
	The data of the AMS for the calculation of project emissions will be transferred to central data acquisition system of the company and evaluated by N.serve according to the regulations of the methodology.			
B.6.15. Are procedures identified for maintenance of monitoring equipment and installations? Are the calibration intervals being observed?	The AMS for emission reduction will be maintained using a QA/QS programme which refers to the EN 14181 and through internal measures for quality assurance related to ISO 9001 and 14001. Although several CARS were raised related to the QS/QA measures, the measurement equipment can be described as appropriate.	/PDD/		OK
B.6.16. Are procedures identified for day-to-day records handling (including what records to keep, storage area of records and how to process performance documentation)	See B.6.8.	/PDD/		ОК



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
B.7.	Project Management Planning It is checked that project implementation is properly prepared for and that critical arrangements are addressed.				
B.7.1.	Is the authority and responsibility of overall project management clearly described?	Yes, the operational structure of the QMS of the plant is certified against ISO 9001 and 14001 requirements. An external laboratory has been contracted for maintenance of the AMS. The determination of the raw N ₂ O-data sets will be carried out by N.serve.	/PDD/ /ISO 14001/ /ISO 9001/		ОК
B.7.2.	Are procedures identified for training of monitoring personnel?	Specific training measures are not intended, but specific activities related to the JI-project will be carried out by experienced and qualified companies as described above.	/PDD/		OK
B.7.3.	Are procedures identified for review of reported results/data?	Yes, all monitoring related data will be sent to N.serve for revision, plausibility check and calculation of the project emissions.	/PDD/		OK
B.7.4.	Is the authority and responsibility of overall project management clearly described?	Yes, see above.	/PDD/		OK
B.7.5.	Are procedures identified for training of monitoring personnel?	N/A	/PDD/ /IM01/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
C. D	uration of the Project/ Crediting Period				
	ssessed whether the temporary boundaries of the tare clearly defined.				
C.1.	Is the project's starting date and the project duration clearly defined and evidenced?	Yes, project starting date is June 2008 which is described in B.4.2.1., but not evidenced yet, a CL B5 was raised in this context. The Crediting period will start after the registration of the project at the NFP. This is envisaged at December 2009.	/PDD/	CAR C1	OK
		However, CAR C1 was raised, because section C.1. should also reflect the technical aspects of the project implementation.			
C.2.	Is the project's operational lifetime clearly defined and evidenced?	The operational lifetime (efficiently of the catalyst) is estimated at 3 years, but during the annual downtime for maintenance, an exchange can be carried out, if necessary.	/PDD/		OK
C.3.	Is the start of the crediting period clearly defined and reasonable?	The start of crediting period is 01.12.2009.	/PDD/		OK
D. E	nvironmental Impacts				
impac	nentation on the analysis of the environmental ts will be assessed, and if deemed significant, an nould be provided to the DOE.				



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
D.1.	Has an analysis of the environmental impacts of the project activity been sufficiently described?	The environmental impacts are sufficiently described in the PDD under Section D.: Environmental Impacts. Apart from the reduction of emissions of N_2O , there will be no significant further positive or negative impacts on the environment occur.	/PDD/		OK
D.2.	Are there any Host Party requirements for an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), and if yes, is an EIA approved?	The host government (France) does not request an EIA.	/B-5/		OK
D.3.	Will the project create any adverse environmental effects?	See D.1.	-	-	-
D.4.	Are transboundary environmental impacts considered in the analysis?	See D.1.	-	-	-
D.5.	Have identified environmental impacts been addressed in the project design?	N/A	-	-	-
D.6.	Does the project comply with environmental legislation in the host country?	Yes, the project fully complies with environmental legislation of France. A decree was raised from the local government to limit the emission of N ₂ O for this type of plants.	/AN2ON 7/		OK
E. Si	takeholder Comments				
have b	OE should ensure that stakeholder comments been invited with appropriate media and that due not has been taken of any comments received.				
E.1.	Have relevant stakeholders been invited to	A global stakeholder consultation was carried out on the TÜV	/PDD/		OK



	Checklist Item (incl. guidance for the determination team)	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.
	consultation?	NORD website www.global-warming.de for 30 days as of 2009-08-03. No comments were received.			
		The local stakeholder process has not been carried out. This is considered to be appropriate for this kind of project activities as no affected local stakeholders could be identified.			
E.2.	Have appropriate media been used to invite comments by local stakeholders?	See E.1.	/PDD/		OK
E.3.	If a stakeholder consultation process is required by regulations/laws in the host country, has the stakeholder consultation process been carried out in accordance with such regulations/laws?	See E.1.	/PDD/		OK
E.4.	Is an appropriate summary of the stakeholder comments received provided in the PDD?	See E.1.	/PDD/		ОК
E.5.	Has due account been taken of any stakeholder comments received?	See E.1.	/PDD/		OK

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ANNEX 2: ASSESSMENT OF BASELINE IDENTIFICATION

Table A-2: Assessment of Baseline Identification

Baseline alternatives are not identified
Assessment of alternatives of baseline see below

						DOE Assessment
Baseline Alternatives identified	Inline with the Metho- dology?	Eli- mina- ted	Reasons for elimination / non- elimination from list of alternatives	Evi- dence used	Appropriate- ness of elimi- nation	Assessment of determination team (results and means of assessment)
a) Continuation of the Status Quo (Business as Usual Scenario). The continuation of the business as usual scenario, where: i) there is no №0 destruction technology installed.			The scenario not to install any N ₂ O abatement technology is not in complience with the "Arrêté Préféctoral" which limits the N ₂ O emissions to 2.47 kg N ₂ O/kg HNO3 (100%).	/PDD/ /AN2ON 7/		The determination team follows the statements for the elimination of scenario a)i), since the 'Arrêté Préféctoral', which is an official decision of the local government obliges the plant operator to reduce the emission level to the limit of 2.47kg N ₂ O/tHNO ₃ .
a) Continuation of the Status Quo (Business as Usual Scenario). The continuation of the business as usual scenario, where: ii) only sufficient secondary catalyst is			The scenario which includes the option to install only just enough tertiary catalyst material in the de-N ₂ O bed to achieve compliance with the local 'Arrêté Préféctoral' on N ₂ O emissions will not lead to an emission reduction beyond the 2.47kg	/PDD/ /AN2ON 7/ /B-1/		The determination team follows the statement for the eligibility of scenario a)ii), since only the reduction of emissions below the limits of the governmental decree will lead to claim for Emission Reduction Units in compliance with the country specific methodology.

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						DOE Assessment
Baseline Alternatives identified	Inline with the Metho- dology?	Eli- mina- ted	Reasons for elimination / non- elimination from list of alternatives	Evi- dence used	Appropriate- ness of elimi- nation	Assessment of determination team (results and means of assessment)
installed to ensure compliance with any applicable legal N2O regulations.			N₂O/tHNO₃ and the project activity will not take place.			
B) Alternative uses of N2O, such as: - Recycling of N₂O for feedstock - External use of N₂O	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	The use of N_2O as a feedstock for the production of nitric acid is technically not feasible, because it is not possible to produce nitric acid from N_2O at the quantities found in the tail gas of nitric acid plants.	/PDD/ /BREF/		Due to low concentrations of N ₂ O in the exhaust of the plant, the recycling is not a technically suitable and economically attractive alternative.
c) Installation of NCSR (Non Specific Catalytic Reduction)			The application of a Non Specific Catalytic Reduction Unit causes high investment and operation costs due to permanent demand of an reduction agent. This technology produces emissions of CO, CO ₂ and remaining hydrocarbons.	/PDD/ /BREF/	\boxtimes	Since there is an efficient N ₂ O-abatement system available existing, there is no need to choose a not-state-of-the-art-technology.
 d) Implementation of a primary, secondary or tertiary N₂O destruction technology in the absence of the registration of the project activity as a Projet Domestique. 	\boxtimes		Primary catalyst: For the specific reduction of N ₂ O emissions, producers only consider installation of the already widely-tested and well-proven secondary and tertiary catalyst technologies in order to minimise the influence on the HNO ₃ -production process.	/PDD/ /BREF/	\boxtimes	The secondary and tertiary abatement technologies are state-of-the art technologies and will not lead to any negative influence on the HNO ₃ -production process.

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						DOE Assessment
Baseline Alternatives identified	Inline with the Metho- dology?	Eli- mina- ted	Reasons for elimination / non- elimination from list of alternatives	Evi- dence used	Appropriate- ness of elimi- nation	Assessment of determination team (results and means of assessment)
			Implementation in the absence of the registration of the project activity as a Projet Domestique: See alternative a)ii)			



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ANNEX 3: ASSESSMENT OF FINANCIAL PARAMETERS

Table A-3: Assessment of Financial Parameters

No financial parameters are used for additionality justification so far
Assessment of all financial parameters see below

A completed table will be provided in the final Determination Report

	Value		Source of Information			E ASSESSMENT
Parameter	applied	Unit	(please indicate document and page)	Correctness of value applied	Appropriateness of information source	Comment
					7	

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ANNEX 4: ASSESSMENT OF BARRIER ANALYSIS

Table A-4: Assessment of Barrier Analysis

No barrier parameters are used for additionality justification
Assessment of barriers see below

Kind of			Assessment of determination team				
Barrier (invest, tech, other)	Description of Barrier	Evidence used	Appropriat eness of information source	Explanation of final result			

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ANNEX 5: OUTCOME OF THE GSCP

Table A-5: Outcome of the Global Stakeholder Consultation Process

No comments were received during the global stakeholder consultation period
Comments were received during the global stakeholder consultation period. The comments (in unedited form) and the consideration/response of the determination team are presented below:

Comment No.:	Comment by:	Inserted on:	Subject	Comment *)	Response determination team *)	Conclusion (incl. CARs CLs or FARs)

In case clarifications have been requested by the determination team corresponding rows shall be added

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ANNEX 6: APPLICATION OF NON APPROVED METHODOLOGIES REQUIREMENTS CHECKLIST

Table A-6: Non approved Methodologies Requirement Checklist

\boxtimes	An approved CDM or country specific methodology was applied.
	An non approved methodology was applied.

Checklist Item	Determination Team Comments (Means and results of assessment)	Ref.	Draft Concl.	Final Concl.

